

NO. E2BB-695

ISSUED: JAN. 24, 2006

REVISED: APR. 18, 2011



**HOSHIZAKI
MODULAR ICE MAKER**

**MODEL FM-251AFE(-N)
 FM-251AWFE(-N)
 FM-481AGE(-N)
 FM-481AWGE(-N)**

SERVICE MANUAL

CONTENTS

PAGE

I. SPECIFICATIONS -----	1
1. FEATURES -----	1
[a] LOW VOLTAGE -----	1
[b] OVERLOAD PROTECTION -----	1
[c] OVERLOAD ERROR -----	1
[d] USER RESET -----	1
[e] ERROR CODES AND RECORDS -----	1
[f] OTHER INFORMATION -----	2
[g] CHANGE OF ICE TYPE -----	2
2. DIMENSIONS/SPECIFICATIONS -----	3
[a] FM-251AFE -----	3
[b] FM-251AFE-N -----	4
[c] FM-251AWFE -----	5
[d] FM-251AWFE-N -----	6
[e] FM-481AGE -----	7
[f] FM-481AGE-N -----	8
[g] FM-481AWGE -----	9
[h] FM-481AWGE-N -----	10
[i] WITH STORAGE BIN (B-300_F) -----	11
3. CONSTRUCTION -----	12
[a] FM-251AFE/AWFE(-N) -----	12
[b] FM-481AGE/AWGE(-N) -----	13
II. MAINTENANCE AND CLEANING INSTRUCTIONS -----	14
1. EXTRUDING HEAD (UPPER BEARING), HOUSING (LOWER BEARING) -----	14
2. MECHANICAL SEAL -----	14
3. GEAR MOTOR -----	15
4. CONDENSER -----	15
5. AIR FILTER (AIR-COOLED MODEL ONLY) -----	15
6. WATER VALVE -----	16
7. CLEANING OF WATER SYSTEM -----	17
8. PERIODICAL CLEANING -----	19
III. TECHNICAL INFORMATION -----	20
1. WATER CIRCUIT AND REFRIGERANT CIRCUIT -----	20
[a] FM-251AFE(-N) -----	20
[b] FM-251AWFE(-N) -----	21
[c] FM-481AGE(-N) -----	22
[d] FM-481AWGE(-N) -----	23
2. WIRING DIAGRAM -----	24
[a] WIRING DIAGRAM -----	24
[b] CONTROL BOX LAYOUT -----	27
3. ICEMAKING MECHANISM -----	30
[a] EVAPORATOR (CASING) -----	30
[b] AUGER -----	30

[c]	EXTRUDING HEAD (BEARING)-----	31
[d]	HOUSING-----	31
[e]	MECHANICAL SEAL-----	31
[f]	COUPLING (SPLINE JOINT)-----	31
[g]	GEAR MOTOR-----	31
[h]	BELT HEATER-----	31
[i]	REMOVABLE FLANGE-----	31
[j]	SEALING BOLT-----	32
4.	WATER CIRCUIT-----	32
[a]	RESERVOIR (WATER TANK)-----	32
[b]	FLOAT SWITCH-----	32
[c]	CONTROL WATER VALVE-----	32
[d]	FLUSH WATER VALVE-----	33
[e]	WATER REGULATOR-----	33
[f]	DRAINING ICEMAKER IN SUBFREEZING CONDITIONS-----	33
5.	REFRIGERATION CIRCUIT-----	34
[a]	APPLICABLE PARTS-----	34
[b]	SERVICE INSTRUCTIONS-----	34
[c]	REFRIGERANT-----	35
[d]	COMPRESSOR-----	35
[e]	EVAPORATOR CASING-----	35
[f]	CONDENSER-----	35
[g]	CONDENSER COOLING FAN MOTOR-----	36
[h]	WATER REGULATOR-----	37
[i]	DRIER-----	37
[j]	THERMOSTATIC EXPANSION VALVE-----	37
6.	ELECTRIC CIRCUIT-----	38
[a]	BASIC OPERATION-----	38
[b]	TIMING CHART-----	38
[c]	SEQUENCE-----	40
[d]	OPERATION BOARD-----	58
[e]	CONTROLLER BOARD-----	58
[f]	SURGE ABSORBER-----	59
[g]	CAPACITOR - XY FILTER-----	59
[h]	BIN CONTROL SWITCH-----	59
[i]	CHUTE SWITCH-----	60
[j]	DEICING HEATER (BELT HEATER)-----	60
7.	OPERATION BOARD-----	61
[a]	USER OPERATION-----	61
[b]	SERVICE OPERATION-----	61
8.	PROTECTORS-----	65
[a]	INDICATION-----	65
[b]	PROTECTORS-----	65
9.	ERROR CODES-----	68
10.	PERFORMANCE DATA-----	70
[a]	FM-251AFE-----	70
[b]	FM-251AFE-N-----	71

[c] FM-251AWFE -----	72
[d] FM-251AWFE-N -----	73
[e] FM-481AGE -----	74
[f] FM-481AGE-N -----	75
[g] FM-481AWGE -----	76
[h] FM-481AWGE-N -----	77
IV. SERVICE DIAGNOSIS -----	78
1. NO ICE PRODUCTION -----	78
2. LOW ICE PRODUCTION -----	80
3. OTHERS -----	80
V. REMOVAL AND REPLACEMENT OF COMPONENTS -----	82
1. SERVICE FOR REFRIGERANT LINES -----	82
[a] SERVICE INFORMATION -----	82
[b] REFRIGERANT RECOVERY -----	83
[c] EVACUATION AND RECHARGE -----	83
2. BRAZING -----	84
3. COMPRESSOR -----	85
4. DRIER -----	86
5. EXPANSION VALVE -----	87
6. WATER REGULATING VALVE - WATER-COOLED MODEL ONLY -----	88
7. EVAPORATOR ASSEMBLY -----	89
8. CONTROL WATER VALVE -----	93
9. FLUSH WATER VALVE -----	94
10. CONTROLLER BOARD -----	95
[a] MODIFICATION -----	95
[b] REPLACEMENT -----	95

I. SPECIFICATIONS

1. FEATURES

[a] LOW VOLTAGE

When the supply voltage is too low or surrounding high-current equipment starts up, the voltage in the icemaker may drop temporarily. In this case, the Compressor will fail to start, or the Gear Motor will lock during the icemaking operation. The locked Gear Motor may apply the maximum torque to the icemaking mechanism and damage its parts. To avoid this trouble, the icemaker will be shut down when the voltage drops. The icemaker will restart automatically when the proper voltage is restored.

[b] OVERLOAD PROTECTION

The auger type icemaker employs the Gear Motor generating a large torque to scrape ice forming inside the Evaporator. To produce nugget ice, the Extruding Head also requires a large torque to compress ice. Some use conditions may overload the icemaking mechanism. The icemaker will detect overload by reduction in Gear Motor rotation speed and partly bypass the refrigerant flow in the refrigeration circuit. This will temporarily reduce the ice production to avoid the overload condition.

[c] OVERLOAD ERROR

When the above protection fails to evade the overload condition and the Gear Motor has a high current and a low rotation speed, the icemaker will shut down for protection. The icemaking mechanism will have extensive damage, if this condition is repeated ten times. In this case, the icemaker will display an error code to notify the user of the excessive load on the icemaking mechanism and the need of its replacement.

[d] USER RESET

When a protector trips to shut down the icemaker, an error code will be displayed. If it is a resettable error, the user can restart the icemaker by pressing the Reset Button accessible from the Window Panel and continue the icemaking operation until a service person arrives. Some errors are non-resettable or repetitive and require troubleshooting by qualified personnel.

[e] ERROR CODES AND RECORDS

When the icemaker shuts down with an error, the Display Window will show an error code "E_". A maximum of eight most recent records are memorized and can be checked at the time of service or inspection.

[f] OTHER INFORMATION

Other information is also available from the Controller Board. See “III. 7. OPERATION BOARD” for details.

[g] CHANGE OF ICE TYPE

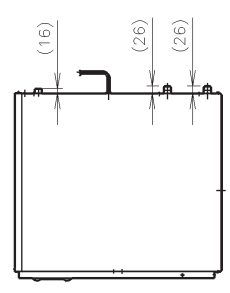
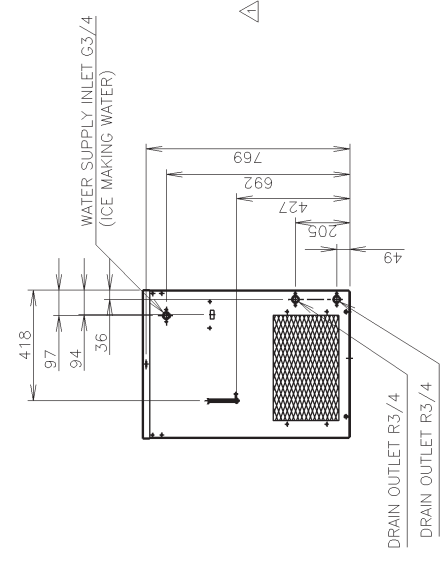
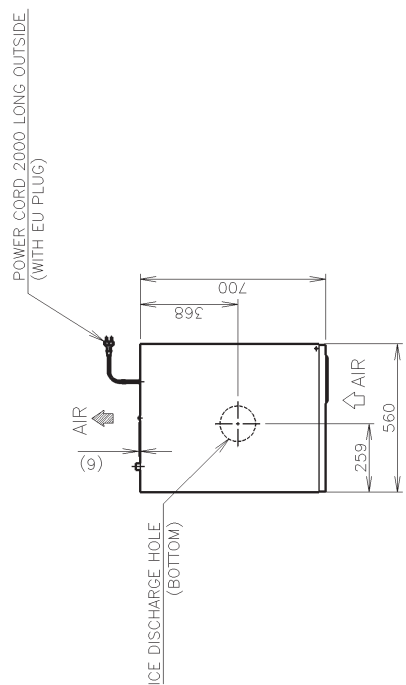
With the older models, changes between flake ice and nugget ice were available by replacing the Extruding Head and Cutter. With the new models, not only the Extruding Head and Cutter but also the refrigeration circuit is different between the flake ice model and nugget ice model. To ensure the proper capacity and prevent a trouble with excessive ice production, do not replace the Extruding Head and Cutter to change the ice type.

2. DIMENSIONS/SPECIFICATIONS

[a] FM-251AFE

ITEM	HOSHIZAKI FLAKE ICE MAKER
MODEL	FM-251AFE
POWER SUPPLY	1 Phase 220-240V 50Hz Capacity: 1.62kVA (6.8A)
AMPERAGE	5.4A Starting: 19A
ELECTRIC CONSUMPTION	830W (Power Factor: 64%)
ICE PRODUCTION PER 24h	Approx.246kg (Ambient Temp. 10° C, Water Temp. 10° C) Approx.200kg (Ambient Temp. 21° C, Water Temp. 15° C) Approx.164kg (Ambient Temp. 32° C, Water Temp. 21° C)
SHAPE OF ICE	Flake
MAX. STORAGE CAPACITY	Not Applicable
WATER CONSUMPTION PER 24h	Approx.0.251m ³ (Ambient Temp. 10° C, Water Temp. 10° C) Approx.0.205m ³ (Ambient Temp. 21° C, Water Temp. 15° C) Approx.0.169m ³ (Ambient Temp. 32° C, Water Temp. 21° C)
OUTSIDE DIMENSIONS	560(W) x 700(D) x 780mm(H)
HEAT REJECTION	1325W(Ambient temp.32C,Water temp.21C)
CABINET	Stainless Steel, Galvanized Steel (Rear)
ICE MAKING SYSTEM	Thin ice forming inside Cylinder (Flake Ice)
WATER SUPPLY SYSTEM	Direct Connection to Water Main, Inlet: G3/4 (Rear)
DRAIN SYSTEM	Outlet: R3/4 x 2 (Rear)
COMPRESSOR	Hermetic, Model: SC12DL, Output 495W
CONDENSER	Fin and Tube Type, Air-cooled (Fan Motor Output 30W)
EVAPORATOR	Tube coiled around Cylinder (Solder Plated)
REFRIGERANT	R404A, 505g
BIN CONTROL	Actuator and Reed Switch (Time delay controlled)
ICE MAKING WATER CONTROL	Floot Switch and Solenoid Valve
ELECTRICAL CIRCUIT PROTECTION	Circuit Breaker x 2, Earth Wire, 5A Fuse (Microprocessor)
REFRIGERANT CIRCUIT PROTECTION	Compressor Internal Thermostat (Auto-reset), Pressure Switch (Auto-reset)
MECHANISM PROTECTION	Micro Switch (Manual-reset)
INTERLOCK	Shutdown by Microprocessor (Manual-reset)
WEIGHT	Net: 86kg(Gross: 98kg)
PACKAGE	Carton 671(W)x820(D)x910mm(H)
ACCESSORIES	Scoop, Mounting Bracket, Installation Kit
OPERATING CONDITIONS	Ambient Temp.: 5 - 40° C, Water Supply Temp.: 5-35C Water Supply Pressure: 0.05-0.8MPa, Voltage Range: Rated Voltage±10%

- Based on Specs. No. SS-00831
- Install the ice maker properly in accordance with the instructions on location, water supply/drain connections and electrical connections stated in the instruction and installation manuals provided. Allow 10mm extra space at the installation site to meet any installation requirements (additional spacing is also required for proper air flow and water connections).
 - The ice production depends on the ambient and water temperatures. Refer to the instruction manual.

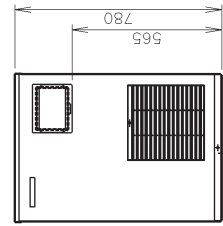
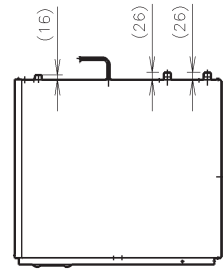
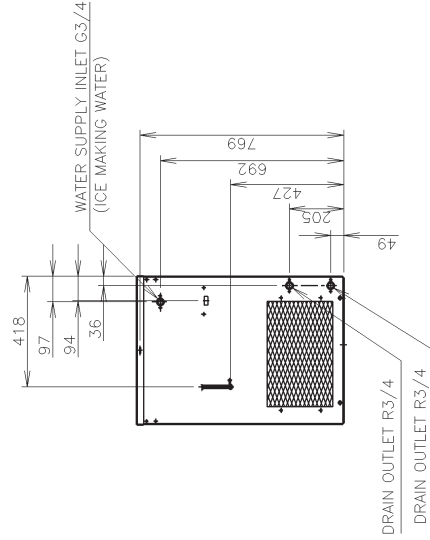
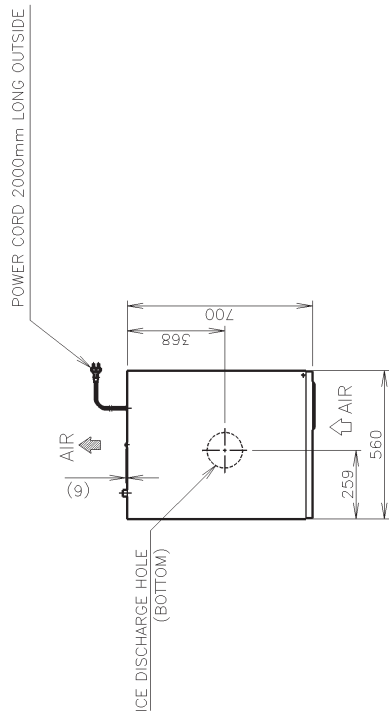


[b] FM-251AFE-N

ITEM	HOSHIZAKI FLAKE ICE MAKER
MODEL	FM-251AFE-N
POWER SUPPLY	1 Phase 220-240V 50Hz Capacity: 1.62kVA (6.8A)
AMPERAGE	5.4A Starting: 19A
ELECTRIC CONSUMPTION	830W (Power Factor: 64%)
ICE PRODUCTION PER 24h	Approx.238kg (Ambient Temp. 10° C, Water Temp. 10° C) Approx.192kg (Ambient Temp. 21° C, Water Temp. 15° C) Approx.158kg (Ambient Temp. 32° C, Water Temp. 21° C)
SHAPE OF ICE	Nugget
MAX. STORAGE CAPACITY	Not Applicable
WATER CONSUMPTION PER 24h	Approx.0.241m ³ (Ambient Temp. 10° C, Water Temp. 10° C) Approx.0.197m ³ (Ambient Temp. 21° C, Water Temp. 15° C) Approx.0.163m ³ (Ambient Temp. 32° C, Water Temp. 21° C)
OUTSIDE DIMENSIONS	560(W) x 700(D) x 780mm(H)
HEAT REJECTION	1325W/Ambient temp.32c,Water temp.21c
CABINET	Stainless Steel, Galvanized Steel (Rear)
ICE MAKING SYSTEM	Thin ice forming inside Cylinder (Flake Ice)
WATER SUPPLY SYSTEM	Direct Connection to Water Main, Inlet: G3/4 (Rear)
DRAIN SYSTEM	Outlet: R3/4 x 2 (Rear)
COMPRESSOR	Hermetic, Model: SC12DL, Output 495W
CONDENSER	Fin and Tube Type, Air-cooled (Fan Motor Output 30W)
EVAPORATOR	Tube coiled around Cylinder (Solder Plated)
REFRIGERANT	R404A, 505g
BIN CONTROL	Actuator and Reed Switch (Time delay controlled)
ICE MAKING WATER CONTROL	Float Switch and Solenoid Valve
ELECTRICAL CIRCUIT PROTECTION	Circuit Breaker x 2, Earth Wire, 5A Fuse (Microprocessor)
REFRIGERANT CIRCUIT PROTECTION	Compressor Internal Thermostat (Auto-reset), Pressure Switch (Auto-reset)
MECHANISM PROTECTION	Micro Switch (Manual-reset)
INTERLOCK	Shutdown by Microprocessor (Manual-reset)
WEIGHT	Net: 86kg(Gross: 98kg)
PACKAGE	Carton 671(W)x 820(D)x 910mm(H)
ACCESSORIES	Scoop, Mounting Bracket, Installation Kit
OPERATING CONDITIONS	Ambient Temp.: 5 - 40° C, Water Supply Temp.: 5 - 35° C Water Supply Pressure: 0.05-0.8MPa, Voltage Range: Rated Voltage ±10%

Based on Specs. No. SS-00831

1. Install the ice maker properly in accordance with the instructions on location, water supply/drain connections and electrical connections stated in the instruction and installation manuals provided.
2. The ice production depends on the ambient and water temperatures. Refer to the instruction manual.



[c] FM-251AWFE

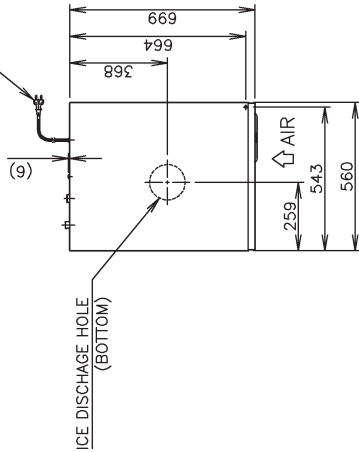
ITEM	HOSHIZAKI FLAKE ICE MAKER
MODEL	FM-251AWFE
POWER SUPPLY	1 Phase 220-240V 50Hz Capacity: 1.62kVA (6.8A)
AMPERAGE	5.4A Starting: 19A
ELECTRIC CONSUMPTION	830W (Power Factor: 64%)
ICE PRODUCTION PER 24h	Approx.225kg (Ambient Temp. 10° C, Water Temp. 10° C) Approx.205kg (Ambient Temp. 21° C, Water Temp. 15° C) Approx.185kg (Ambient Temp. 32° C, Water Temp. 21° C)
SHAPE OF ICE	Flake
MAX. STORAGE CAPACITY	Not Applicable
WATER CONSUMPTION PER 24h	Approx.1.236m ³ (Ambient Temp. 10° C, Water Temp. 10° C) Approx.1.430m ³ (Ambient Temp. 21° C, Water Temp. 15° C) Approx.1.716m ³ (Ambient Temp. 32° C, Water Temp. 21° C)
OUTSIDE DIMENSIONS	560(W) x 699(D) x 780mm(H)
CABINET	Stainless Steel, Galvanized Steel (Rear)
ICE MAKING SYSTEM	Thin ice forming inside Cylinder (Flake Ice)
WATER SUPPLY SYSTEM	Direct Connection to Water Main, Inlet: G3/4, Cond.Inlet: Rc1/2 (Rear)
DRAIN SYSTEM	Outlet: R3/4 x 2, Cond.Outlet: Rc3/8 (Rear)
COMPRESSOR	Hermetic
CONDENSER	Tube in Tube Type, Water-cooled
EVAPORATOR	Tube coiled around Cylinder (Solder Plated)
REFRIGERANT	R404A
BIN CONTROL	Actuator and Reed Switch (Time delay controlled)
ICE MAKING WATER CONTROL	Float Switch and Solenoid Valve
ELECTRICAL CIRCUIT PROTECTION	Circuit Breaker x 2, Earth Wire, 5A Fuse (Microprocessor)
REFRIGERANT CIRCUIT PROTECTION	Compressor Internal Thermostat (Auto-reset), Pressure Switch (Auto-reset)
MECHANISM PROTECTION	Micro Switch (Manual—reset)
INTERLOCK	Shutdown by Microprocessor (Manual—reset)
WEIGHT	Net: 86kg(Gross: 98kg)
PACKAGE	Carton 671(W)x 820(D)x 910mm(H)
ACCESSORIES	Scoop, Mounting Bracket, Installation Kit
OPERATING CONDITIONS	Ambient Temp.: 5 - 40° C, Water Supply Temp.: 5 - 35° C Water Supply Pressure: 0.05-0.8MPa, Voltage Range: Rated Voltage±10%

*We reserve the right to make changes in specifications and design without prior notice.

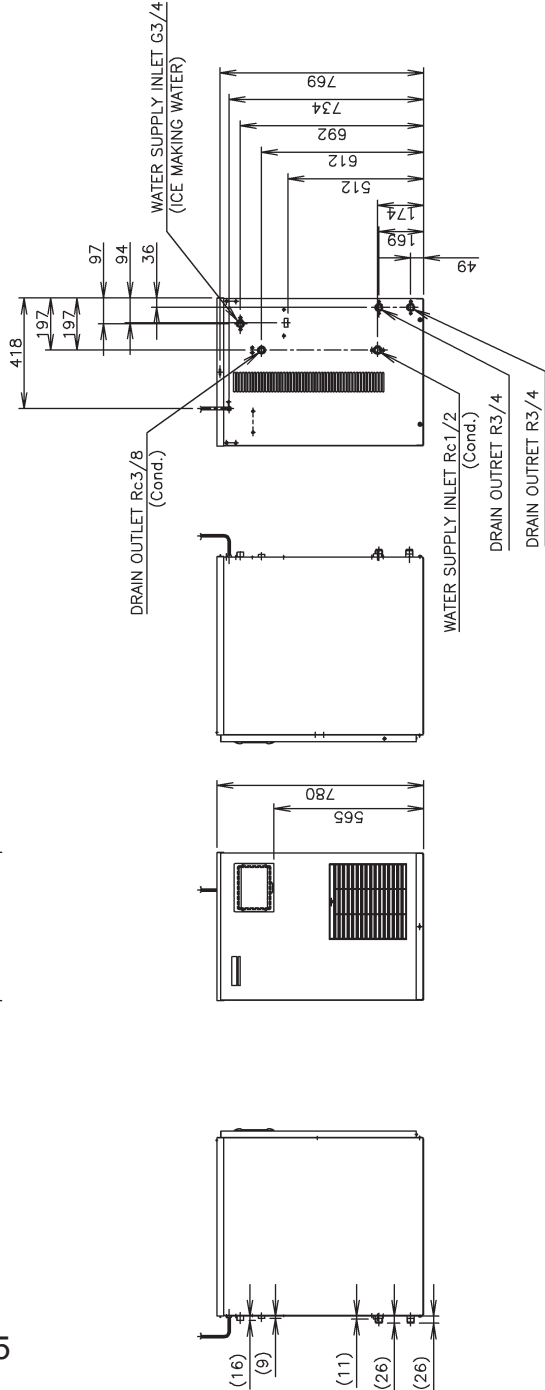
1. Install the ice maker properly in accordance with the instructions on location, water supply/drain connections and electrical connections stated in the instruction and installation manuals provided.
2. The ice production depends on the ambient and water temperatures. Refer to the instruction manual.

△3. Product Code: E2BB-C126

POWER CORD 2900mm LONG OUTSIDE (WITH EU PLUG)



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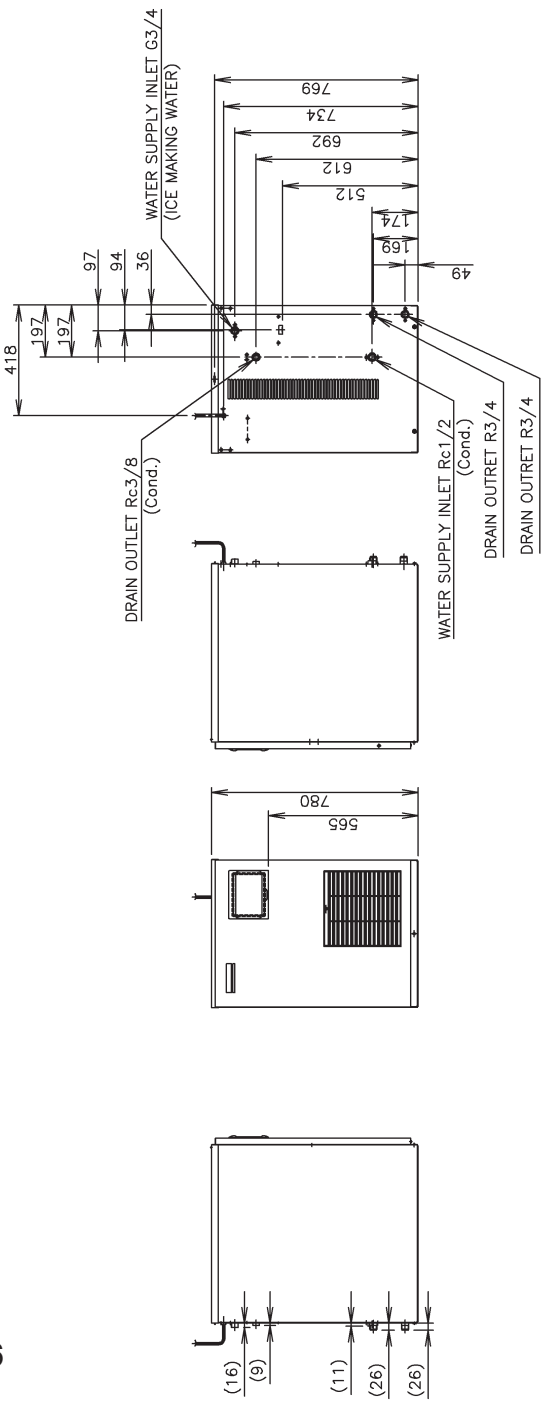
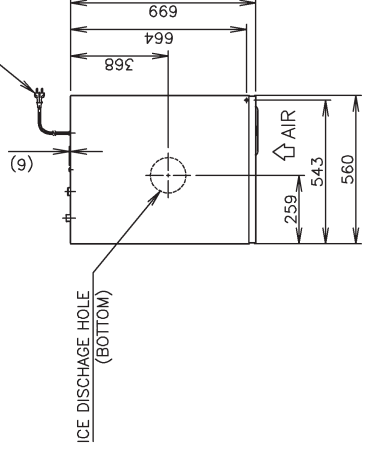
[d] FM-251AWFE-N

ITEM	HOSHIZAKI NUGGET ICE MAKER
MODEL	FM-251AWFE-N
POWER SUPPLY	1 Phase 220-240V 50Hz Capacity: 1.62kVA (6.8A)
AMPERAGE	5.4A Starting: 19A
ELECTRIC CONSUMPTION	830W (Power Factor: 64%)
ICE PRODUCTION PER 24h	Approx. 195kg (Ambient Temp. 10c, Water Temp. 10c) Approx. 180kg (Ambient Temp. 21c, Water Temp. 15c) Approx. 165kg (Ambient Temp. 32c, Water Temp. 21c)
SHAPE OF ICE	Nugget
MAX. STORAGE CAPACITY	Not Applicable
WATER CONSUMPTION PER 24h	Approx. 1.20m ³ (Ambient Temp. 10c, Water Temp. 10c) Approx. 1.40m ³ (Ambient Temp. 21c, Water Temp. 15c) Approx. 1.69m ³ (Ambient Temp. 32c, Water Temp. 21c)
OUTSIDE DIMENSIONS	560(W) x 699(D) x 780mm(H)
CABINET	Stainless Steel, Galvanized Steel (Rear)
ICE MAKING SYSTEM	Thin ice forming inside Cylinder (Flake Ice)
WATER SUPPLY SYSTEM	Direct Connection to Water Main, Inlet: G3/4, Cond.Inlet: Rc1/2 (Rear)
DRAIN SYSTEM	Outlet: R3/4 x 2, Cond.Outlet: Rc3/8 (Rear)
COMPRESSOR	Hermetic
CONDENSER	Tube in Tube Type, Water-cooled
EVAPORATOR	Tube coiled around Cylinder (Solder Plated)
REFRIGERANT	R404A
BIN CONTROL	Actuator and Reed Switch (Time delay controlled)
ICE MAKING WATER CONTROL	Float Switch and Solenoid Valve
ELECTRICAL CIRCUIT PROTECTION	Circuit Breaker x 2, Earth Wire, 5A Fuse (Microprocessor)
REFRIGERANT CIRCUIT PROTECTION	Compressor Internal Thermostat (Auto-reset), Pressure Switch (Auto-reset)
MECHANISM PROTECTION	Micro Switch (Manual-reset)
INTERLOCK	Shutdown by Microprocessor (Manual-reset)
WEIGHT	Net: 86kg(Gross: 98kg)
PACKAGE	Carton 671(W)x 820(D)x 910mm(H)
ACCESSORIES	Scoop, Mounting Bracket, Installation Kit
OPERATING CONDITIONS	Ambient Temp.: 5 - 40c, Water Supply Temp.: 5 - 35c Water Supply Pressure: 0.05-0.8MPa, Voltage Range: Rated Voltage±10%

*We reserve the right to make changes in specifications and design without prior notice.

1. Install the ice maker properly in accordance with the instructions on location, water supply/drain connections and electrical connections stated in the instruction and installation manuals provided.
2. The ice production depends on the ambient and water temperatures. Refer to the instruction manual.
3. Product Code: E2BB-C128

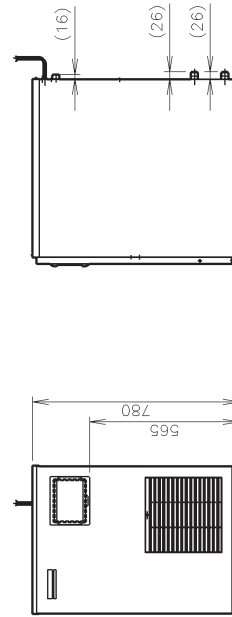
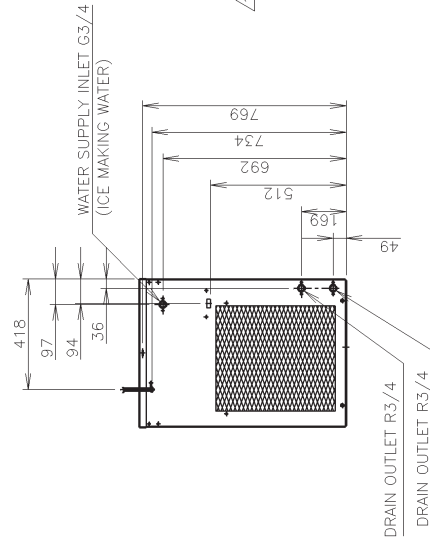
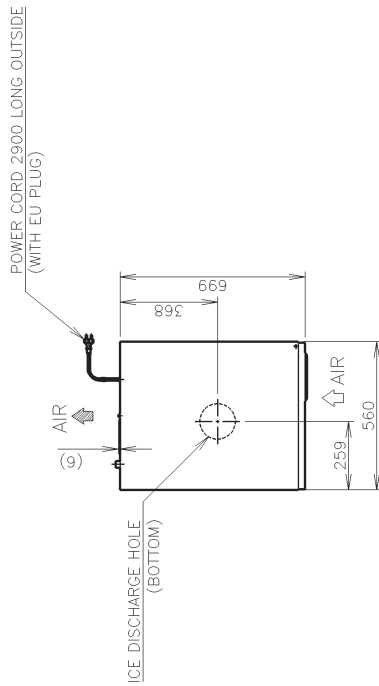
POWER CORD 2900mm LONG OUTSIDE (WITH EU PLUG)



[e] FM-481AGE

ITEM	HOSHIZAKI FLAKE ICE MAKER
MODEL	FM-481AGE
POWER SUPPLY	1 Phase 230V 50Hz Capacity: 2.3kVA (10.0A)
AMPERAGE	7.5A Starting: 30.5A
ELECTRIC CONSUMPTION	1525W (Power Factor: 88%) Approx.500kg (Ambient Temp. 10° C, Water Temp. 10° C) Approx.425kg (Ambient Temp. 21° C, Water Temp. 15° C) Approx.325kg (Ambient Temp. 32° C, Water Temp. 21° C)
ICE PRODUCTION PER 24H	
SHAPE OF ICE	Flake
MAX. STORAGE CAPACITY	Not Applicable
WATER CONSUMPTION PER 24H	Approx.0.500m ³ (Ambient Temp. 10° C, Water Temp. 10° C) Approx.0.425m ³ (Ambient Temp. 21° C, Water Temp. 15° C) Approx.0.325m ³ (Ambient Temp. 32° C, Water Temp. 21° C)
OUTSIDE DIMENSIONS	560(W) x 699(D) x 780mm(H)
HEAT REJECTION	2580W(Ambient temp.32°C,Water temp.21°C)
CABINET	Stainless Steel, Galvanized Steel (Rear)
ICE MAKING SYSTEM	Thin ice forming inside Cylinder (Flake Ice)
WATER SUPPLY SYSTEM	Direct Connection to Water Main, Inlet: G3/4 (Rear)
DRAIN SYSTEM	Outlet: R3/4 x 2 (Rear)
COMPRESSOR	Hermetic, Model: RS80C2E-CAZ-219, Output 1988W
CONDENSER	Fin and Tube Type, Air-cooled (Fan Motor Output 30W)
EVAPORATOR	Tube coiled around Cylinder (Solder Plated)
REFRIGERANT	R404A, 770g
BIN CONTROL	Actuator and Reed Switch (Time delay controlled)
ICE MAKING WATER CONTROL	Float Switch and Solenoid Valve
ELECTRICAL CIRCUIT PROTECTION	Circuit Breaker, 3.15A Fuse (Control Circuit), Earth Wire, 5A Fuse (Microprocessor)
REFRIGERANT CIRCUIT PROTECTION	Compressor Internal Thermostat (Auto-reset), Pressure Switch (Auto-reset)
MECHANISM PROTECTION	Micro Switch (Manual-reset)
INTERLOCK	Shutdown by Microprocessor (Manual-reset)
WEIGHT	Net: 97kg(Gross: 118kg)
PACKAGE	Carton 671(W)x 820(D)x 910mm(H)
ACCESSORIES	Scoop, Mounting Bracket, Installation Kit
OPERATING CONDITIONS	Ambient Temp.: 5 - 40° C, Water Supply Temp.: 5-35°C Water Supply Pressure: 0.05-0.8MPa, Voltage Range: Rated Voltage±10%

- Based on Specs. No. SS-00920
1. Install the ice maker properly in accordance with the instructions on location, water supply/drain, connections and electrical connections stated in the instruction and installation manuals provided. Allow 10mm extra space at the installation site to meet any installation requirements (additional spacing is also required for proper air flow and water connections).
 2. The ice production depends on the ambient and water temperatures. Refer to the instruction manual.

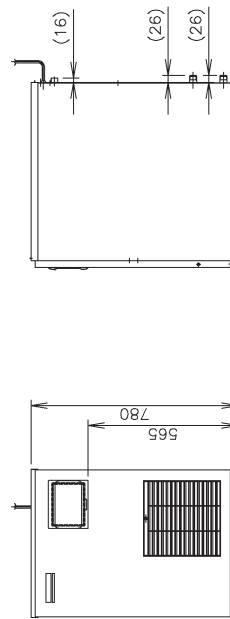
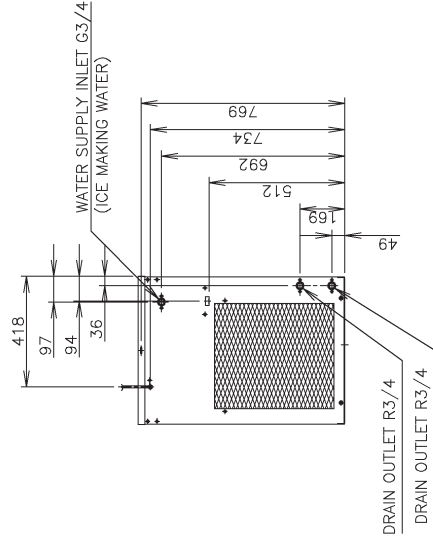
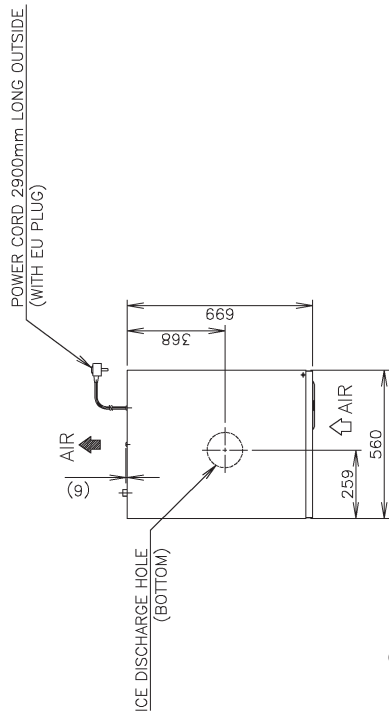


[f] FM-481AGE-N

ITEM	HOSHIZAKI FLAKE ICE MAKER
MODEL	FM-481AGE-N
POWER SUPPLY	1 Phase 220,230V 60Hz Capacity: 2.2kVA (9.6A)
AMPERAGE	6.2A Starting: 34.2A
ELECTRIC CONSUMPTION	1425W (Power Factor: 99%)
ICE PRODUCTION PER 24h	Approx.400kg (Ambient Temp. 10℃, Water Temp. 10℃) Approx.330kg (Ambient Temp. 21℃, Water Temp. 15℃) Approx.265kg (Ambient Temp. 32℃, Water Temp. 21℃)
SHAPE OF ICE	Nugget
MAX. STORAGE CAPACITY	Not Applicable
WATER CONSUMPTION PER 24h	Approx.0.400m ³ (Ambient Temp. 10℃, Water Temp. 10℃) Approx.0.330m ³ (Ambient Temp. 21℃, Water Temp. 15℃) Approx.0.265m ³ (Ambient Temp. 32℃, Water Temp. 21℃)
OUTSIDE DIMENSIONS	560(W) x 699(D) x 780mm(H)
HEAT REJECTION	2510W(Ambient temp.32℃,Water temp.21℃)
CABINET	Stainless Steel, Galvanized Steel (Rear)
ICE MAKING SYSTEM	Thin ice forming inside Cylinder
WATER SUPPLY SYSTEM	Direct Connection to Water Main, Inlet: G3/4 (Rear)
DRAIN SYSTEM	Outlet: R3/4 x 2 (Rear)
COMPRESSOR	Hermetic
CONDENSER	Fin and Tube Type, Air-cooled
EVAPORATOR	Tube coiled around Cylinder (Solder Plated)
REFRIGERANT	R404A, 900g
BIN CONTROL	Actuator and Reed Switch (Time delay controlled)
ICE MAKING WATER CONTROL	Float Switch and Solenoid Valve
ELECTRICAL CIRCUIT PROTECTION	Circuit Breaker, 3A Fuse (Control Circuit), Earth Wire, 5A Fuse (Microprocessor)
REFRIGERANT CIRCUIT PROTECTION	Compressor Internal Thermostat (Auto-reset), Pressure Switch (Auto-reset)
MECHANISM PROTECTION	Micro Switch (Manual-reset)
INTERLOCK	Shutdown by Microprocessor (Manual-reset)
WEIGHT	Net: 97kg(Gross: 118kg)
PACKAGE	Carton 671(W)x 820(D)x 910mm(H)
ACCESSORIES	Scoop, Mounting Bracket, Installation Kit
OPERATING CONDITIONS	Ambient Temp.: 5 - 40℃, Water Supply Temp.: 5-35℃ Water Supply Pressure: 0.05-0.8MPa, Voltage Range: Rated Voltage±10%

*We reserve the right to make changes in specifications and design without prior notice.

1. Install the ice maker properly in accordance with the instructions on location, water supply/drain connections and electrical connections stated in the instruction and installation manuals provided.
2. The ice production depends on the ambient and water temperatures. Refer to the instruction manual.
3. Product Code: E2AH-C131

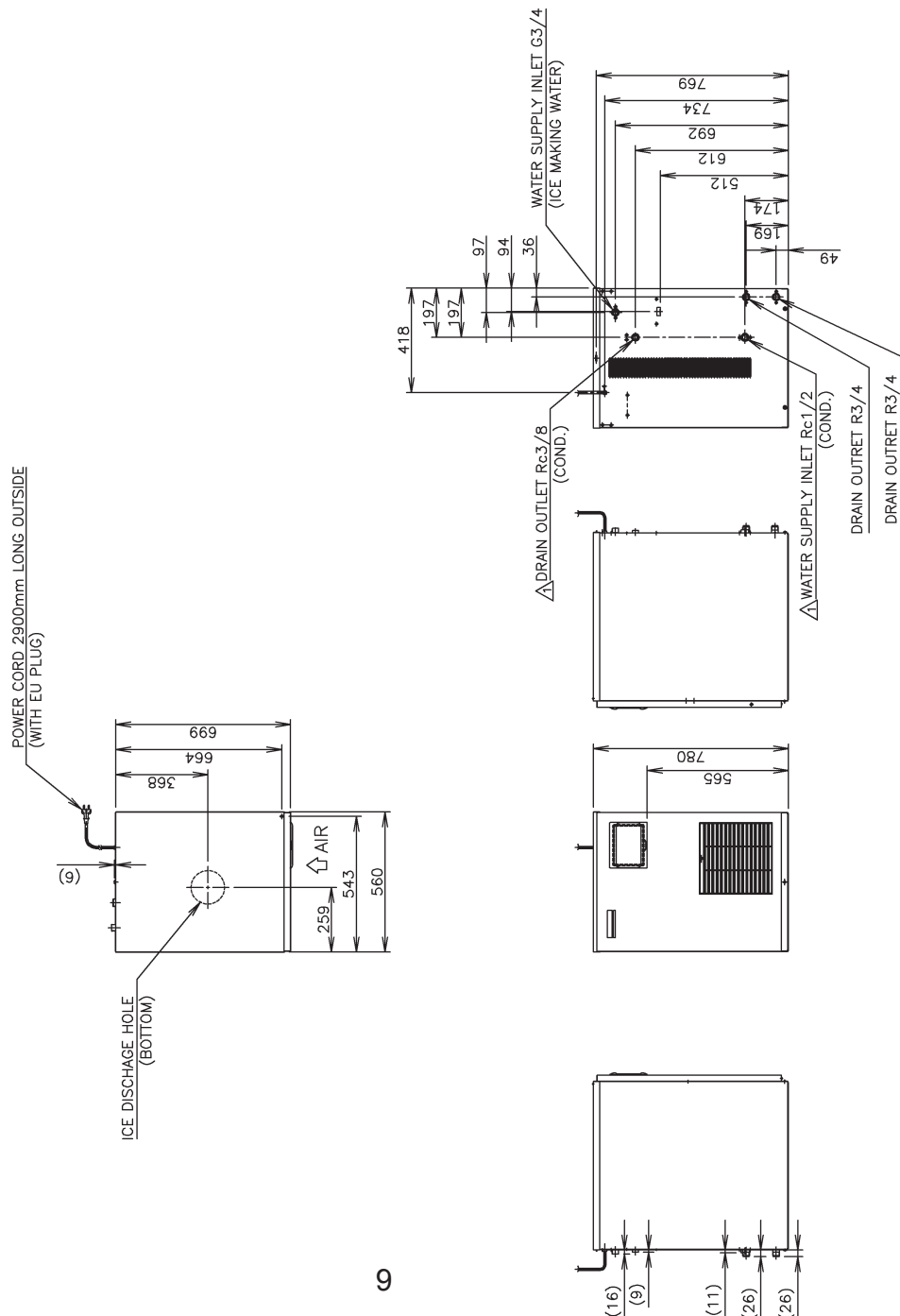


[g] FM-481AWGE

ITEM	HOSHIZAKI FLAKE ICE MAKER
MODEL	FM-481AWGE
POWER SUPPLY	1 Phase 230V 50Hz Capacity: 1.98kVA (8.6A)
AMPERAGE	6.7A Starting: 30.5A
ELECTRIC CONSUMPTION	1.325W (Power Factor: 86%)
ICE PRODUCTION PER 24h	Approx.420kg (Ambient Temp. 10c, Water Temp. 10c) Approx.360kg (Ambient Temp. 21c, Water Temp. 15c) Approx.340kg (Ambient Temp. 32c, Water Temp. 21c)
SHAPE OF ICE	Flake
MAX. STORAGE CAPACITY	Not Applicable
WATER CONSUMPTION PER 24h	Approx.2.022m ³ (Ambient Temp. 10c, Water Temp. 10c) Approx.2.244m ³ (Ambient Temp. 21c, Water Temp. 15c) Approx.2.822m ³ (Ambient Temp. 32c, Water Temp. 21c)
OUTSIDE DIMENSIONS	560(W) x 699(D) x 780mm(H)
CABINET	Stainless Steel, Galvanized Steel (Rear)
ICE MAKING SYSTEM	Thin ice forming inside Cylinder (Flake Ice)
WATER SUPPLY SYSTEM	Direct Connection to Water Main, Inlet: G3/4, Cond.Inlet: Rc1/2 (Rear)
DRAIN SYSTEM	Outlet: R3/4 x 2, Cond.Outlet: Rc3/8 (Rear)
COMPRESSOR	Hermetic
CONDENSER	Tube in Tube Type, Water-cooled
EVAPORATOR	Tube coiled around Cylinder (Solder Plated)
REFRIGERANT	R404A
BIN CONTROL	Actuator and Reed Switch (Time delay controlled)
ICE MAKING WATER CONTROL	Float Switch and Solenoid Valve
ELECTRICAL CIRCUIT PROTECTION	Circuit Breaker, 3.15A Fuse (Control Circuit), Earth Wire, 5A Fuse (Microprocessor)
REFRIGERANT CIRCUIT PROTECTION	Compressor Internal Thermostat (Auto-reset), Pressure Switch (Auto-reset)
MECHANISM PROTECTION	Micro Switch (Manual-reset)
INTERLOCK	Shutdown by Microprocessor (Manual-reset)
WEIGHT	Net: 97kg(Gross: 118kg)
PACKAGE	Carton 671(W)x 820(D)x 910mm(H)
ACCESSORIES	Scoop, Mounting Bracket, Installation Kit
OPERATING CONDITIONS	Ambient Temp.: 5 - 40c, Water Supply Temp.: 5-35c Water Supply Pressure: 0.05-0.8MPa, Voltage Range: Rated Voltage[10%]

*We reserve the right to make changes in specifications and design without prior notice.

1. Install the ice maker properly in accordance with the instructions on location, water supply/drain connections and electrical connections stated in the instruction and installation manuals provided.
2. The ice production depends on the ambient and water temperatures. Refer to the instruction manual.

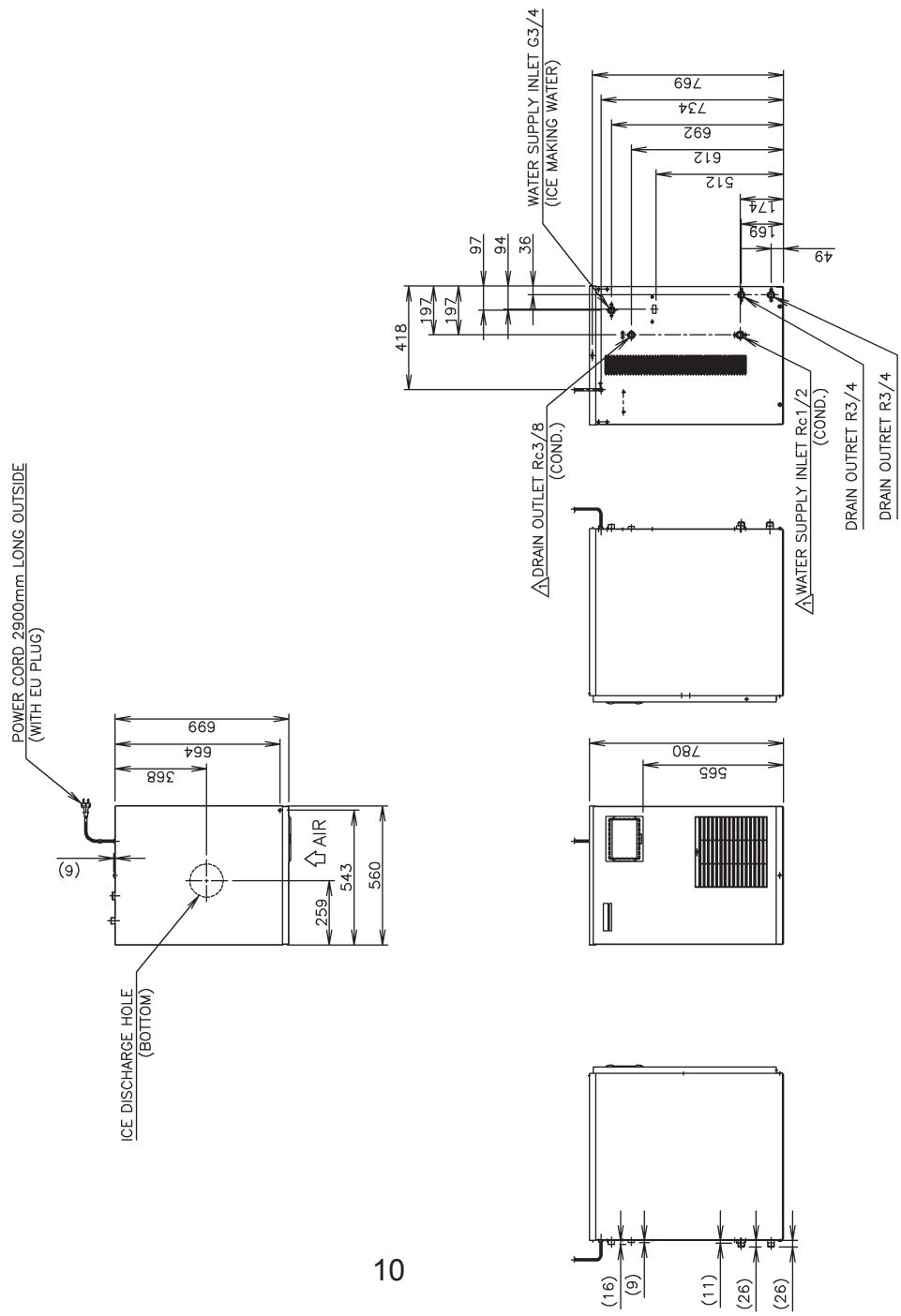


[h] FM-481AWGE-N

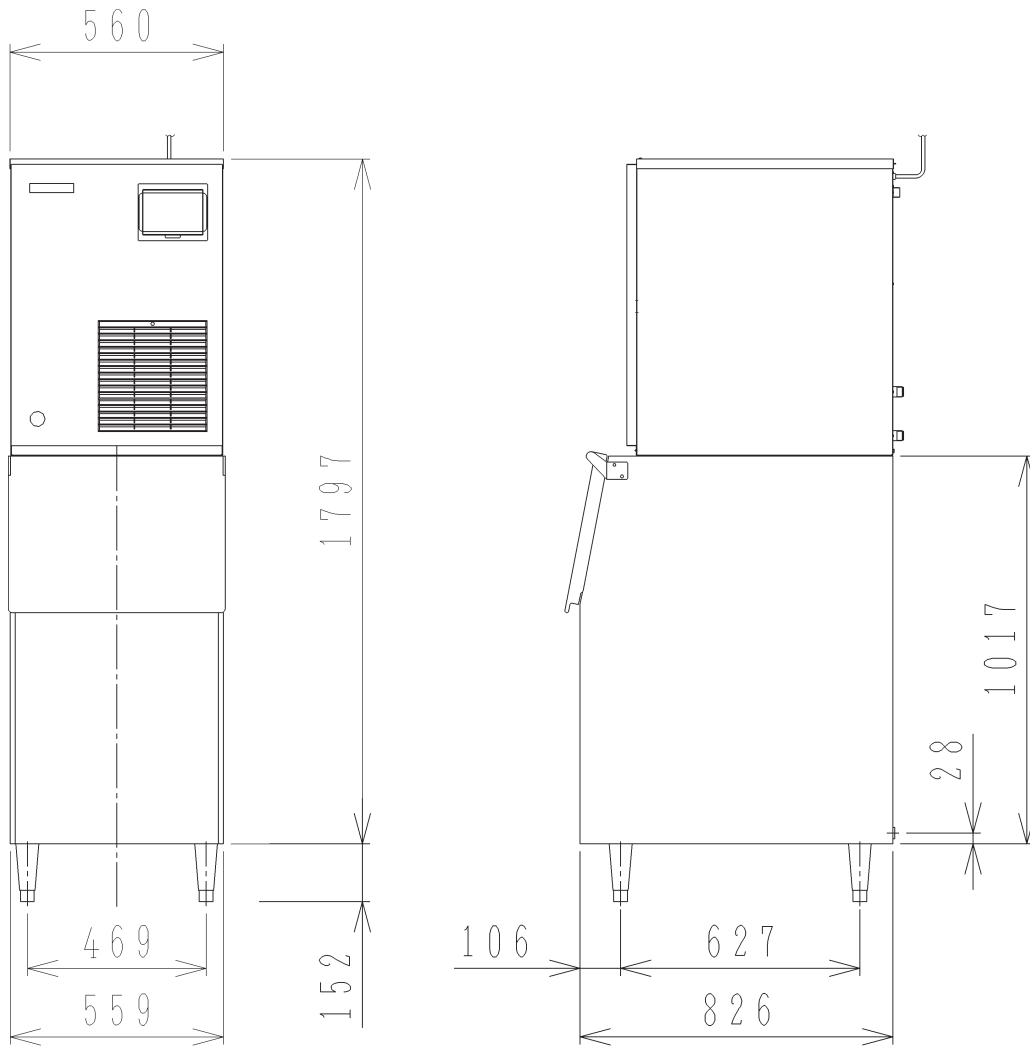
ITEM	HOSHIZAKI FLAKE ICE MAKER
MODEL	FM-481AWGE-N
POWER SUPPLY	1 Phase 230V 50Hz Capacity: 2.0kVA (8.7A)
AMPERAGE	6.74A Starting: 30.5A
ELECTRIC CONSUMPTION	1.360W (Power Factor: 87%)
ICE PRODUCTION PER 24h	Approx. 380kg (Ambient Temp. 10c, Water Temp. 10c) Approx. 350kg (Ambient Temp. 21c, Water Temp. 15c) Approx. 320kg (Ambient Temp. 32c, Water Temp. 21c)
SHAPE OF ICE	Nugget
MAX. STORAGE CAPACITY	Not Applicable
WATER CONSUMPTION PER 24h	Approx. 1.988m ³ (Ambient Temp. 10c, Water Temp. 10c) Approx. 2.304m ³ (Ambient Temp. 21c, Water Temp. 15c) Approx. 3.746m ³ (Ambient Temp. 32c, Water Temp. 21c)
OUTSIDE DIMENSIONS	560(W) x 699(D) x 780mm(H)
CABINET	Stainless Steel, Galvanized Steel (Rear)
ICE MAKING SYSTEM	Thin ice forming inside Cylinder (Nugget Ice)
WATER SUPPLY SYSTEM	Direct Connection to Water Main, Inlet: G3/4, Cond. Inlet: Rc1/2 (Rear)
DRAIN SYSTEM	Outlet: R3/4 x 2, Cond. Outlet Rc3/8 (Rear)
COMPRESSOR	Hermetic
CONDENSER	Tube in Tube Type, Water-cooled
EVAPORATOR	Tube coiled around Cylinder (Solder Plated)
REFRIGERANT	R404A
BIN CONTROL	Actuator and Reed Switch (Time delay controlled)
ICE MAKING WATER CONTROL	Float Switch and Solenoid Valve
ELECTRICAL CIRCUT PROTECTION	Circuit Breaker, 3.15A Fuse (Control Circuit), Earth Wire, 5A Fuse (Microprocessor)
REFRIGERANT CIRCUT PROTECTION	Compressor Internal Thermostat (Auto-reset), Pressure Switch (Auto-reset)
MECHANISM PROTECTION	Microswitch (Manual-reset)
INTERLOCK	Shutdown by Microprocessor (Manual-reset)
WEIGHT	Net: 97kg (Gross: 118kg)
PACKAGE	Carton 671(W) x 820(D) x 910mm(H)
ACCESSORIES	Scoop, Mounting Bracket, Installation Kit
OPERATING CONDITIONS	Ambient Temp.: 5 - 40c, Water Supply Temp.: 5 - 35c Water Supply Pressure: 0.05-0.8MPa, Voltage Range: Rated Voltage ±10%

*We reserve the right to make changes in specifications and design without prior notice.

1. Install the ice maker properly in accordance with the instructions on location, water supply/drain connections and electrical connections stated in the instruction and installation manuals provided.
2. The ice production depends on the ambient and water temperatures. Refer to the instruction manual.



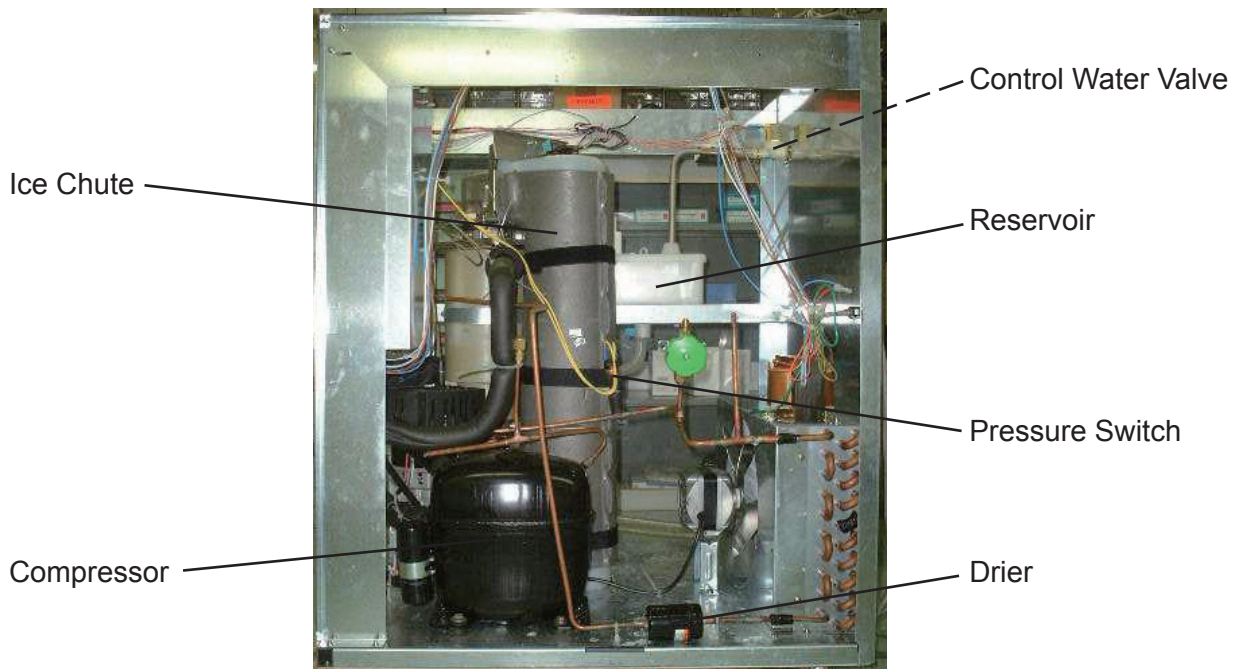
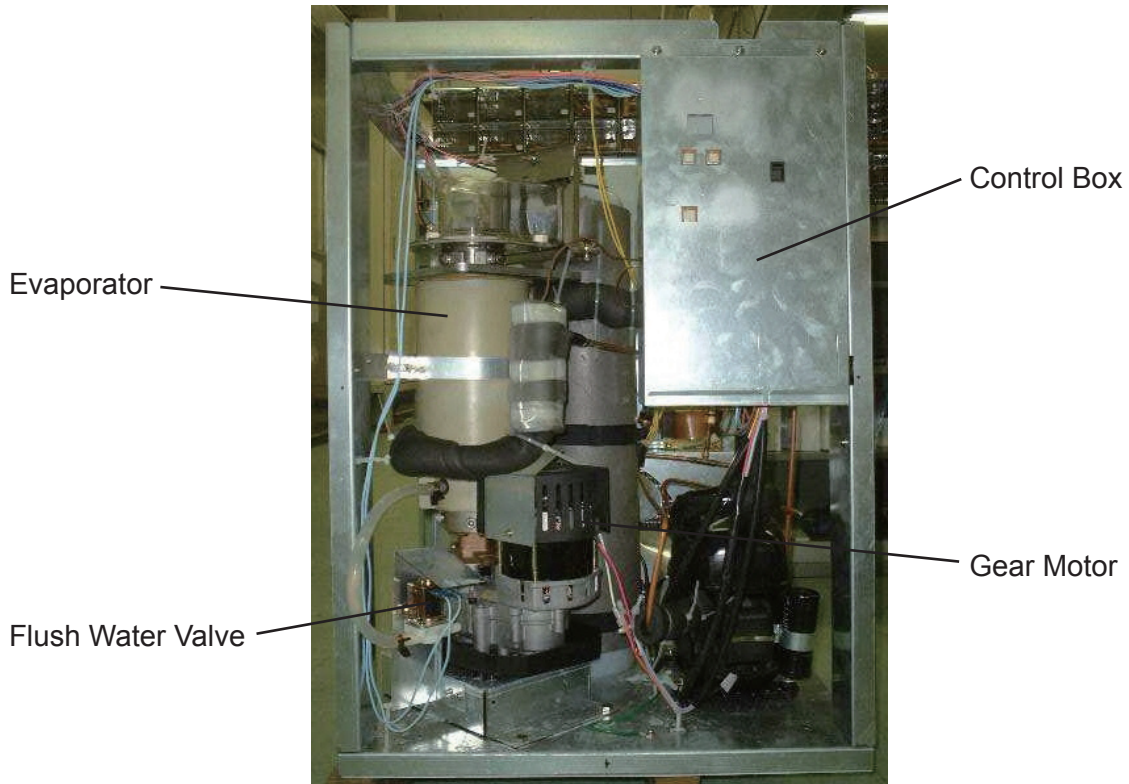
[i] WITH STORAGE BIN (B-300_F)



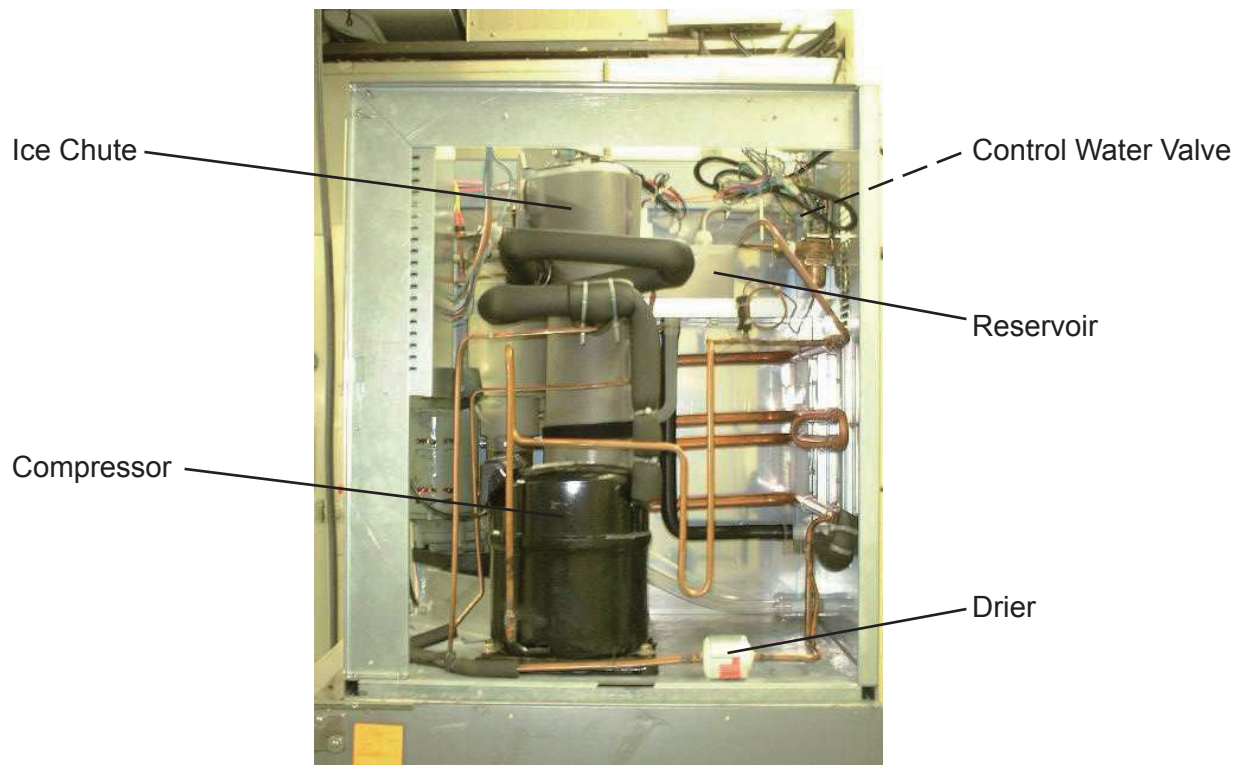
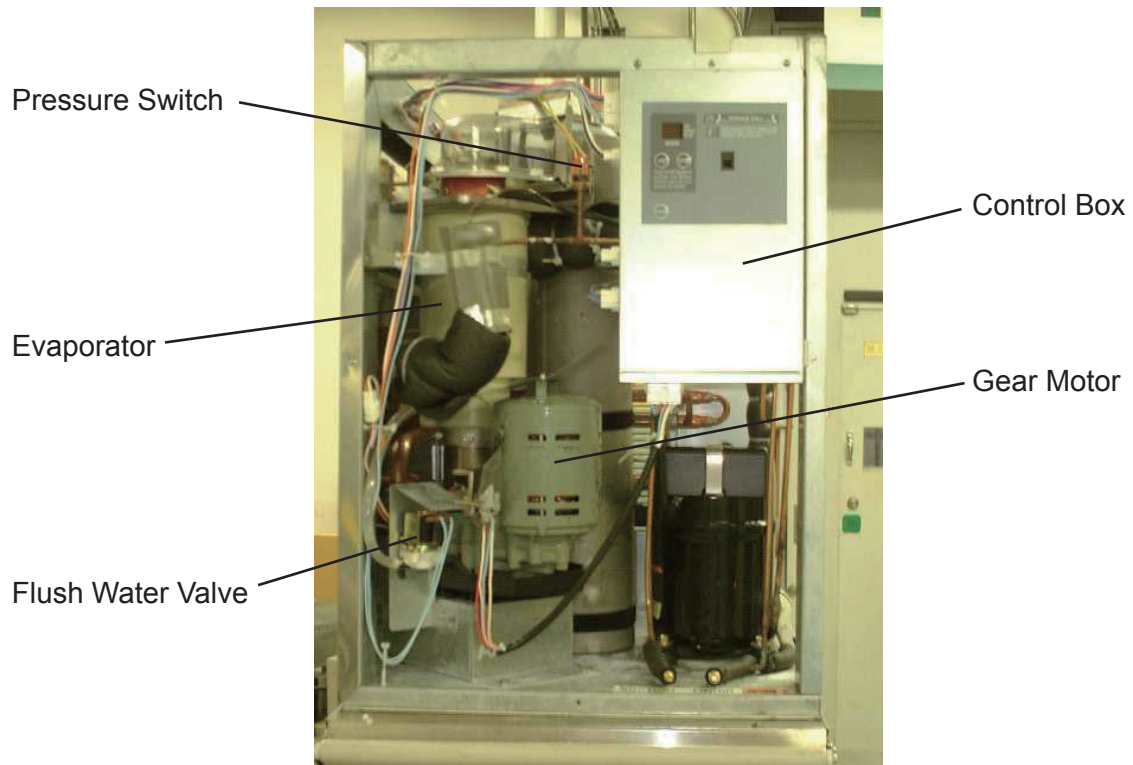
3. CONSTRUCTION

Modular flaker models FM-251AFE/AWFE(-N) and FM-481AGE/AWGE(-N) include Water Supply, Evaporator, Compressor, Condenser and Control Assemblies. As the unit is not equipped with an Ice Storage Bin, this must be purchased separately as an optional extra.

[a] FM-251AFE/AWFE(-N)



[b] FM-481AGE/AWGE(-N)



II. MAINTENANCE AND CLEANING INSTRUCTIONS

IMPORTANT

1. This icemaker must be maintained individually, referring to the instruction manual and labels provided with the icemaker.
2. To achieve optimum icemaker performance, the following parts need periodic inspection and maintenance:
 - Extruding head (upper bearing)
 - Housing (lower bearing)
 - Mechanical seal

These parts should be inspected after two years from installation or 10,000 hours of operation, whichever comes first, and once a year thereafter. Their service life, however, depends on water quality and environment. More frequent inspection and maintenance are recommended in bad or severe water conditions.

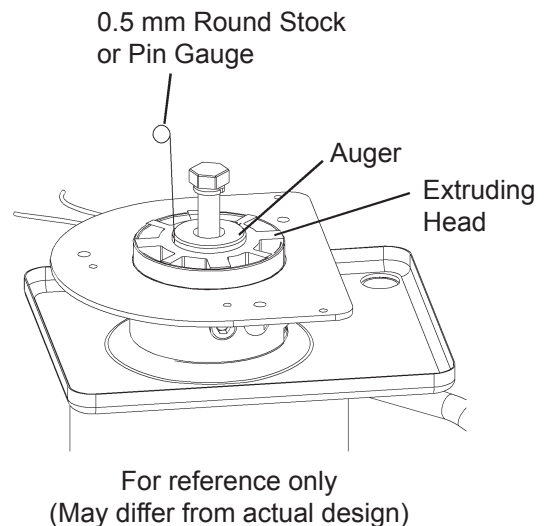
1. EXTRUDING HEAD (UPPER BEARING), HOUSING (LOWER BEARING)

These parts should be replaced if a diametrical gap of more than 0.5 mm is found when at least three spots are checked by changing the direction of the auger on each bearing.

It depends on the water quality and conditions, but normally the bearings should be checked for wear after a total of 8,000 - 10,000 hour operation from installation date.

Note: The clearance between the auger blades and the evaporator interior is 0.4 - 0.5 mm. If the bearings and rotating parts are worn out to create a larger clearance, the evaporator interior may be damaged. (The diameters differ by 0.8 - 1.0 mm.)

If the auger surfaces against which the bearings contact are no longer smooth or show any burrs or abrasions during the above inspection, replace the auger.



2. MECHANICAL SEAL

The mechanical seal prevents water leaks from between the auger and the housing bearing and gradually wears out to reduce its watertightness. Check the amount of water leakage from the drain pipe located at the side of the gear case to determine the necessity of replacement.

<u>Total operation time</u>	<u>Water leakage</u>
3,000 hours	0.1 mL/h
10,000 hours	0.5 mL/h

Note: The water leakage will exceed the above amount with scale/dirt build up or damage on the mating surface. Replace the mechanical seal when the water leakage exceeds 0.5 mL/h.

3. GEAR MOTOR

After the following hours of operation, check the gear motor for excessive noise caused by increased torque or deterioration of mechanical parts.

Bearing, gear and other mechanical parts:	10,000 hours
Oil seal:	5 years

Note: When the output shaft oil seal is exposed to a large amount of water at one time, water may enter the gear case. Always drain the water circuit before removing the auger for service.

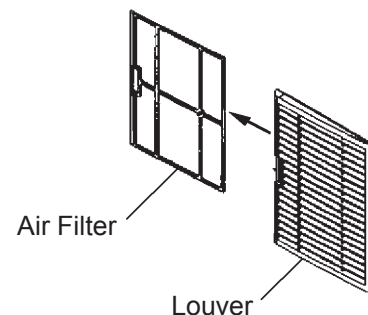
4. CONDENSER

Check the condenser once a year, and clean if required by using a brush or vacuum cleaner. More frequent cleaning may be required depending on the location of the icemaker.

5. AIR FILTER (AIR-COOLED MODEL ONLY)

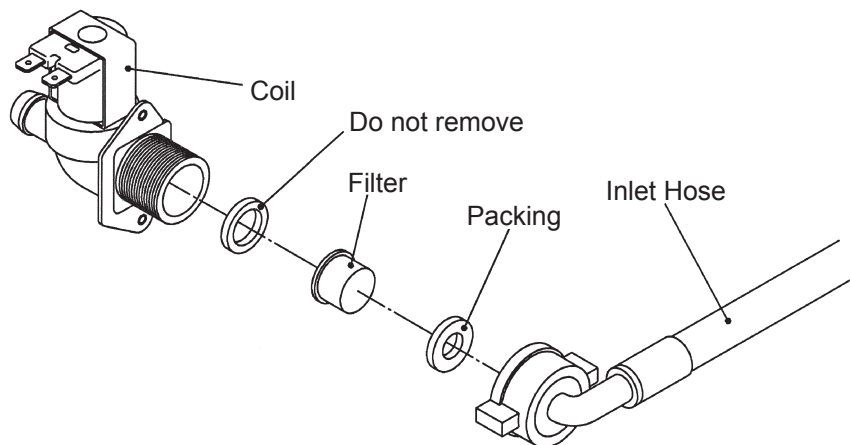
Plastic mesh Air Filters remove dirt or dust from the air and keep the Condenser from getting clogged. If the Filters get clogged, the ice dispenser's performance will be reduced. Remove and clean the Air Filter at least twice per month:

- 1) Slide the Air Filter off the Louver.
- 2) Clean the Air Filter by using a vacuum cleaner. When severely clogged, use warm water and a neutral cleaner to wash the Air Filter.
- 3) Rinse and dry the Air Filter thoroughly, and place it in position.



6. WATER VALVE

- 1) Disconnect the power source.
- 2) Close the water supply tap.
- 3) Disconnect the Inlet Hose from the Water Valve.
- 4) Remove the Mesh Filter from the Water Valve.
- 5) Clean the Mesh using a brush.
- 6) Replace the Mesh and Inlet Hose in their correct positions.
- 7) Open the water supply tap.
- 8) Connect the power source.
- 9) Check for leaks.



7. CLEANING OF WATER SYSTEM

WARNING

1. HOSHIZAKI recommends cleaning this unit at least twice a year. More frequent cleaning, however, may be required in some existing water conditions.
2. Do not touch the Operation Switch with damp hands.
3. Always wear rubber gloves, eye protectors, apron, etc. for safe handling of the cleaner and sanitiser.
4. Use the cleaners and sanitisers recommended by Hoshizaki. Contact your local Hoshizaki office for further details. (The instructions below give an example of those recommended cleaners and sanitisers.)
5. Never mix cleaning and sanitising solutions in an attempt to shorten cleaning time.
6. Wipe off any splashed or spilt cleaner/sanitiser immediately.
7. Do not use any ammonia type cleaners on any part of the icemaker.

<STEP 1>

Dilute the solutions with water as follows:

Cleaning solution: "Nickel-Safe Ice Machine Cleaner" by The Rectorseal Corporation or similar. Prepare approximately 3 L of solution as directed on the container.

Sanitising solution: 30 mL of 5.25% sodium hypochlorite with 7.6 L of water or the Hoshizaki recommended sanitiser as directed on the container.

IMPORTANT

For safety and maximum effectiveness, use the solutions immediately after dilution.

<STEP 2>

Use the cleaning solution to remove lime deposits in the water system.

- 1) Open the Plastic Access Flap on the Front Panel.

- 2) Press the Stop Button to activate the flush cycle (approx. 10 minutes).
- 3) Remove all ice from the Storage Bin to avoid contamination by the cleaner.
- 4) Unplug the icemaker. Remove the Top and Front Panels.
- 5) Remove the Cover of the Reservoir. Remove any loose debris or scale.
- 6) Carefully fill the Reservoir with the solution to the overflow point. If necessary, use a small brush to clean the inside of the Reservoir.
- 7) Refit the Reservoir Cover.
- 8) Check that the Operation Switch is in the "RUN" position.
- 9) Loosely fit the Front and Top Panels.
- 10) Allow the icemaker to stand for about 10 minutes, then plug in the icemaker to make ice with the solution.
- 11) With the water supply tap open, allow the machine to continue icemaking for a further 20 minutes. Open the Access Flap and press the Stop Button.
- 12) Allow time for the Gear Motor to stop and the water system to drain.
- 13) Unplug the icemaker.
- 14) Refit the Top and Front Panels. Plug in the icemaker.
- 15) Allow the icemaker to make ice for approximately 10 minutes.
- 16) Pour warm water into the Storage Bin to melt any ice down the drain.

Note: 1. If the machine has heavy deposits of scale, repeat the complete cleaning procedure.

2. Do not increase the proportion of cleaning solution to shorten cleaning times, as this may lock the Auger when completing item 10).

<STEP 3>

Note: Sanitising should always be completed after cleaning or alternately as an individual procedure if conditions exist to make it necessary.

Use 2.8 lit. of the sanitising solution to sanitise the icemaker.

- 17) Follow items 1) to 16) to complete sanitisation of the water system.

8. PERIODICAL CLEANING

1) Machine and Bin Exterior

Wipe the exterior at least once per week with a clean, soft cloth. Use a damp cloth containing a neutral cleaner to wipe off grease or dirt.

2) Storage Bin Interior Cleaning/Sanitisation (as required)

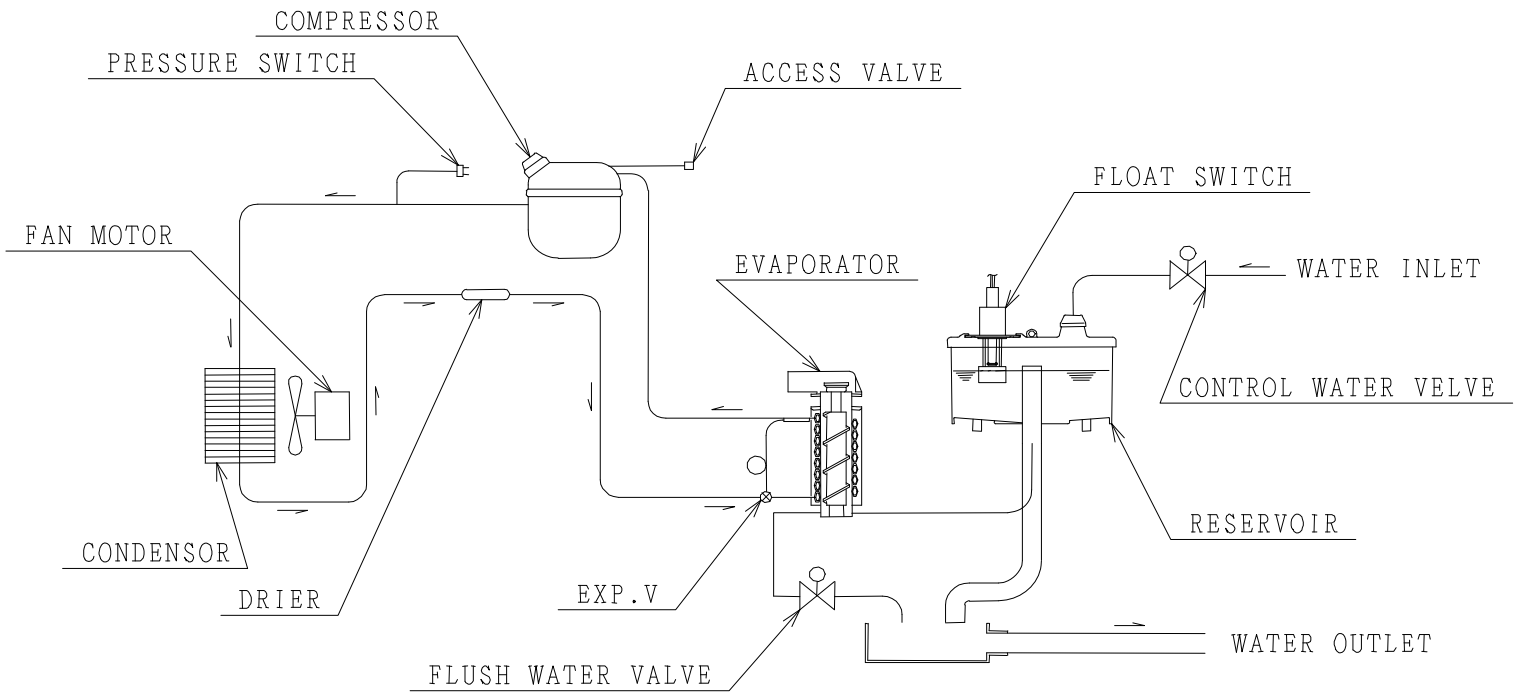
- 1) Open the Storage Bin Door, and remove all ice.
- 2) Wash the Bin Liner, Ice Deflector and Door inner surface with a neutral non-abrasive cleaner. Rinse thoroughly with a clean cloth and fresh water.
- 3) Mix 5 litres of water with 18 mL of 5.25% sodium hypochlorite solution in a suitable container or the recommended Hoshizaki sanitiser as directed.
- 4) Soak a clean sponge or cloth with the solution and wipe all the surfaces of the Bin Liner, Ice Deflector and Door inner surface.
- 5) Rinse thoroughly with fresh water and a clean cloth to wipe off the solution. Close the Bin Door.

Note: Some solutions may cause damage to the Bin liner surfaces or corrosion on the metal parts. Always rinse the sanitiser unless directed otherwise by Hoshizaki guidelines.

III. TECHNICAL INFORMATION

1. WATER CIRCUIT AND REFRIGERANT CIRCUIT

[a] FM-251AFE(-N)

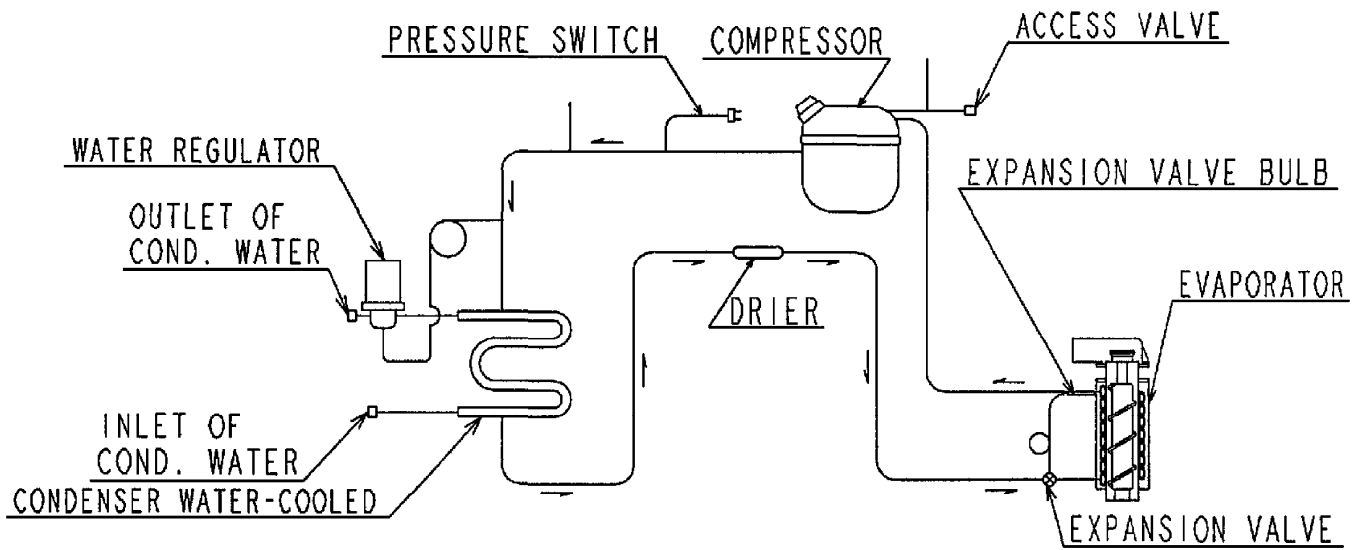


Pressure Switch

Cut-out $28.5 \pm 1.5/0$ bar

Cut-in 23.0 ± 1.5 bar

[b] FM-251AWFE(-N)

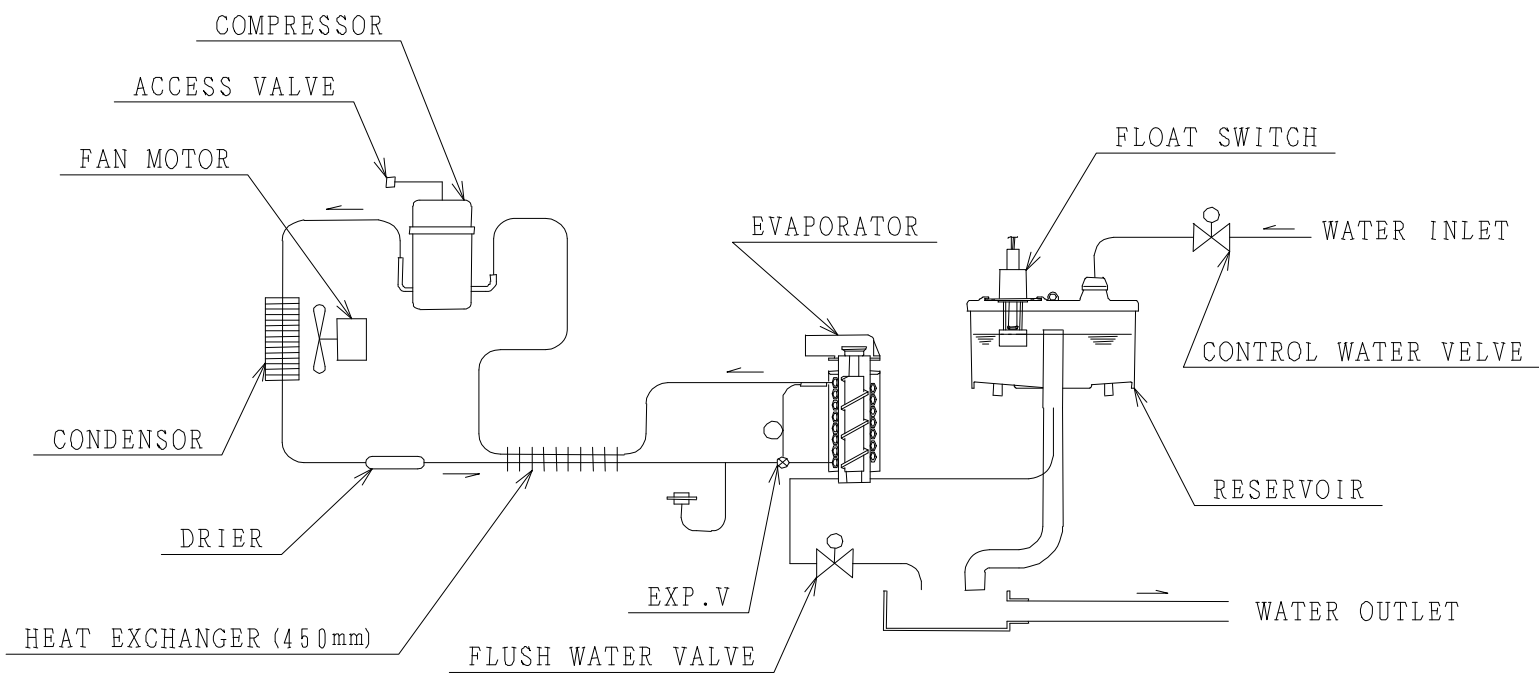


Pressure Switch

Cut-out $28.0 \pm 1.5/0$ bar

Cut-in 23.0 ± 1.5 bar

[c] FM-481AGE(-N)

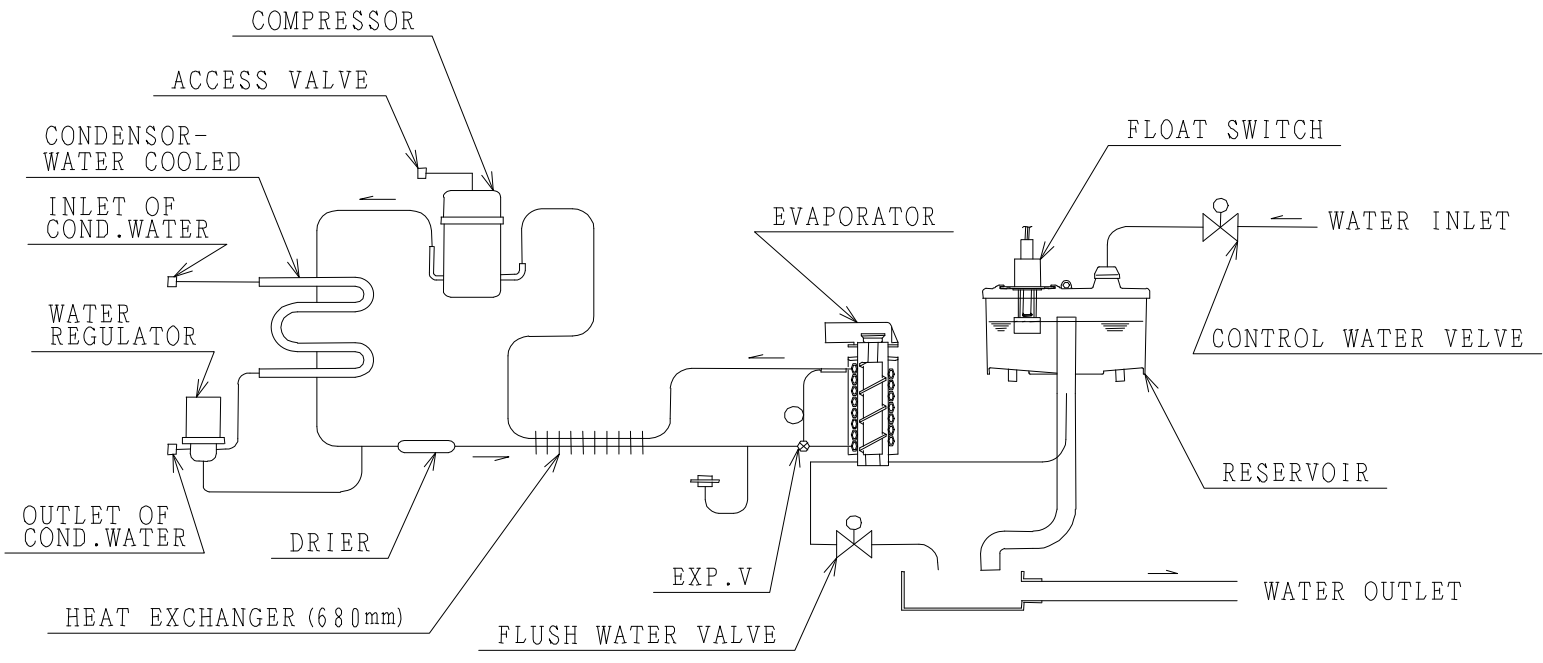


Pressure Switch

Cut-out $28.5 \pm 1.5/0$ bar

Cut-in 23.0 ± 1.5 bar

[d] FM-481AWGE(-N)



Pressure Switch

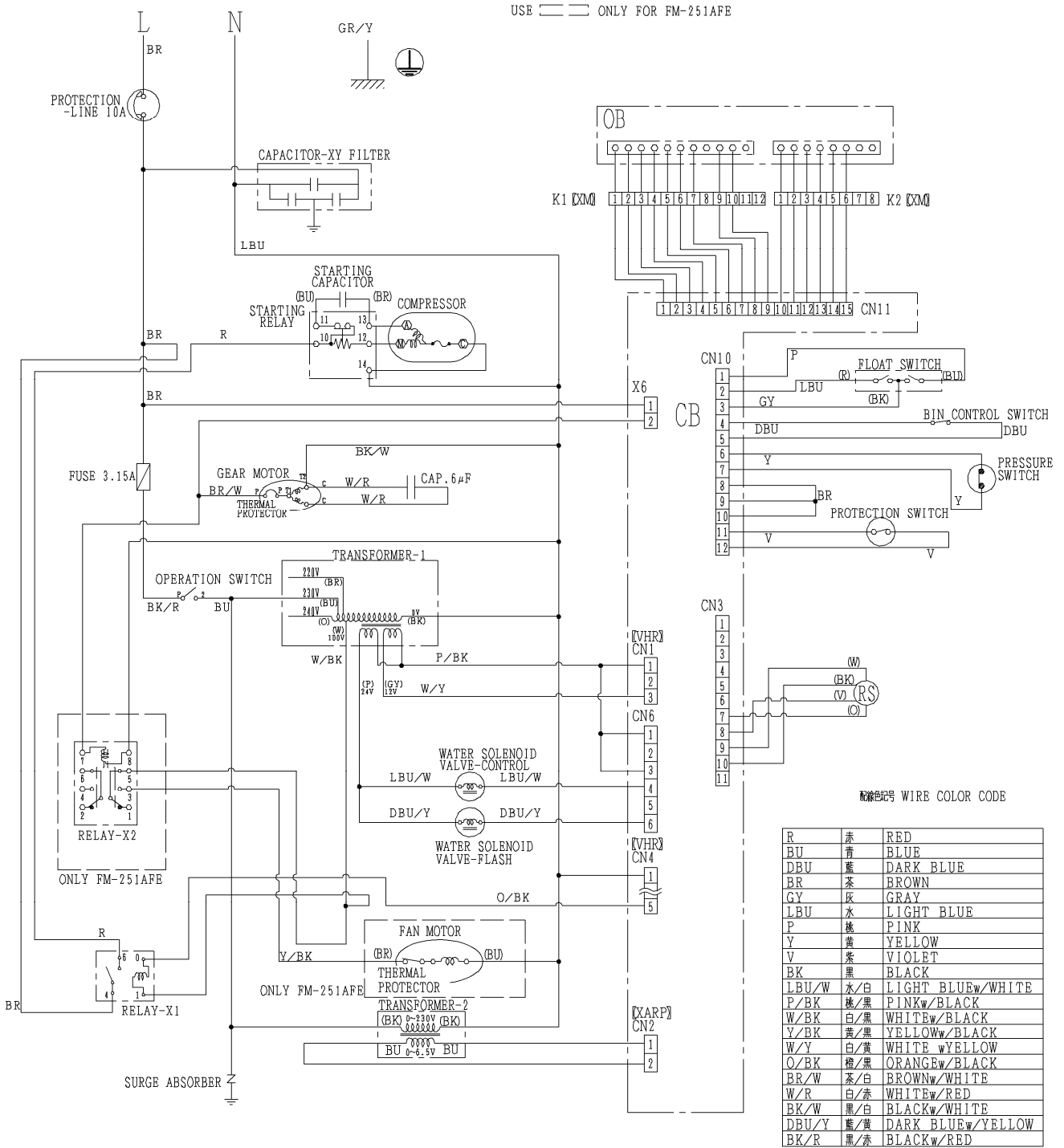
Cut-out $22.0 \pm 1.5/0$ bar

Cut-in 18.0 ± 1.5 bar

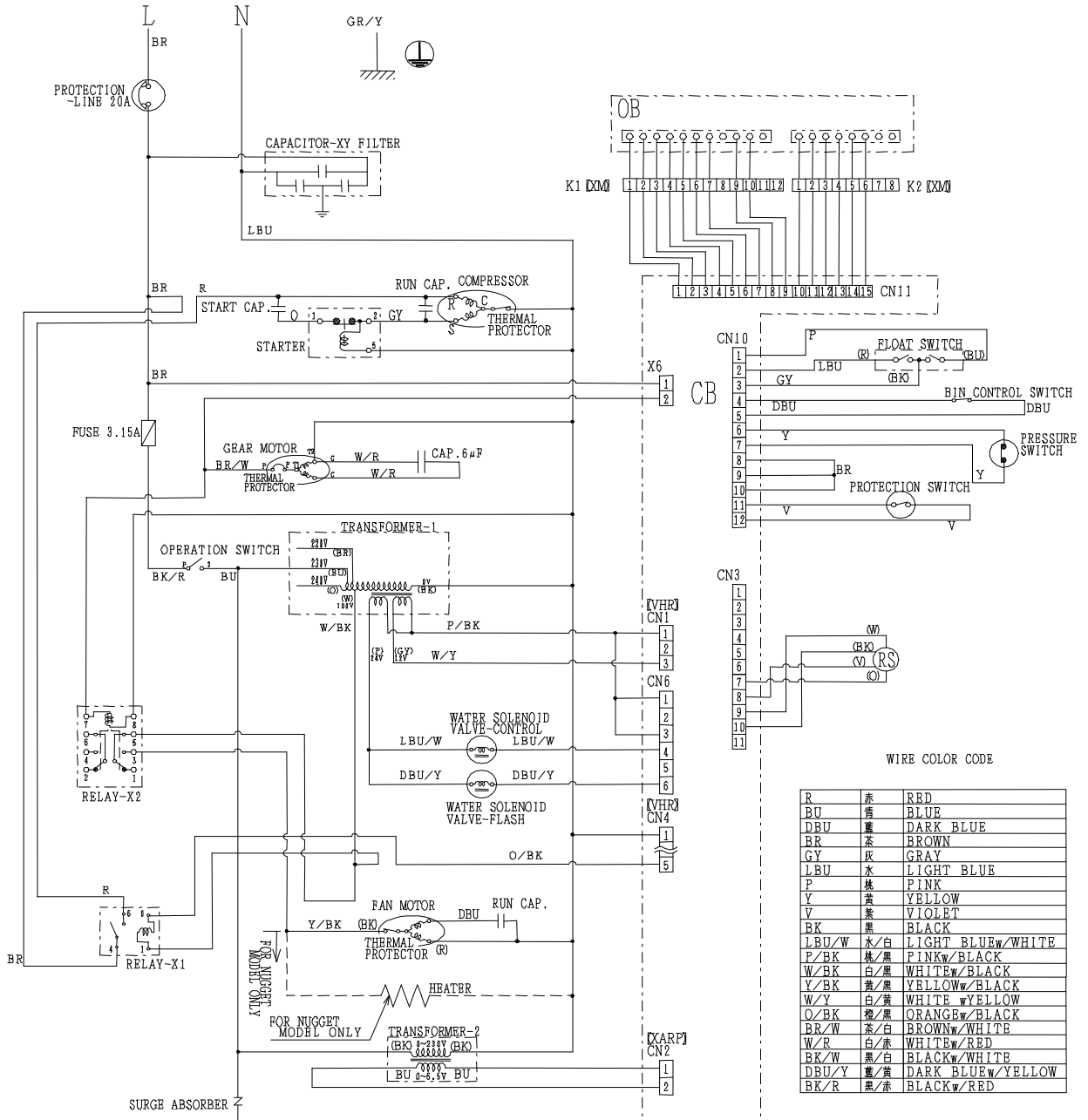
2. WIRING DIAGRAM

[a] WIRING DIAGRAM

FM-251AFE(-N), FM-251AWFE(-N)



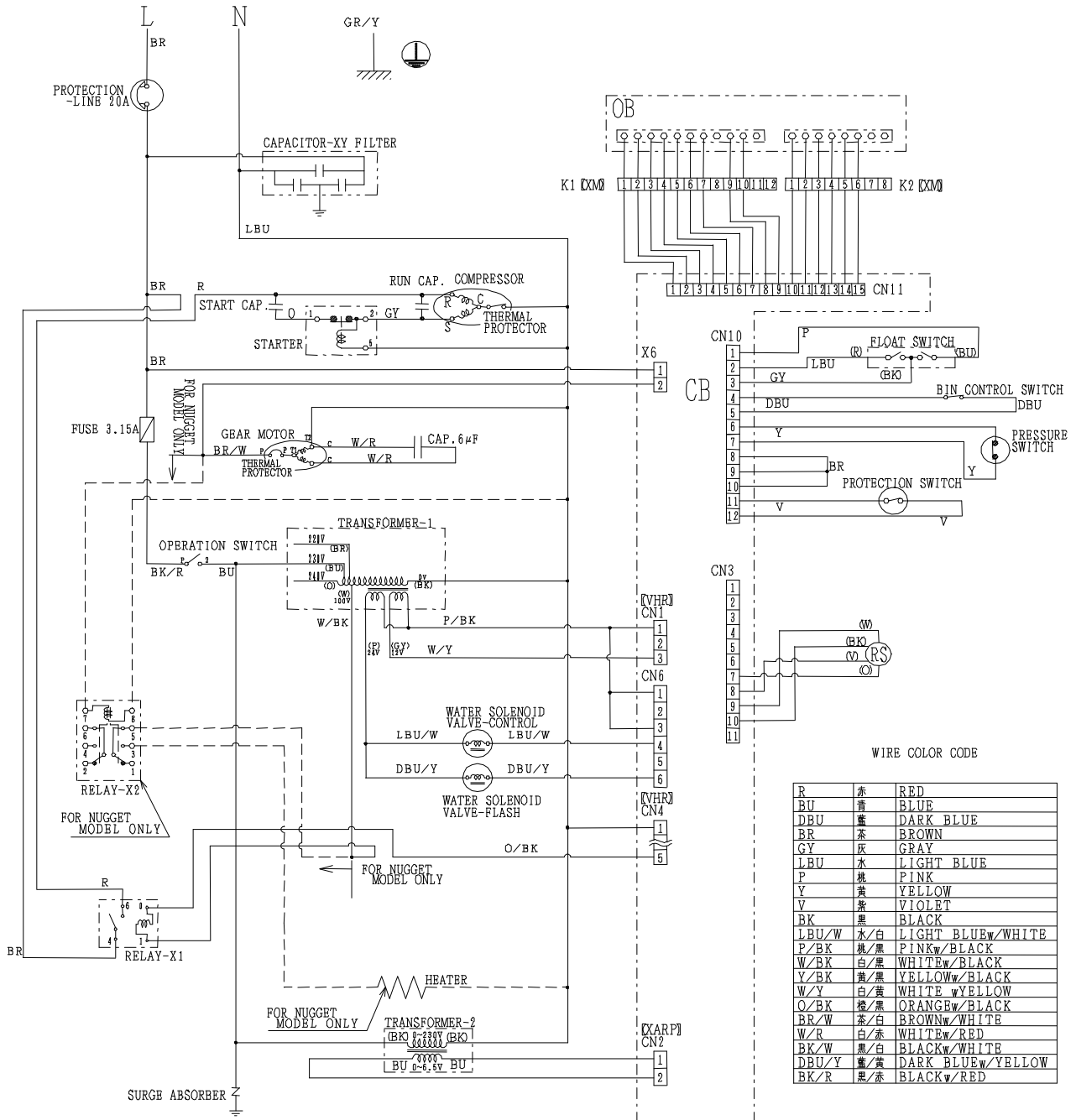
FM-481AGE(-N)



WIRE COLOR CODE

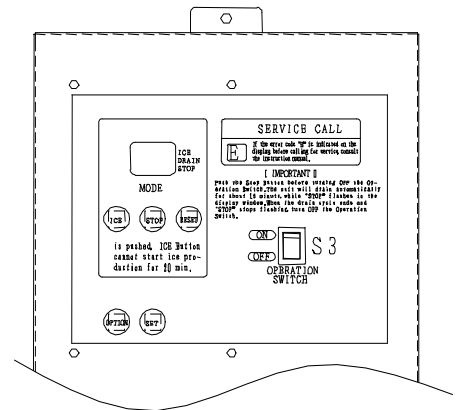
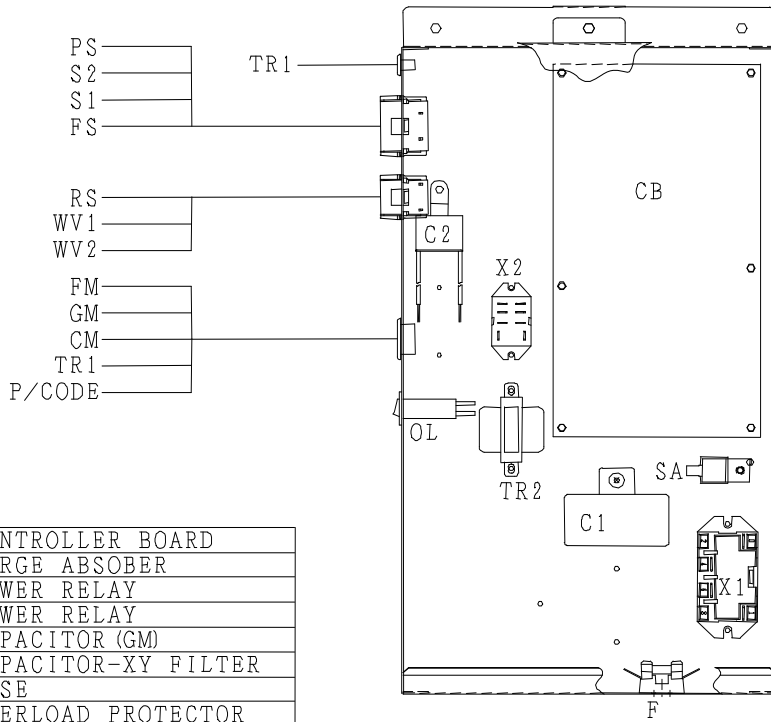
R	赤	RED
BU	青	BLUE
DBU	濃	DARK BLUE
BR	茶	BROWN
GY	灰	GRAY
LBU	水	LIGHT BLUE
P	桃	PINK
Y	黄	YELLOW
V	紫	VIOLET
BK	黒	BLACK
LBU/W	水/白	LIGHT BLUEw/WHITE
P/BK	桃/黒	PINKw/BLACK
W/BK	白/黒	WHITEw/BLACK
Y/BK	黄/黒	YELLOWw/BLACK
W/Y	白/黄	WHITE w/YELLOW
O/BK	橙/黒	ORANGEw/BLACK
BR/W	茶/白	BROWNw/WHITE
W/R	白/赤	WHITEw/RED
BK/W	黒/白	BLACKw/WHITE
DBU/Y	濃/黄	DARK BLUEw/YELLOW
BK/R	黒/赤	BLACKw/RED

FM-481AWGE(-N)



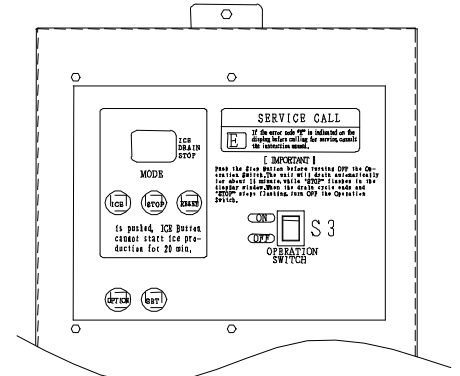
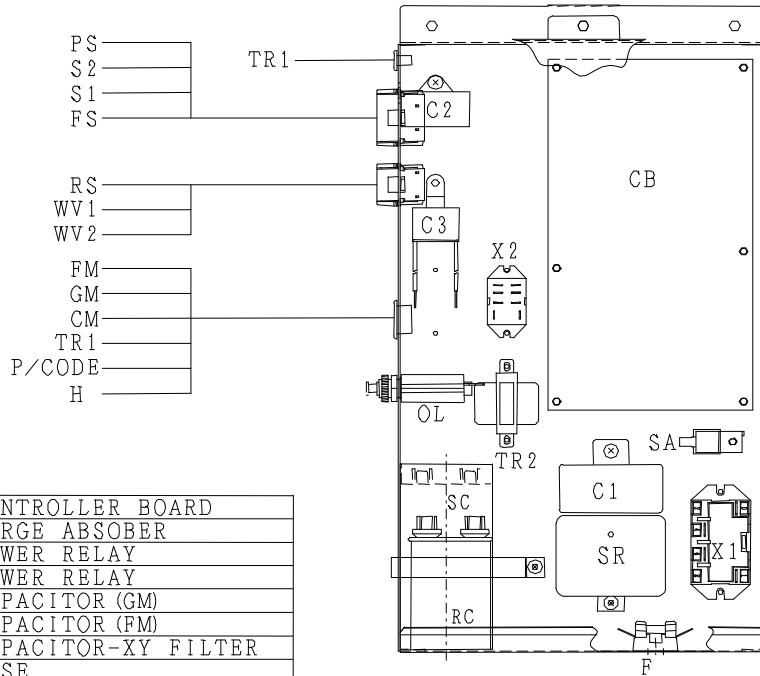
[b] CONTROL BOX LAYOUT

FM-251AFE(-N), FM-251AWFE(-N)



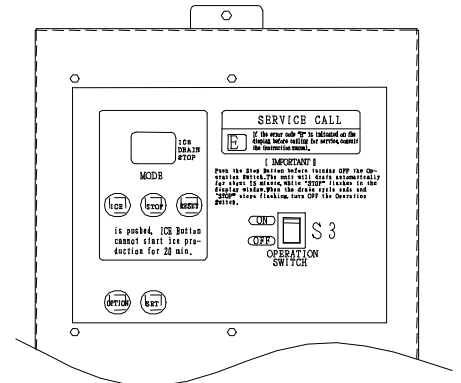
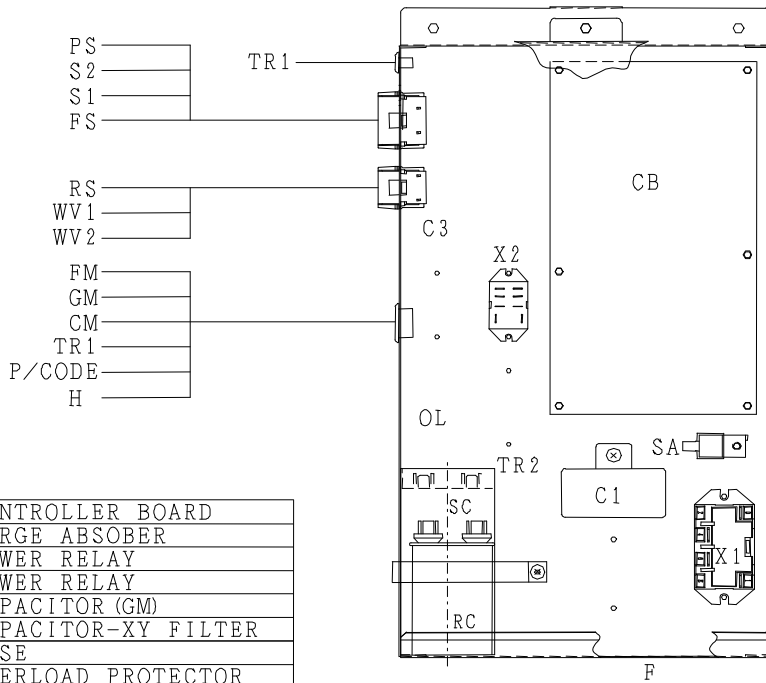
CB	CONTROLLER BOARD
SA	SURGE ABSORBER
X1	POWER RELAY
X2	POWER RELAY
C1	CAPACITOR (GM)
C2	CAPACITOR-XY FILTER
F	FUSE
OL	OVERLOAD PROTECTOR
S1	BIN CONTROL SWITCH
S2	PROTECTION SWITCH
S3	OPERATION SWITCH
TR1	TRANSFORMER1
TR2	TRANSFORMER2
WV1	CONTROL WATER VALVE
WV2	FLUSH WATER VALVE
FM	FAN MOTOR
GM	GEAR MOTOR
CM	COMPRESSOR
PS	PRESSURE SWITCH
FS	FLOAT SWITCH
RS	ROTATION SENSOR
P/CODE	POWER CODE

FM-481AGE(-N)



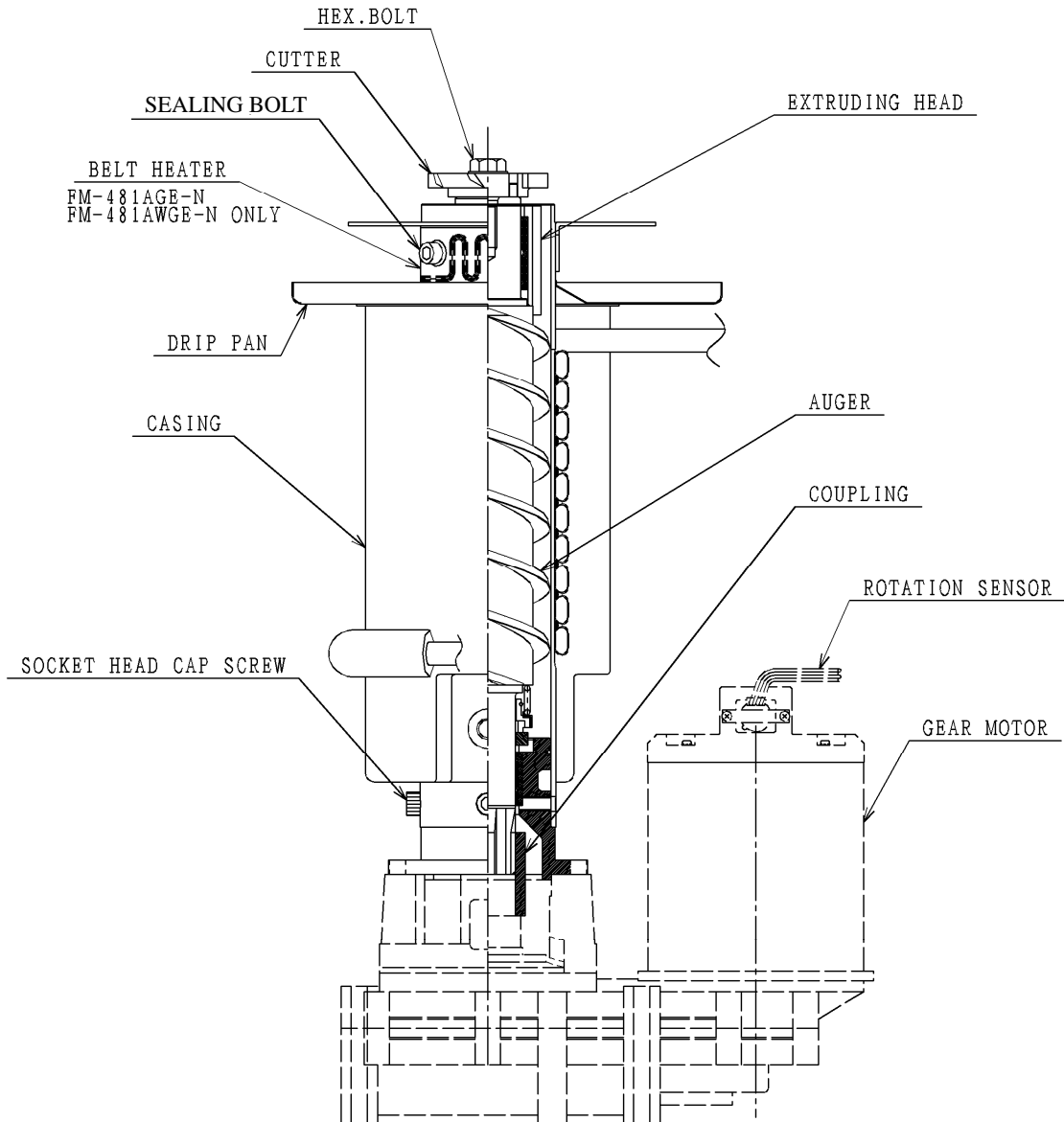
CB	CONTROLLER BOARD
SA	SURGE ABSORBER
X1	POWER RELAY
X2	POWER RELAY
C1	CAPACITOR (GM)
C2	CAPACITOR (FM)
C3	CAPACITOR-XY FILTER
F	FUSE
OL	OVERLOAD PROTECTOR
S1	BIN CONTROL SWITCH
S2	PROTECTION SWITCH
S3	OPERATION SWITCH
TR1	TRANSFORMER1
TR2	TRANSFORMER2
WV1	CONTROL WATER VALVE
WV2	FLUSH WATER VALVE
FM	FAN MOTOR
GM	GEAR MOTOR
CM	COMPRESSOR
PS	PRESSURE SWITCH
FS	FLOAT SWITCH
RS	ROTATION SENSOR
P/CODE	POWER CODE
SC	CAPACITOR STARTING
RC	RUN CAPACITOR
SR	STARTING RELAY

FM-481AWGE(-N)



CB	CONTROLLER BOARD
SA	SURGE ABSORBER
X1	POWER RELAY
X2	POWER RELAY
C1	CAPACITOR (GM)
C3	CAPACITOR-XY FILTER
F	FUSE
OL	OVERLOAD PROTECTOR
S1	BIN CONTROL SWITCH
S2	PROTECTION SWITCH
S3	OPERATION SWITCH
TR1	TRANSFORMER1
TR2	TRANSFORMER2
WV1	CONTROL WATER VALVE
WV2	FLUSH WATER VALVE
FM	FAN MOTOR
GM	GEAR MOTOR
CM	COMPRESSOR
PS	PRESSURE SWITCH
FS	FLOAT SWITCH
RS	ROTATION SENSOR
P/CODE	POWER CODE
SC	CAPACITOR STARTING
RC	RUN CAPACITOR
SR	STARTING RELAY

3. ICEMAKING MECHANISM



[a] EVAPORATOR (CASING)

The Evaporator consists of a stainless steel icemaking cylinder coiled with a refrigeration pipe and wrapped together with a polyurethane foam insulation material. Water coming from the inlet into the Evaporator will be frozen into ice. The Ice Spout is located on top of the Evaporator. The Deicing Heater (Belt Heater) around the top of the cylinder functions to reduce the load on the Gear Motor (FM-481AGE-N/AWGE-N only). See “5. REFRIGERATION CIRCUIT” for further details.

[b] AUGER

The stainless steel Auger is supported by the upper and lower Bearings of the Evaporator and slowly rotated by the Gear Motor, while scraping off the ice forming on the inner wall of the Cylinder and pushing up to the Ice Spout.

[c] EXTRUDING HEAD (BEARING)

The stainless steel Extruding Head is provided with a press-fit plastic Bearing inside and fixed on top of the Evaporator. The Extruding Head functions as the Auger Bearing and compresses the sherbet ice carried up by the Auger into a column shape with the path resistance.

[d] HOUSING

The cast bronze Housing is provided with a press-fit plastic Bearing inside and fixed on the bottom of the Evaporator for connection with the Gear Motor.

[e] MECHANICAL SEAL

The Mechanical Seal on the lower Auger Bearing prevents icemaking water leaks into the Evaporator. The mating surfaces are made of ceramic and carbon.

[f] COUPLING (SPLINE JOINT)

The Auger bottom and Gear Motor output shaft are splined and connected with the Spline Joint.

[g] GEAR MOTOR

The Gear Motor consists of a 1 phase 240V drive motor integrated with a decelerator and provided with a built-in auto-reset Thermal Protector. When the Thermal Protector trips, the Controller Board will stop the Gear Motor. The Protector can be reset by the Reset Button on the Operation Board. The Thermal Protector trips when the Gear Motor mechanism is overloaded or when excessively high or low voltage is applied on the Gear Motor. The electrical capacity must be increased if a large current flows through the surrounding equipment.

[h] BELT HEATER - FM-481AGE-N/AWGE-N ONLY

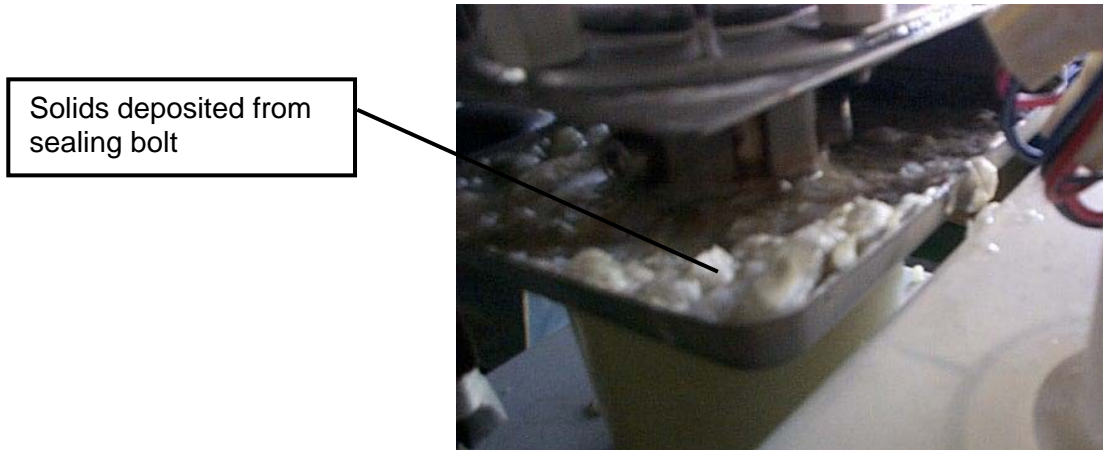
The Belt Heater is provided to reduce the load of ice passing the Extruding Head during a freeze cycle and to prevent vapor lock during a flush cycle.

[i] REMOVABLE FLANGE

The Flange used to be welded on the Evaporator to fix the Spout. But sometimes the Extruding Head applies excessive load on the Evaporator to compress ice, resulting in breaking the welded joints. To avoid the load, the Flange has been changed to a separate part to be secured together with the Extruding Head by using sealing bolts.

[j] SEALING BOLT

Sometimes the icemaking operation may produce white solids on the Drip Pan. They are deposits of silica and calcium contents in the icemaking water leaking from the sealing bolt. The bolt is provided with retaining and sealing functions, which may be reduced by the load and vibration during a freeze cycle. Do not reuse a removed sealing bolt.



4. WATER CIRCUIT

[a] RESERVOIR (WATER TANK)

The Reservoir made of plastic maintains the water level necessary for ice production.

[b] FLOAT SWITCH

The Reservoir is provided with a plastic Float Switch to detect the water level. The floats move up and down along with the water level and send ON/OFF signals to open/close the Water Valve in order to maintain the proper water level.

If the proper water level cannot be resumed within a specific time after the Float Switch sends an OFF signal, the icemaker will detect a low water condition and shut down. The icemaker will automatically restart icemaking operation when the proper water level is resumed.

If the Float Switch trips at the upper float level on startup and trips at the lower float level (request for water supply) before the Compressor starts, the icemaker will display “E0” for a water leak error and shut down.

If the Float Switch trips at the upper float level and does not trip at the lower float level, the icemaker will display “E1” for a low ice production error and shut down.

If the Float Switch trips at both upper (fill) and lower (empty) float levels, the icemaker will display “E2” for a switch contact error and shut down.

See “9. ERROR CODES” for details.

[c] CONTROL WATER VALVE

The Control Water Valve located above the Reservoir will open to supply water to the Reservoir when the coil is energized. Despite the water pressure varying from 0.5 bar to 8

bar at the water supply inlet, the built-in flow controller maintains almost the same water flow (24V AC).

[d] FLUSH WATER VALVE

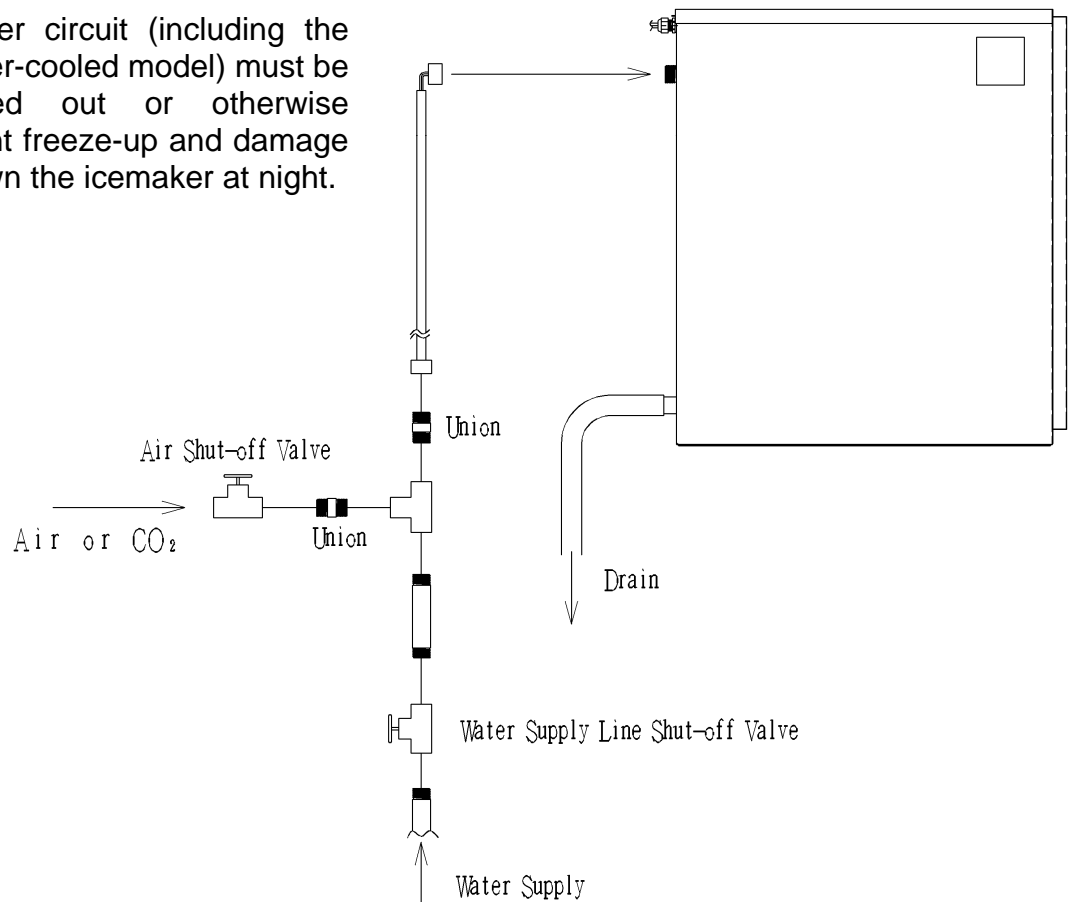
When the Flush Timer operates or the Stop Button is pressed to shut down the icemaker, the Flush Water Valve will be energized to open and flush out the Evaporator Casing and Reservoir (21.7V DC).

[e] WATER REGULATOR

See "5. REFRIGERATION CIRCUIT".

[f] DRAINING ICEMAKER IN SUBFREEZING CONDITIONS

In winter, the water circuit (including the Condenser for water-cooled model) must be completely drained out or otherwise protected to prevent freeze-up and damage before shutting down the icemaker at night.



a) Water-cooled Model

- 1) Operate the icemaker in the ICE mode.
- 2) Close the Water Supply Line Shut-off Valve to stop water supply.
- 3) Open the Air Shut-off Valve.
- 4) Blow the Water-cooled Condenser out using compressed air or CO₂.
- 5) The sound of draining water is heard from the Water-cooled Condenser.

- 6) Press the Stop Button, and drain the Float Tank and Evaporator Casing.
- 7) Turn off the icemaker.

Before restarting the icemaker:

1. Close the Air Shut-off Valve.
2. Open the Water Supply Line Shut-off Valve.

b) Air-cooled Model

Follow the above steps 2), 3), 6) and 7).

c) Operation of Water Regulator

When the Water Supply Line Shut-off Valve is closed, no cooling water will flow into the Condenser, raising the condensing pressure. Then, the Water Regulator will open wider to increase the cooling water flow. If air is sent from the water inlet in this condition, the water remaining inside the Condenser will drain out through the wide-open Water Regulator. If the icemaker is shut down, the Water Regulator is closed with a low condensing pressure. Sending air in this condition will not drain the water from the Condenser.

5. REFRIGERATION CIRCUIT

[a] APPLICABLE PARTS

	FM-251AFE(-N)	FM-251AWFE(-N)	FM-481AGE(-N)	FM-481AWGE(-N)
Refrigerant (R404A)	x	x	x	x
Compressor	x	x	x	x
Evaporator Casing	x	x	x	x
Air-cooled Condenser	x		x	
Water-cooled Condenser		x		x
Air-cooled Condenser Fan Motor	x		x	
Water Regulator		x		x
Drier	x	x	x	x
Thermal Expansion Valve (with MOP)	x	x	x	x
Heat Exchanger			x	x

[b] SERVICE INSTRUCTIONS

Always restore the original bindings after servicing the refrigeration circuit. Otherwise, vibration may cause overstress and damage to the circuit, resulting in refrigerant leak.

After replacing the Evaporator or Auger, run the icemaker for 30 minutes to produce ice, check for impurities, and discard.

[c] REFRIGERANT

The icemaker employs refrigerant R404A which itself is not flammable or poisonous. However, a small room filled with R404A may cause suffocation with a lack of oxygen. Also, when exposed to an open flame, R404A creates Phosgene gas, hazardous in large amounts. Handle the refrigerant in a well-ventilated area with no flames.

Always recover the refrigerant and store it in a proper container, if required by an applicable law. Do not discharge the refrigerant into the atmosphere.

[d] COMPRESSOR

The Compressor absorbs the low-pressure refrigerant gas vaporized in the Evaporator (to reduce the pressure inside the Evaporator), compresses the refrigerant into high-temperature high-pressure gas, and sends it out to the Condenser.

The hermetic-type Compressor is efficient in refrigeration, and the refrigeration circuit is designed to endure long hours of operation. The Compressor is mounted on vibration damping rubber to prevent transmission of vibration. In case of accidental overload, the Case Thermostat or Overload Relay will shut down the Compressor. The Reset Button must be pressed to reset the Overload Relay.

[e] EVAPORATOR CASING

The Evaporator Casing is a thin and rigid stainless steel pipe tightly coiled around with a copper tube and solder finished. The refrigerant flows through a very narrow path in the Expansion Valve with a sudden drop of pressure and evaporates by absorbing heat of vaporization from the Evaporator Casing. The water supplied inside the Evaporator Casing is deprived of heat and forms ice film which will be scraped and moved up by the Auger.

[f] CONDENSER

The Condenser refrigerates and liquefies the high-temperature high-pressure refrigerant gas discharged from the Compressor into high-pressure liquid refrigerant. The Condenser is either air-cooled or water-cooled.

A dirty Condenser will significantly reduce the refrigeration efficiency and performance, and will also shorten the service life of the components (especially refrigeration circuit). The Condenser must be cleaned according to the following instructions. The frequency of cleaning depends on the installation conditions.

a) Air-cooled Condenser (Fin-and-tube type)

A copper tube is attached on a finned aluminum plate with high heat conductivity to promote heat radiation, and a Fan Motor is also provided for forced air cooling. A remote type Condenser is also available to protect the interior from noise of the Fan Motor and temperature rise by heat radiation.

Use a vacuum cleaner or brush to remove dirt and dust between the fins. Be careful not to bend the fins.

b) Water-cooled Condenser (Tube-in-tube type)

Cooling water flows in the inner tube and refrigerant gas flows in the outer tube in opposite directions (counterflow) for efficient heat exchange. The valve position of the Water Regulator is automatically controlled to regulate the discharge pressure in the refrigerant circuit and change the flow rate of cooling water.

Scale, slime and corrosion will affect heat exchange. Scale such as silica and iron oxide is the most common cause of problems and must be removed if any. Dissolve a scale remover in cold or warm water, and chemically remove scale inside the Condenser by either of the following procedures:

< Procedure 1 >

Leave the above cleaning solution inside the Condenser for 12 hours.

< Procedure 2 >

1) Prepare the following:

Pump Motor-----May be used for another icemaker.

Dissolving Tank -----Holds at least 10L plastic bucket.

Connecting Hose -----Vinyl hose $\varnothing 9 \times \varnothing 15 \times 1.5\text{m}$ (x 2)

Cold or warm water -----10L (50°C water is most effective)

Scale Remover-----Appropriate amount

Note: The cleaning procedure may vary depending on the remover used. Follow the instructions of the manufacturer.

Others -----W16 Flare Nut (x 2), Wire, Connecting Pipe (with one flared end, x 2)

- 2) Remove the cabinet, and check the Condenser joint for corrosion or water leak.
- 3) Disconnect the flare nuts at the Condenser inlet and outlet
- 4) To prepare a circulation circuit, connect the Condenser outlet (top) with the hose to the Tank and the Condenser inlet (bottom) with the hose from the Pump Motor.
- 5) Operate the Pump Motor to clean the Condenser.
- 6) Circulate the solution for 0.5 - 2 hours, depending on the amount of scale. The solution may turn reddish black in 30 minutes with dissolved scale. It will not reattach during circulation. Also, the solution may bubble in the Dissolving Tank by chemical reaction, which will not affect cleaning.
- 7) After cleaning, rinse the circuit until the water becomes clear.
- 8) After rinsing, reconnect the Condenser, and restart the icemaker.
- 9) The cleaning effect should be checked by the amount of scale dissolved during the circulation cleaning or by comparison of suction and discharge pressures and cooling water amount between before and after the cleaning.

[g] CONDENSER COOLING FAN MOTOR

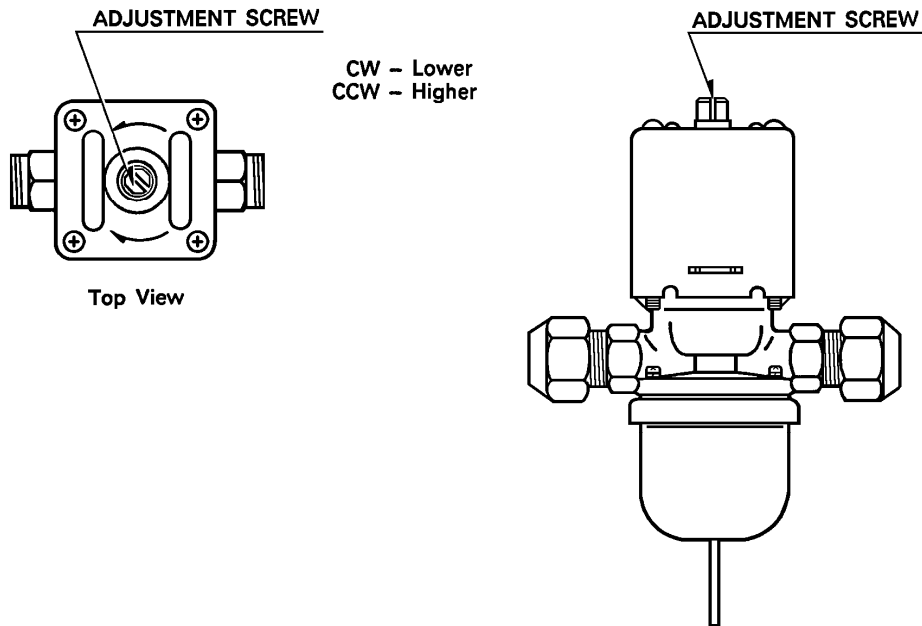
The Fan Motor cools the Air-cooled Condenser and sends air to condense refrigerant gas inside the Condenser.

[h] WATER REGULATOR - WATER-COOLED MODEL ONLY

The Water Regulator controls the water flow in the Water-cooled Condenser to maintain a certain level of the discharge pressure. The discharge pressure may rise at startup but stabilize in 30 minutes.

The Water Regulator is factory-adjusted. No adjustment is required under normal use except for replacement of the FM-251AWFE(-N) or FM-481AWGE(-N) Water Regulator. Adjust the Water Regulator, if necessary, using the following procedures:

- 1) Attach a pressure gauge to the high-side line of the system. Or prepare a thermometer to check the condenser center temperature.
- 2) After 5 minutes of ice production, the pressure gauge should read 18 bar or the thermometer read 38 - 40°C. If the readings are lower, use a flat blade screwdriver to adjust the screw in a counterclockwise direction. If the readings are higher, adjust in a clockwise direction. Adjust the screw by a half turn only each time and recheck the readings before making further adjustments.
- 3) Check that the pressure or the condenser center temperature remains steady at the recommended settings before removing the gauge or thermometer.



[i] DRIER

The Drier uses desiccants (molecular sieves + activated alumina) to absorb moisture in the refrigeration circuit. The built-in filter also corrects foreign matter in the refrigeration circuit to prevent troubles with valves clogged with dirt or moisture.

[j] THERMOSTATIC EXPANSION VALVE

The Expansion Valve throttles high-pressure liquid refrigerant into low-temperature low-pressure state by adiabatic expansion and maintains the proper amount of refrigerant supply depending on the Evaporator load. The Thermostatic Expansion Valve controls the

valve position to regulate the superheat (difference between evaporating temperature and suction gas temperature). No superheat control is available from outside. To check the Expansion Valve for proper operation, remove the Bulb while the Compressor is running. If the suction pressure rises, the Expansion Valve is working normally.

Note: Do not leave the Bulb removed for a long time while the Compressor is running. The Compressor may fail due to liquid return.

6. ELECTRIC CIRCUIT

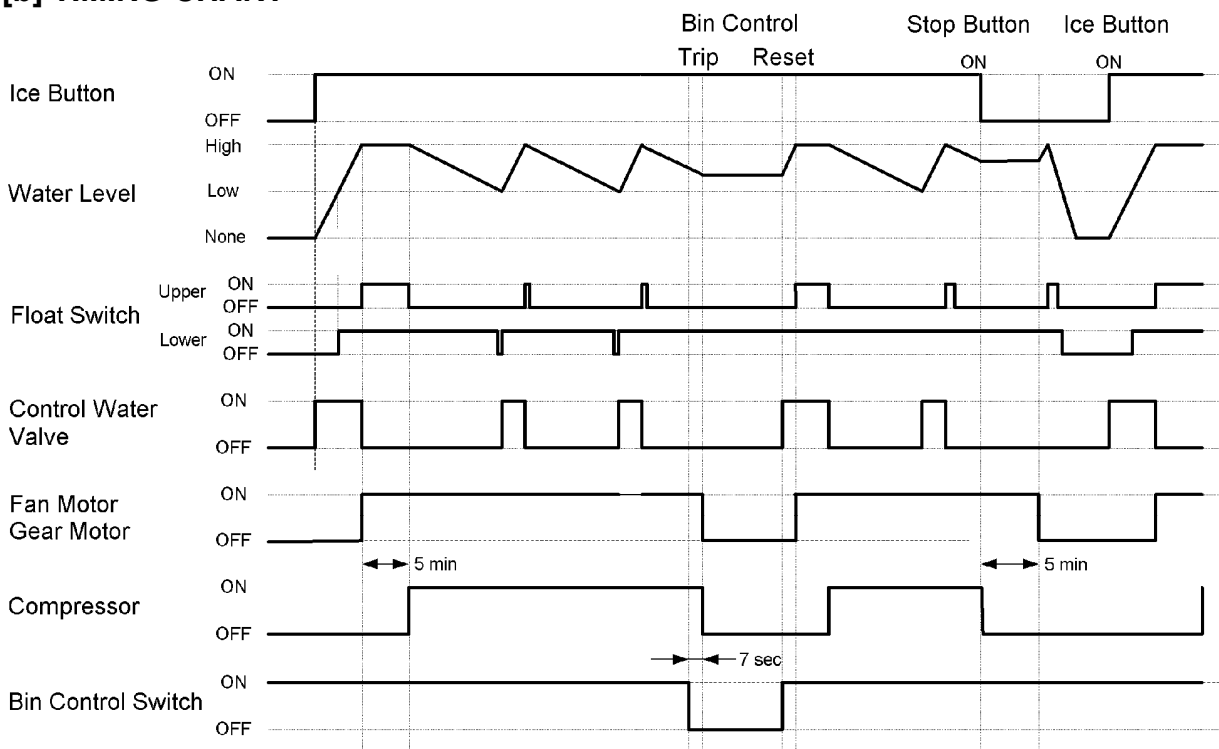
CAUTION
Reassemble all the components as they were after servicing the unit according to a service call.

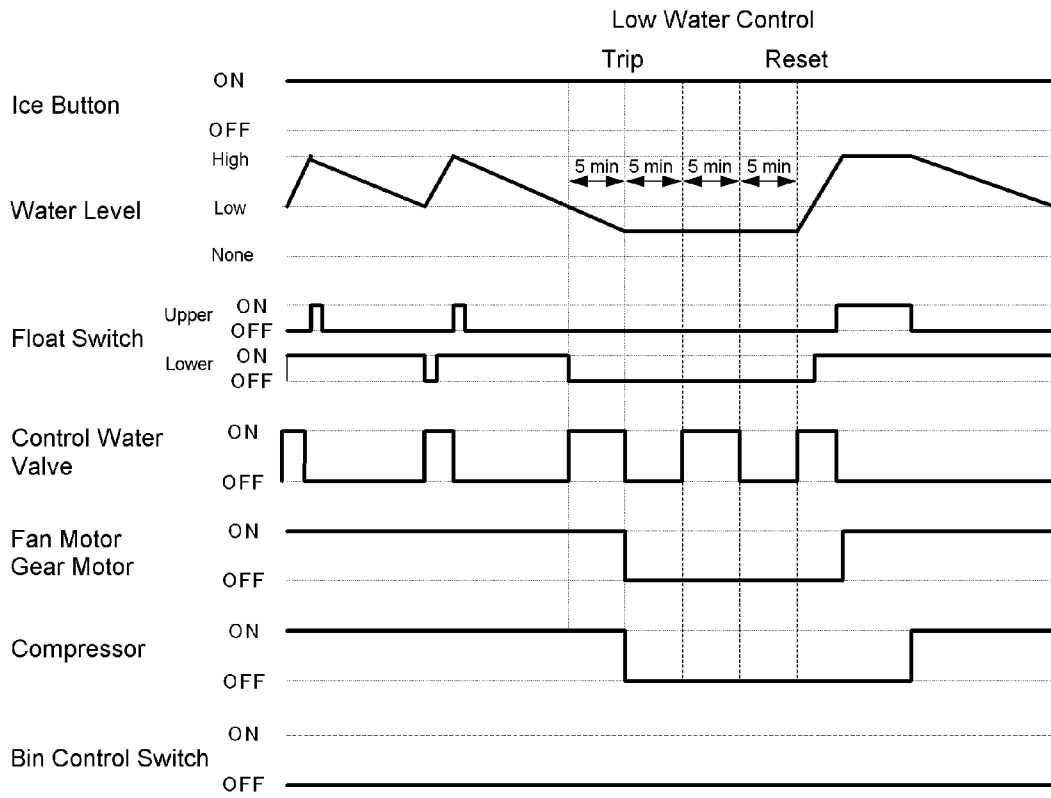
[a] BASIC OPERATION

The icemaker starts water supply when the Operation Switch is turned ON. On completion of water supply, the Gear Motor starts immediately. After 5 minutes the Compressor starts to begin icemaking operation.

In normal operation, the icemaker shuts down when the Storage Bin fills up to trip the Bin Control Switch or the Stop Button is pressed. When the Compressor operates for 6 hours in total and continuously for more than 10 minutes, the icemaker supplies water until the Reservoir fills up and starts a drain cycle. After 10 minutes the icemaker automatically starts water supply and resumes icemaking operation.

[b] TIMING CHART

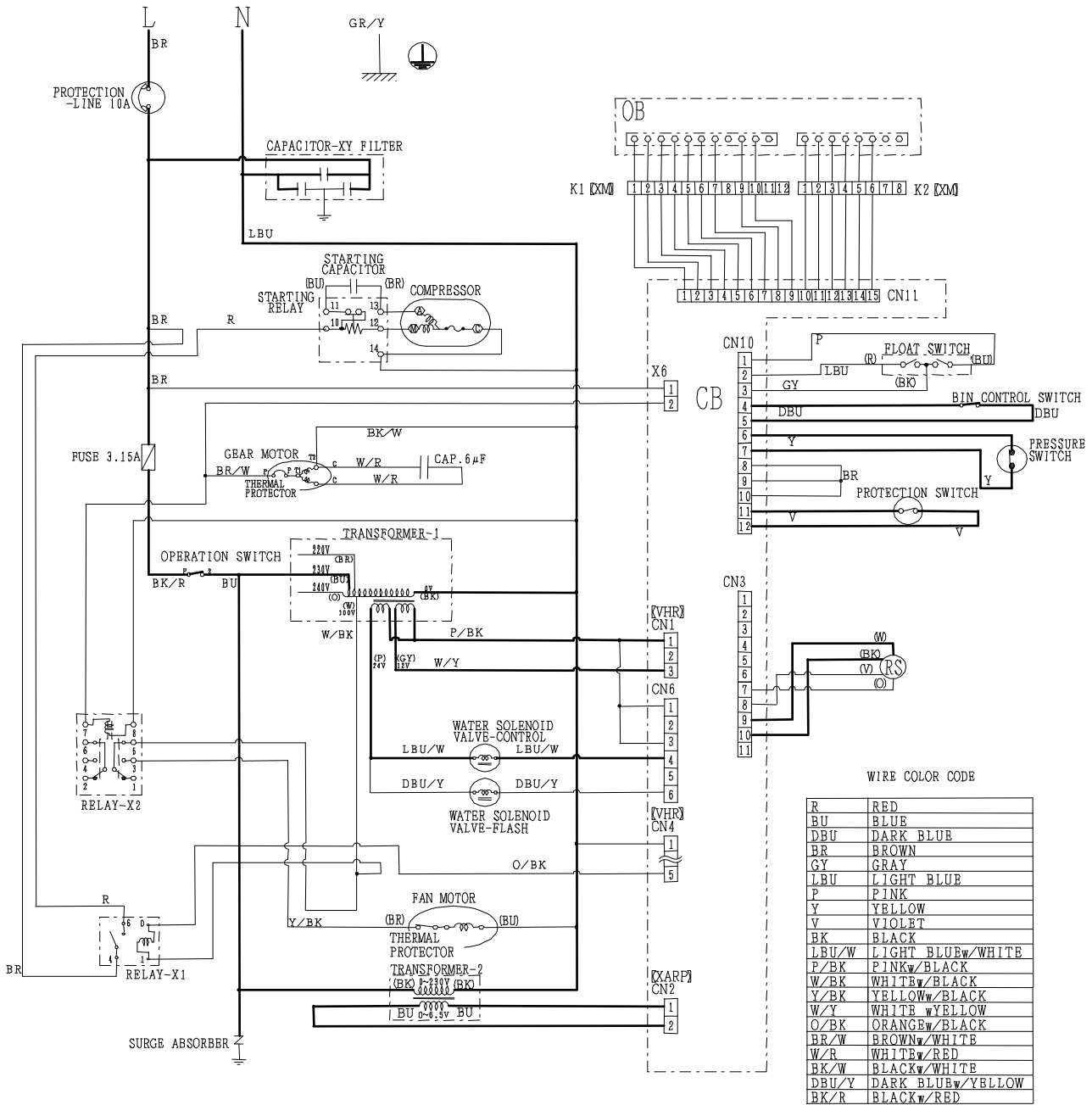




[c] SEQUENCE

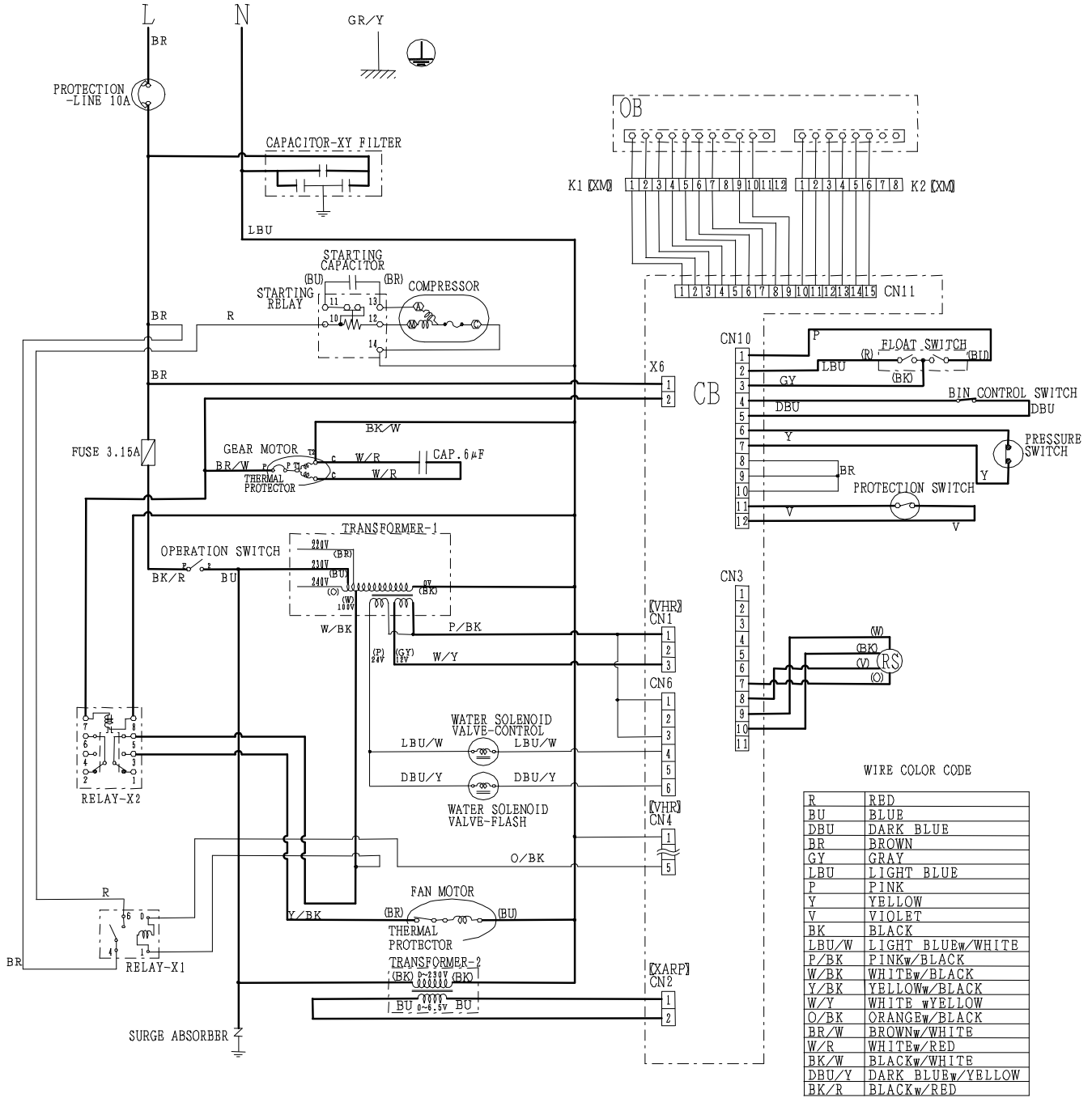
FM-251AFE(-N), FM-251AWFE(-N)

(1) Startup - Water Supply



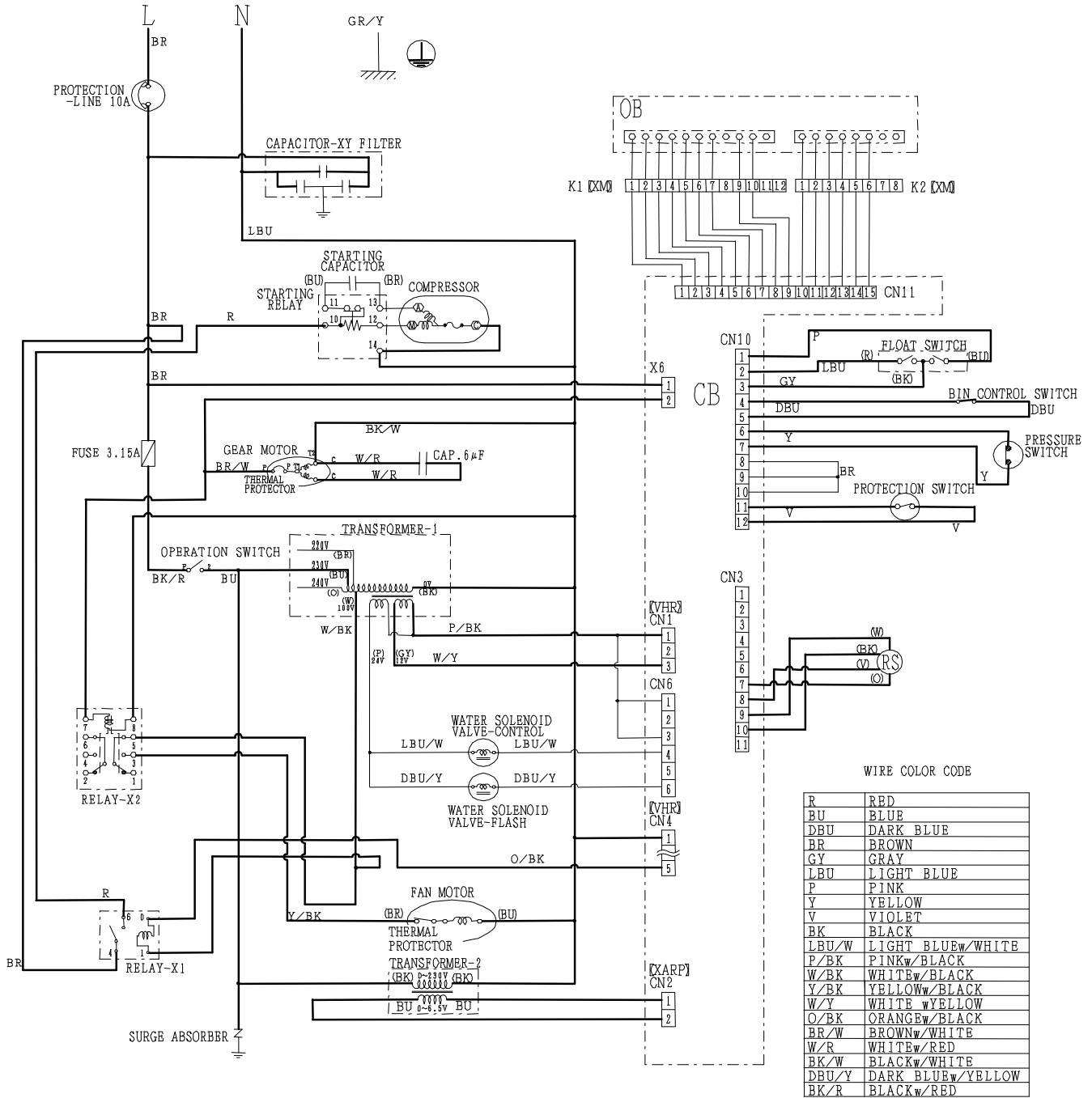
FM-251AFE(-N) , FM-251AWFE(-N)

(2) Startup - After completion of water supply, Gear Motor and Fan Motor start (5 min).



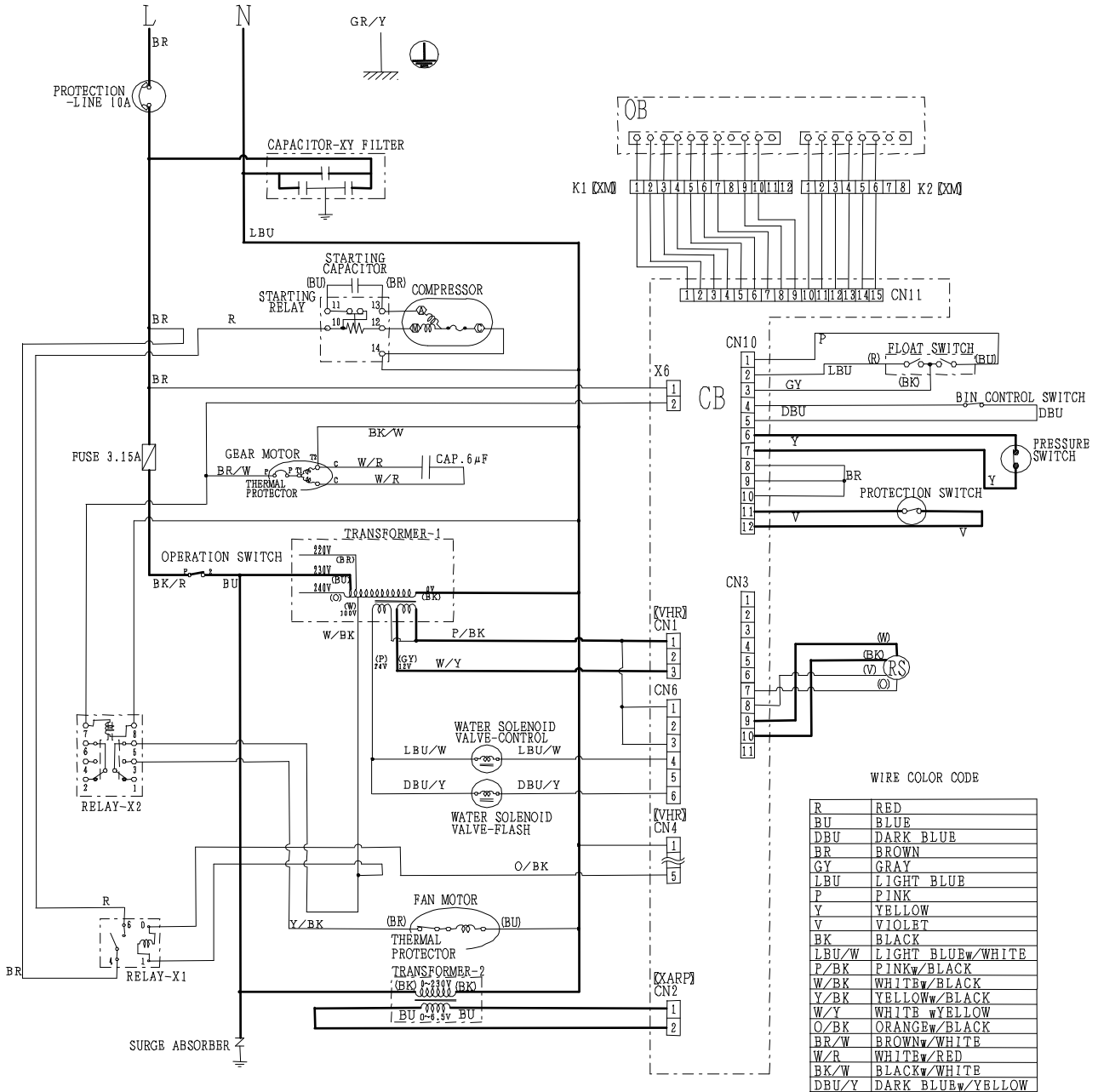
FM-251AFE(-N) , FM-251AWFE(-N)

(3) Startup - Ice production starts



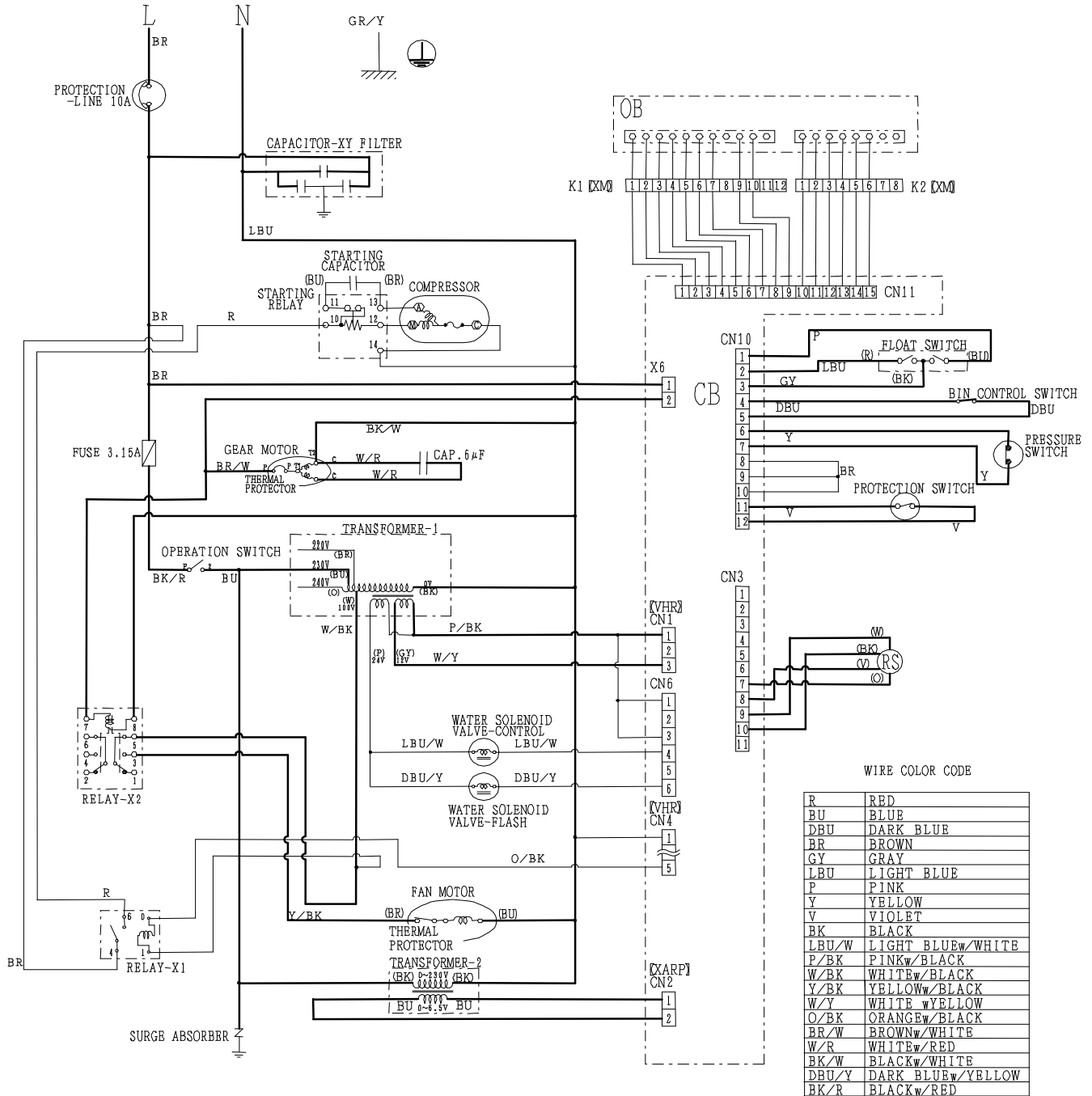
FM-251AFE(-N) , FM-251AWFE(-N)

(4) Normal Operation - Bin Control



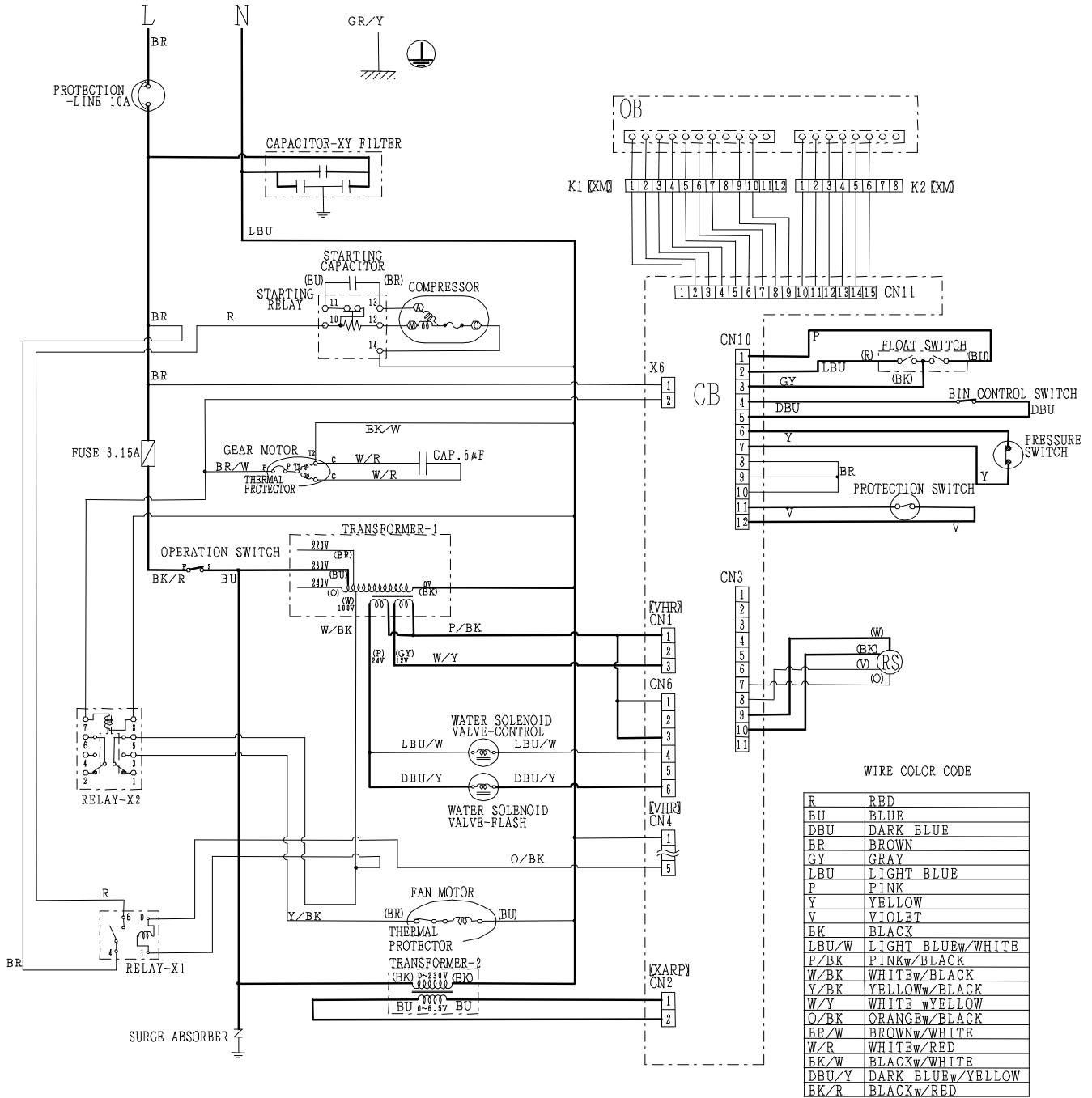
FM-251AFE(-N) , FM-251AWFE(-N)

(5) Shutdown - Compressor stops (5 min)



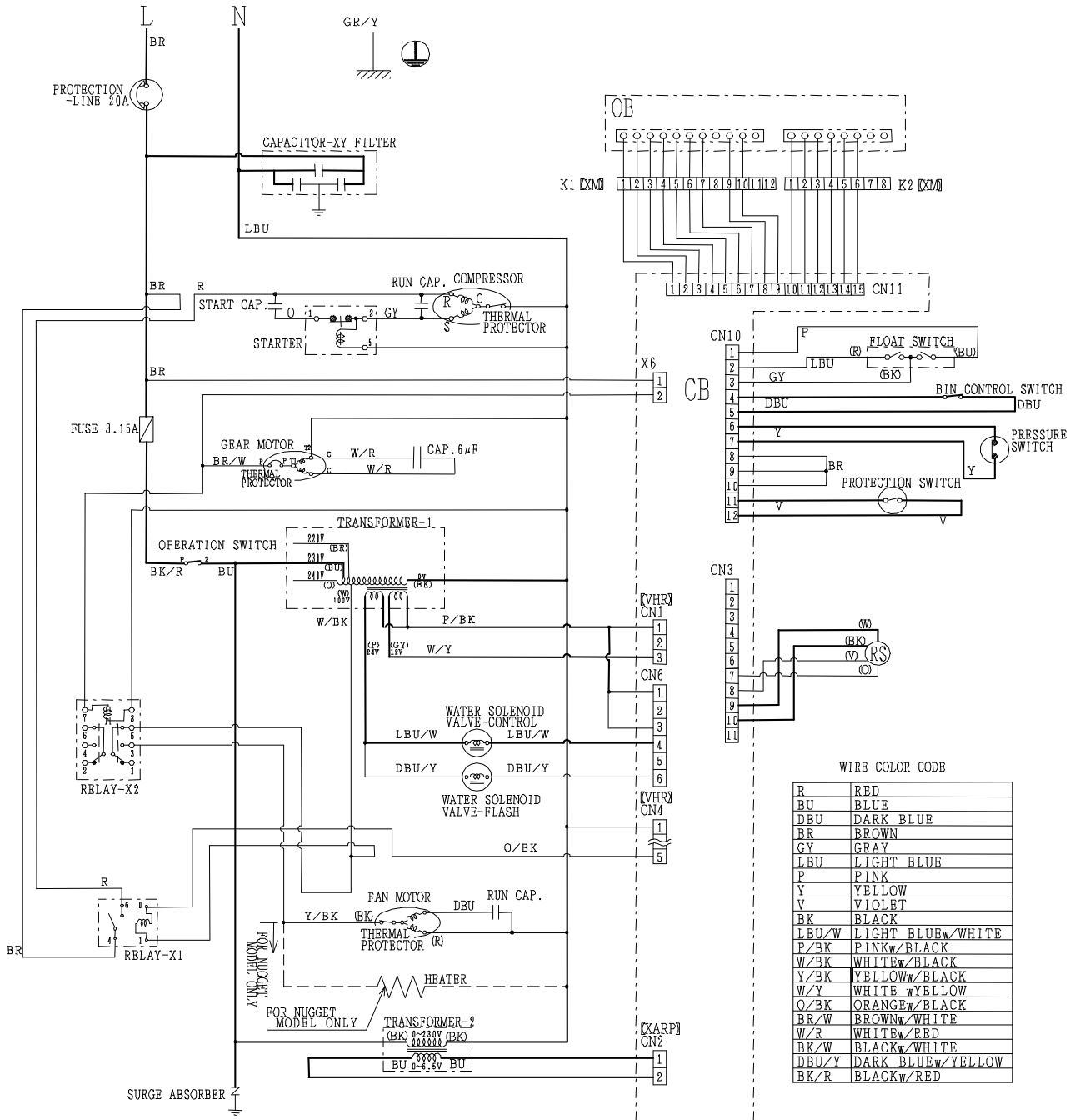
FM-251AFE(-N) , FM-251AWFE(-N)

(6) Shutdown - Drain



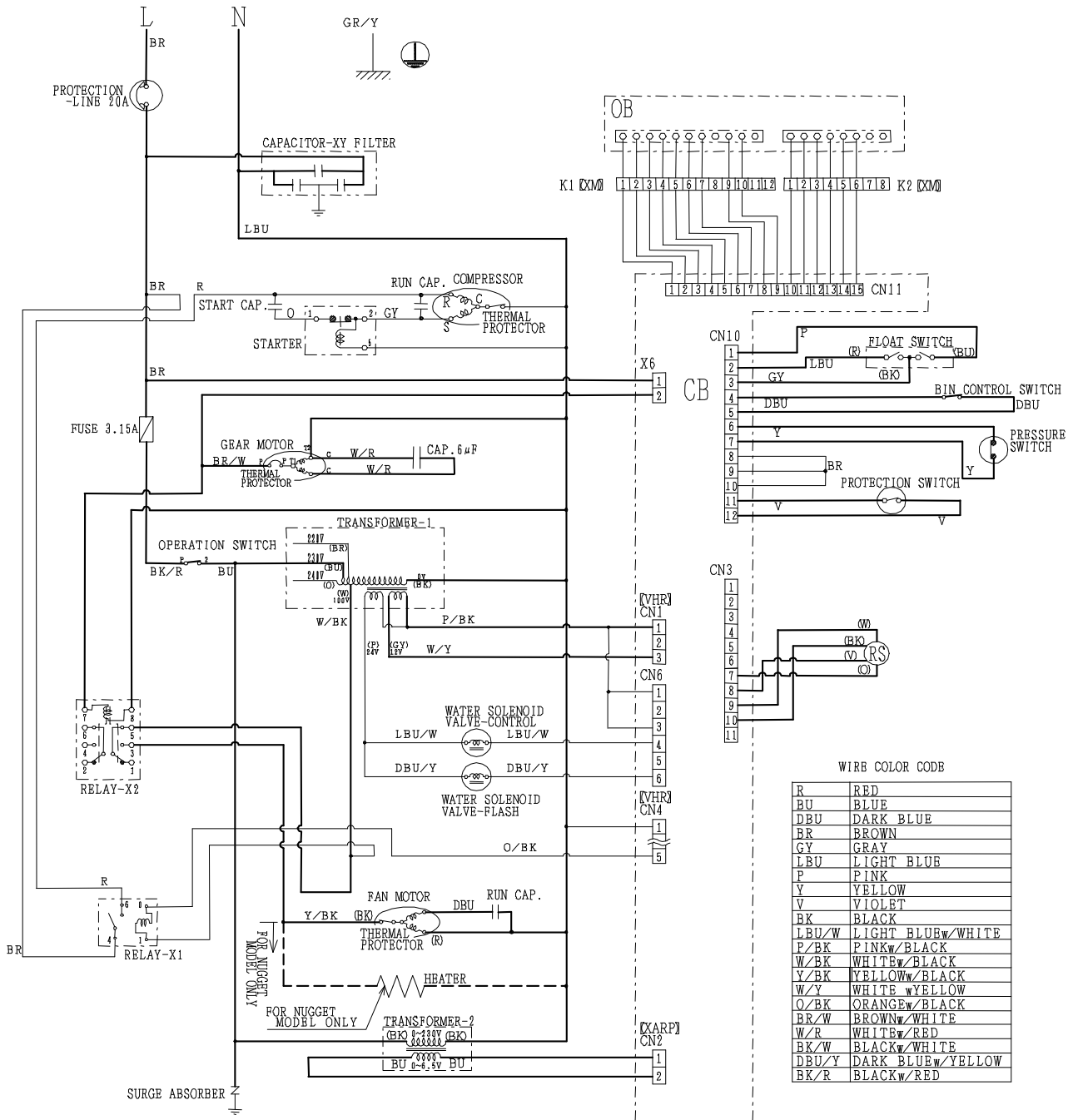
FM-481AGE(-N)

(1) Startup - Water Supply



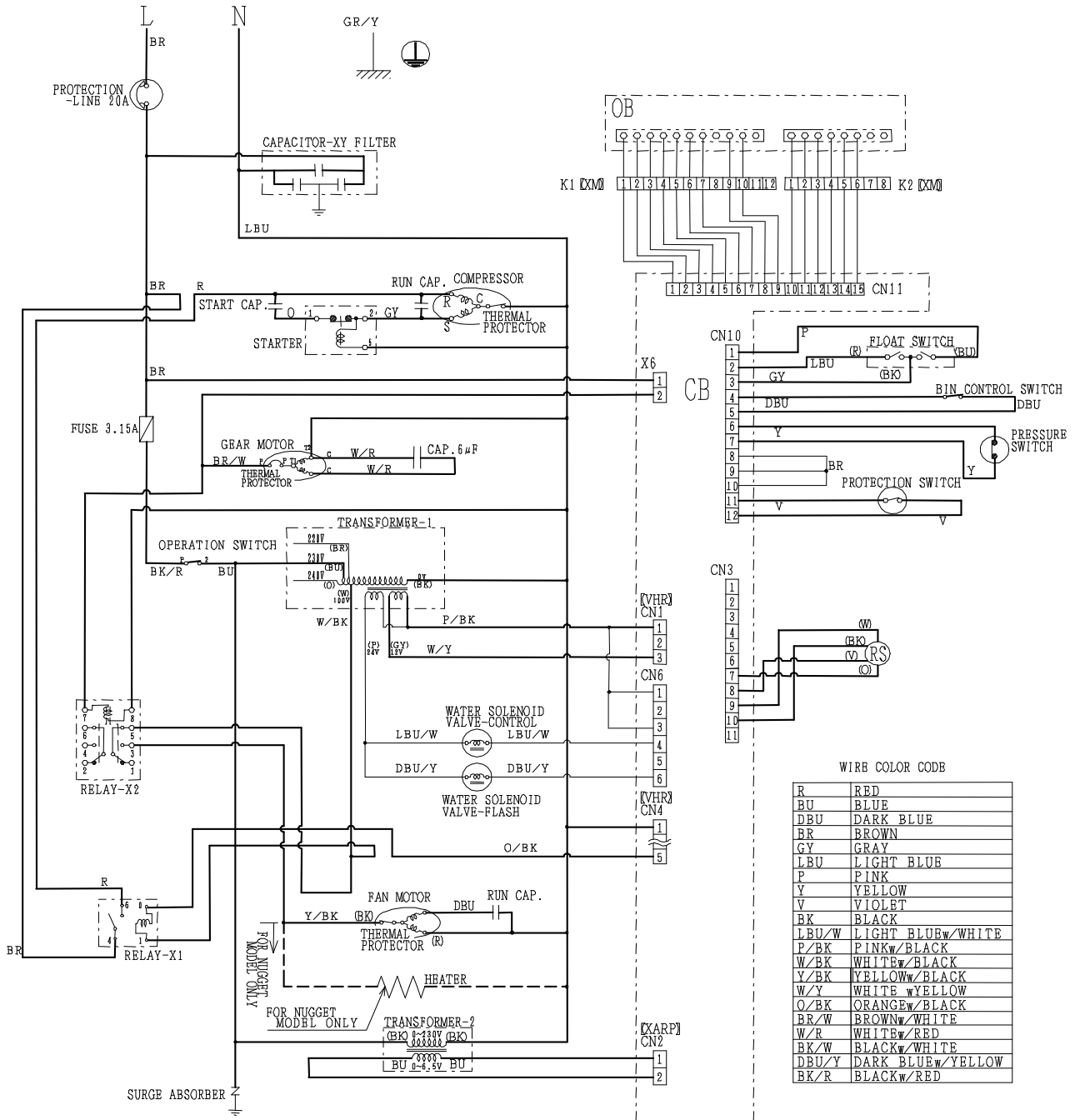
FM-481AGE(-N)

(2) Startup - After completion of water supply, Gear Motor and Fan Motor start (5 min).



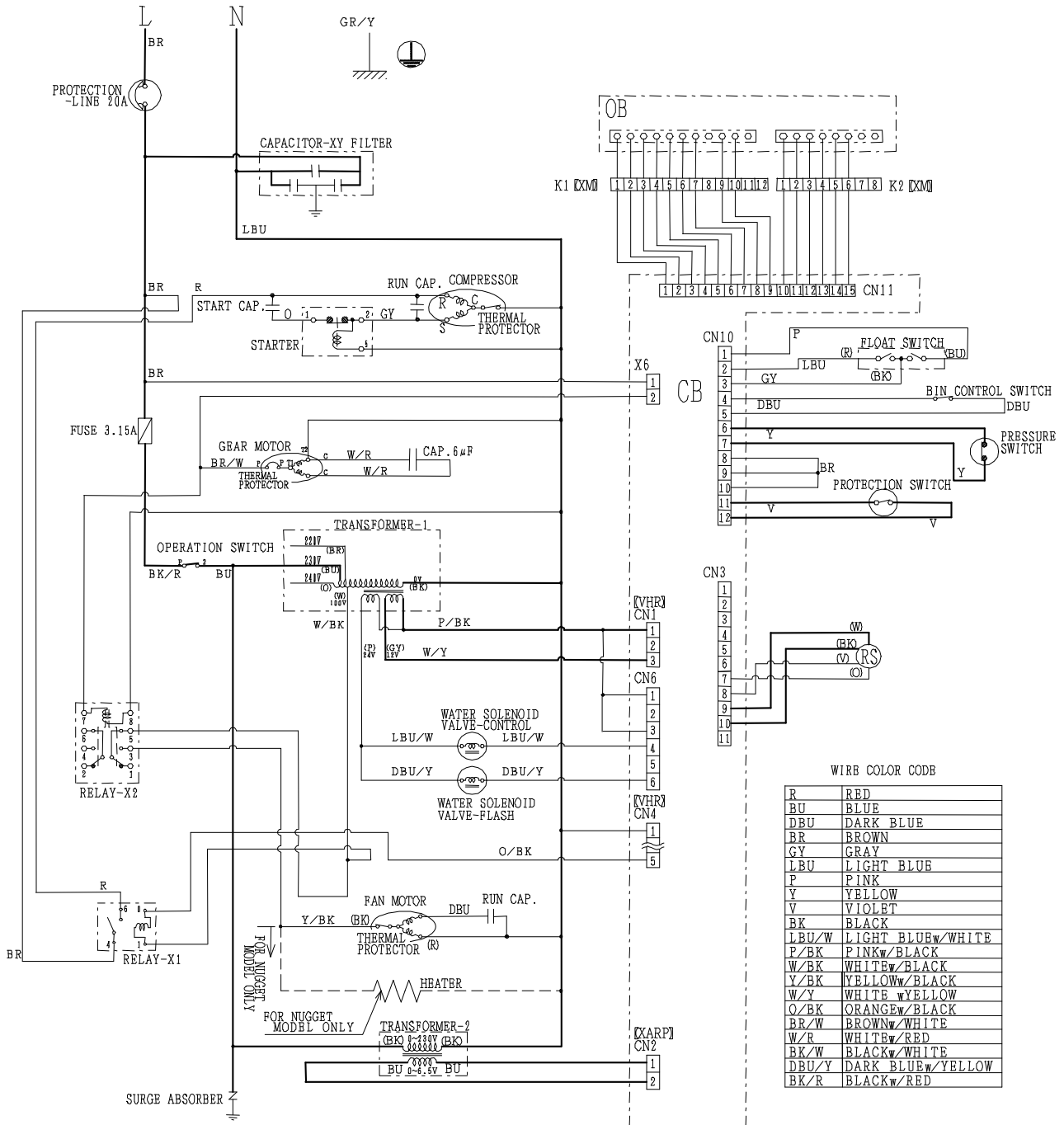
FM-481AGE(-N)

(3) Startup - Ice production starts



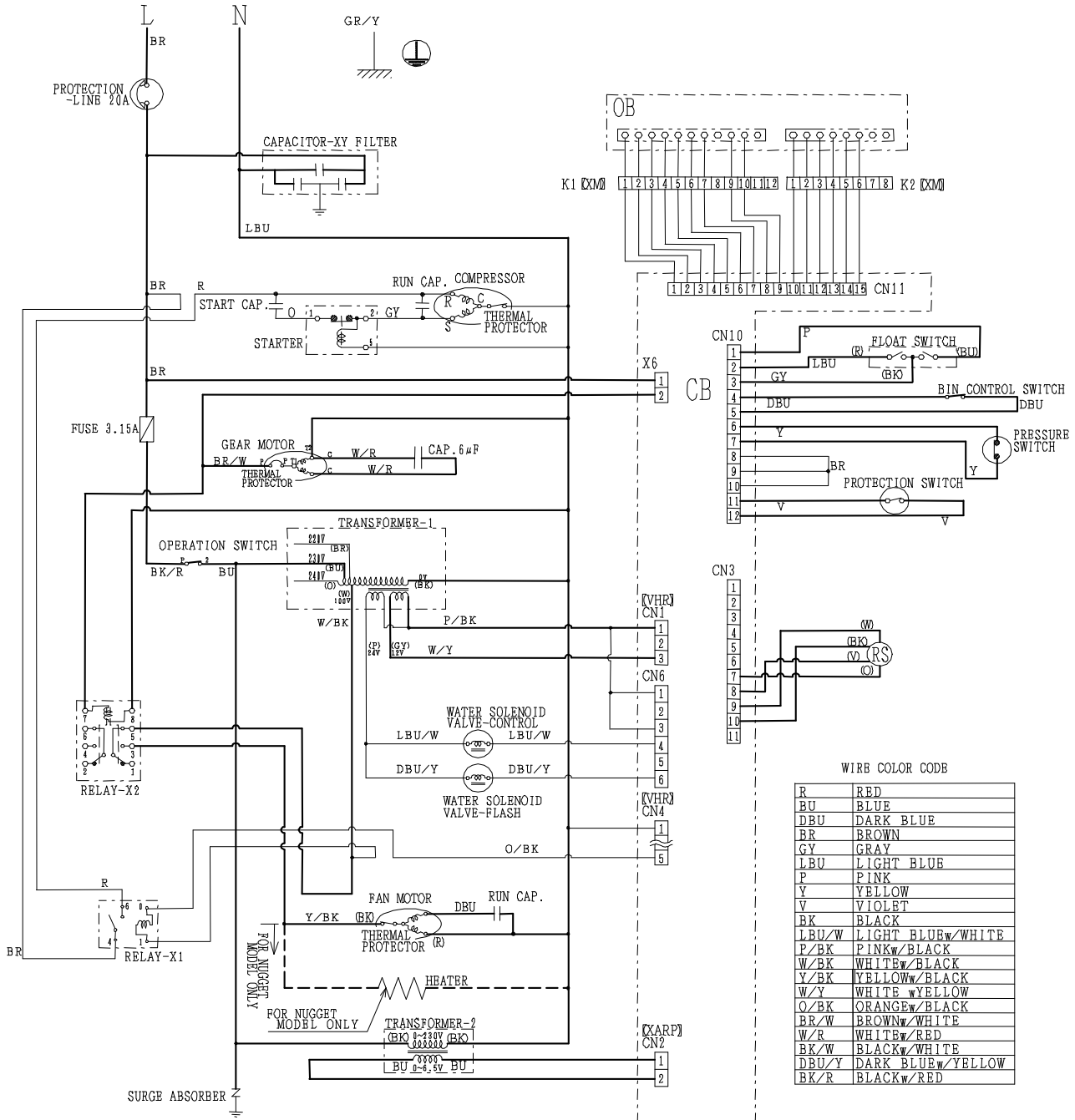
FM-481AGE(-N)

(4) Normal Operation - Bin Control



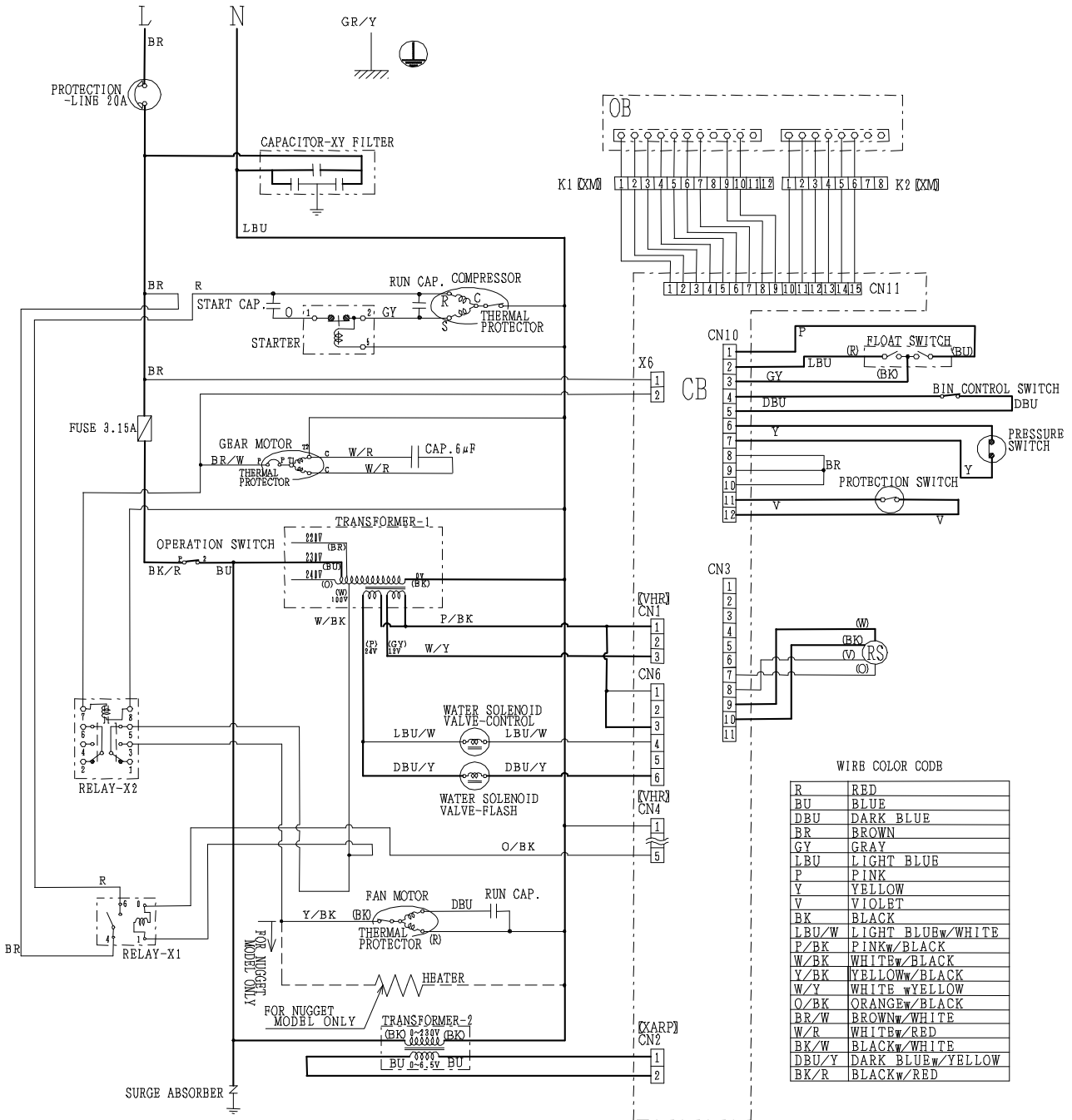
FM-481AGE(-N)

(5) Shutdown - Compressor stops (5 min)



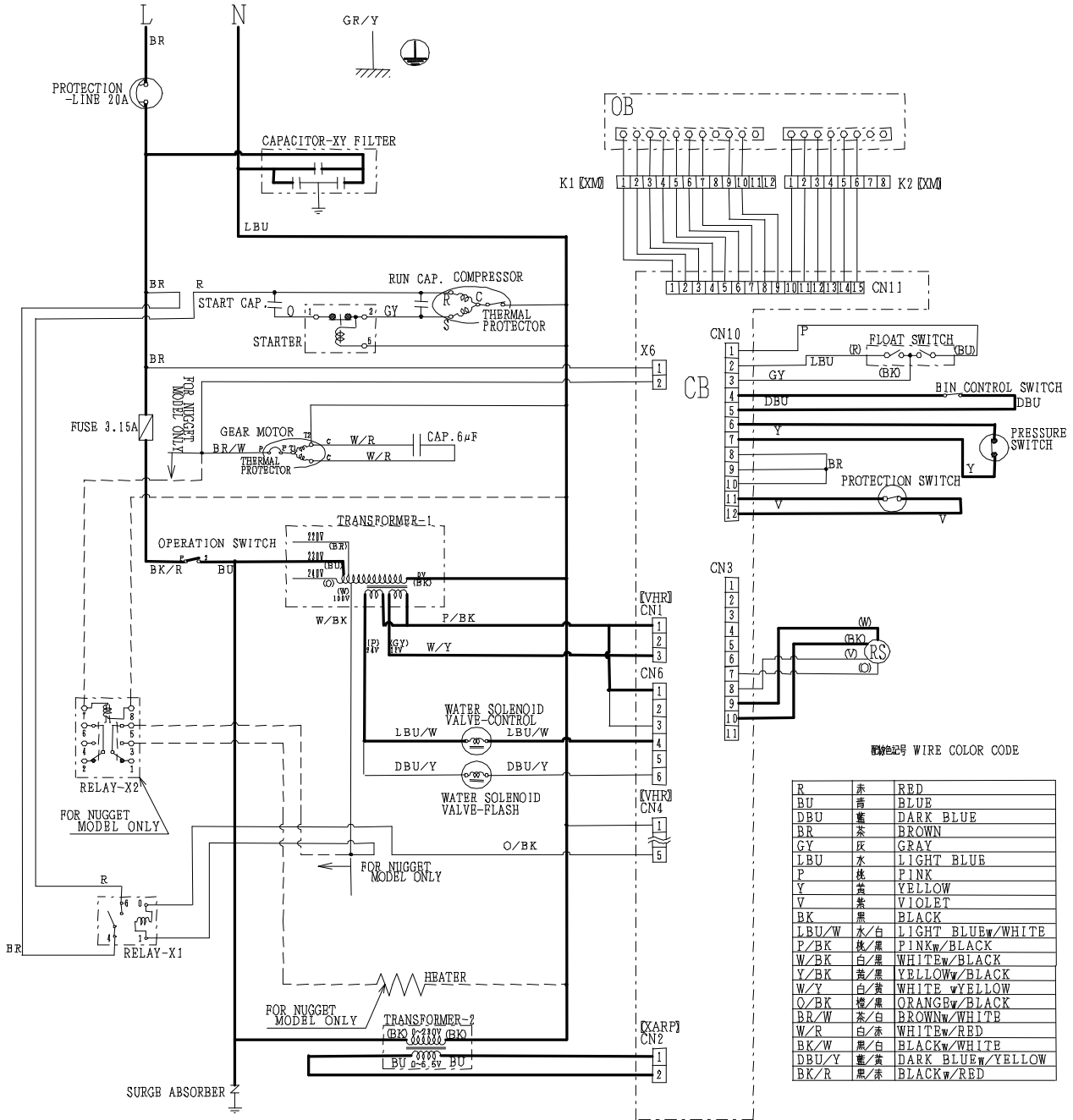
FM-481AGE(-N)

(6) Shutdown - Drain



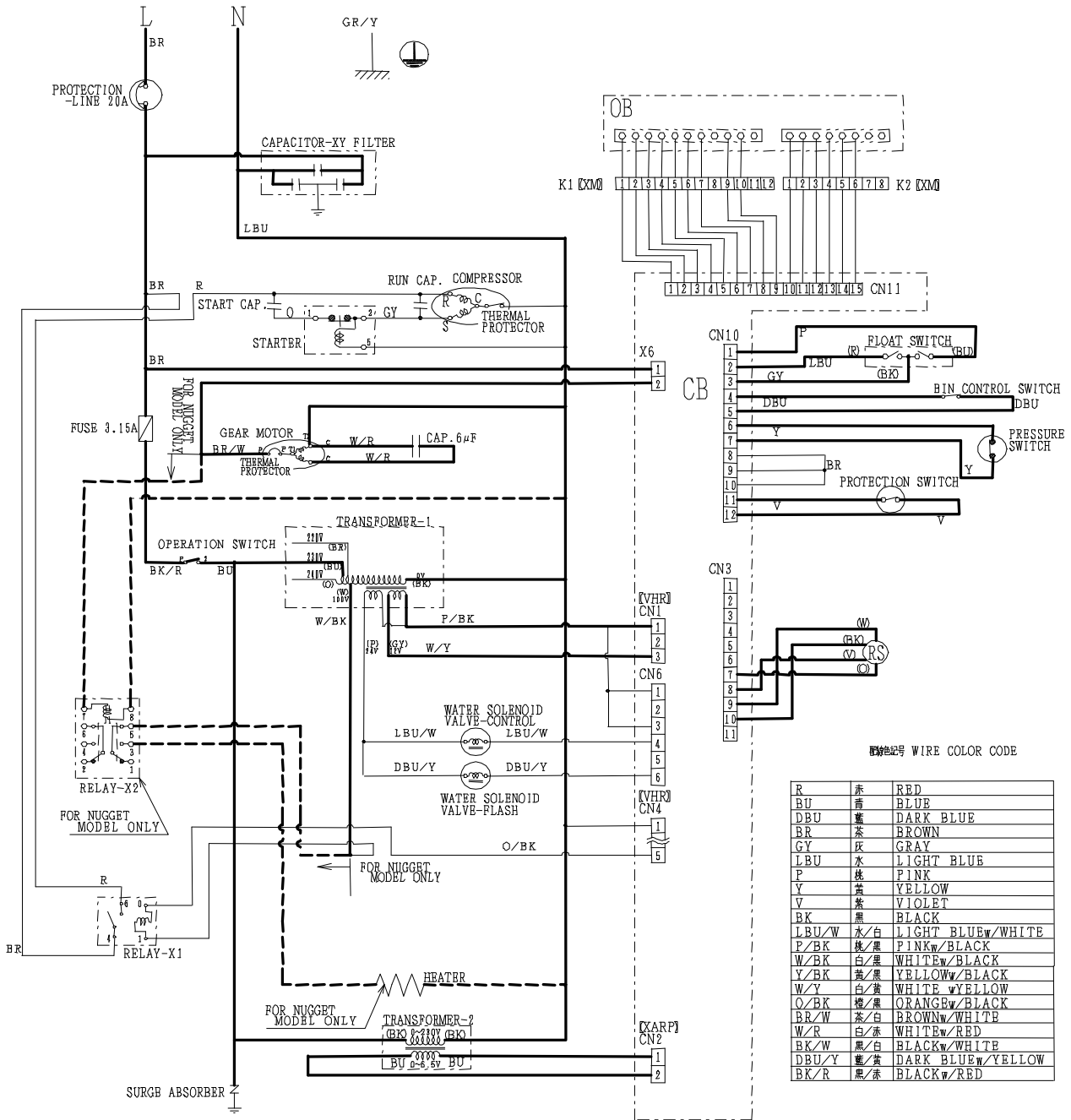
FM-481AWGE(-N)

(1) Startup - Water Supply



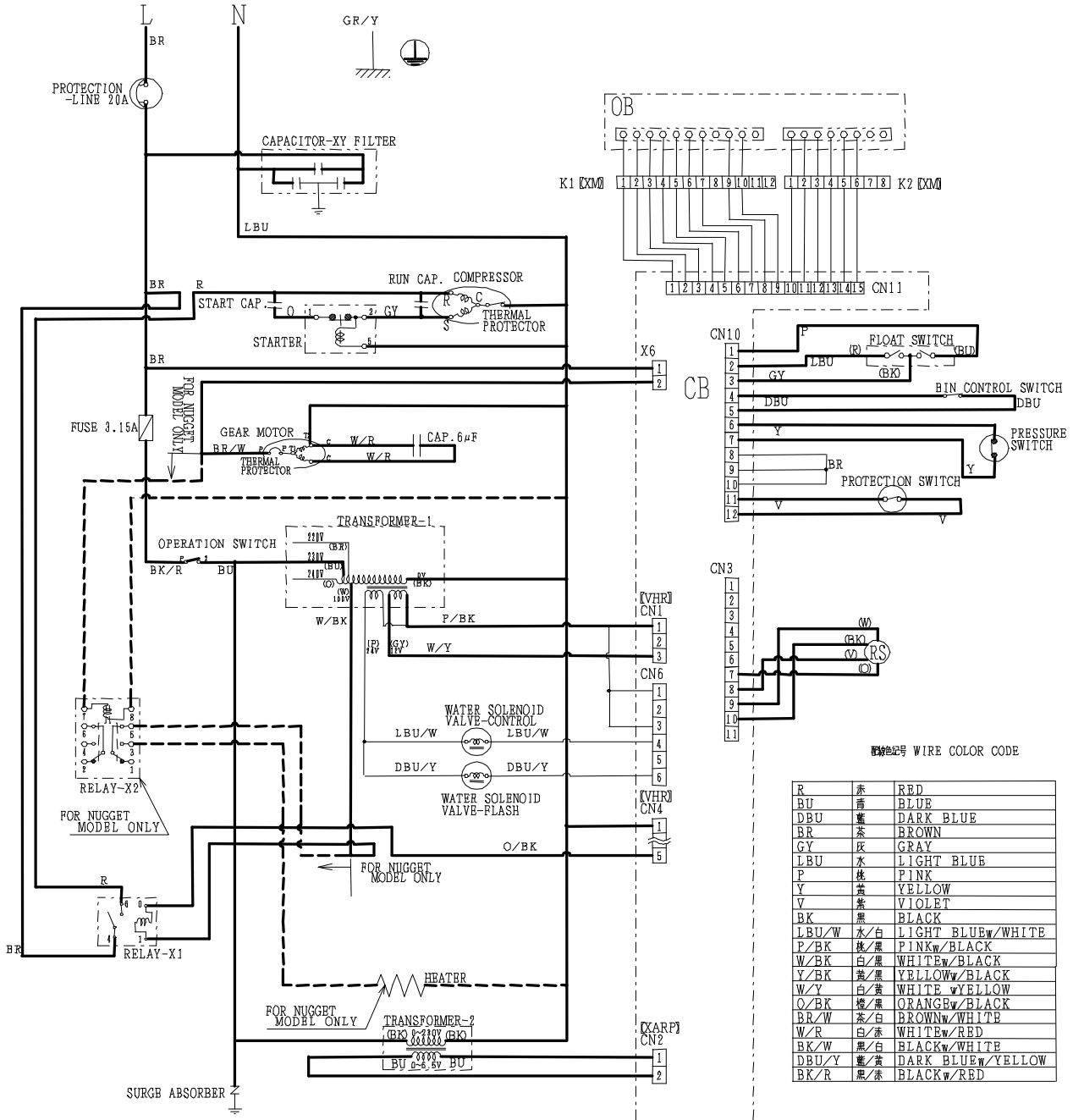
FM-481AWGE(-N)

(2) Startup - After completion of water supply, Gear Motor and Fan Motor start (5 min).



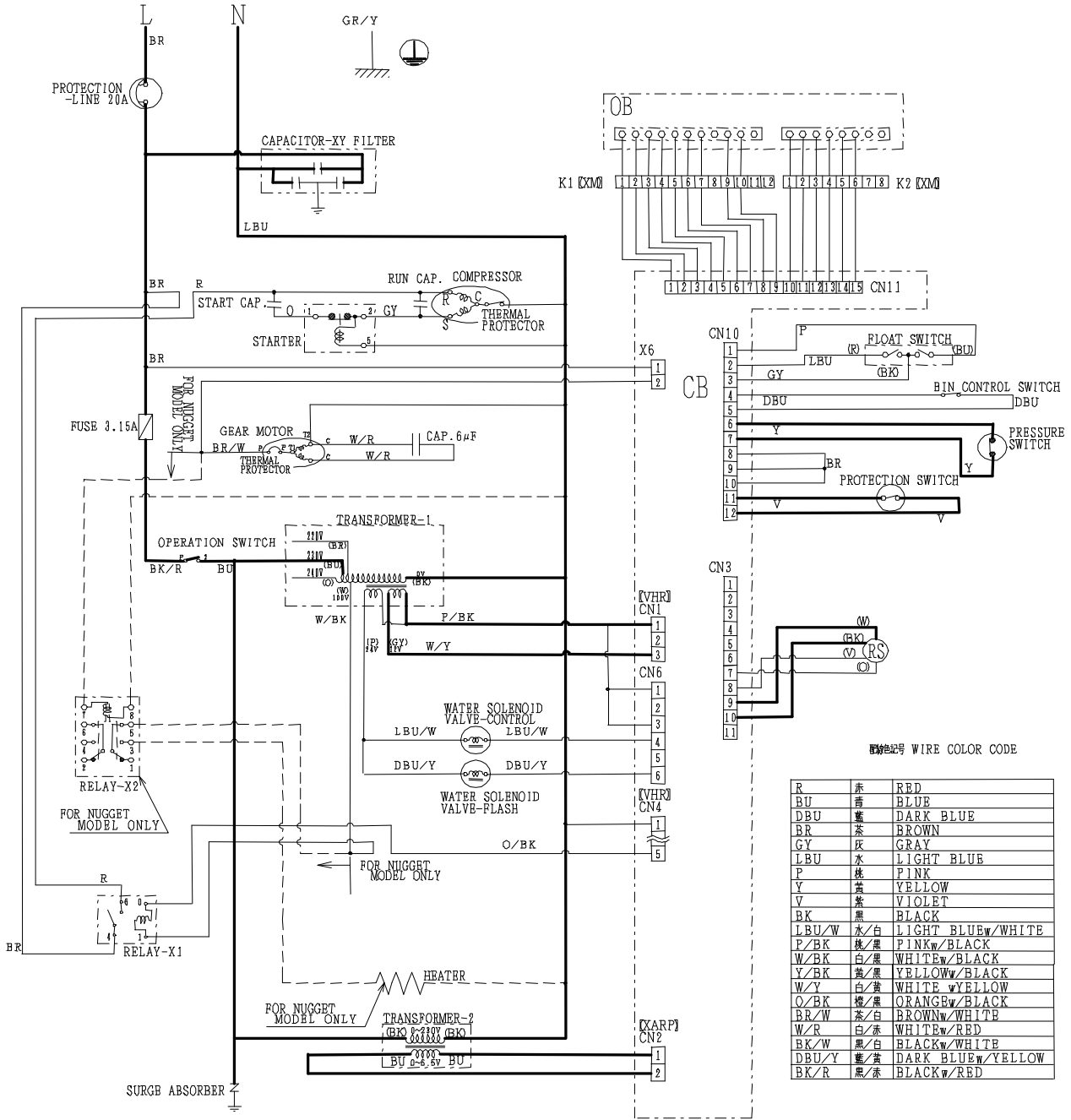
FM-481AWGE(-N)

(3) Startup - Ice production starts



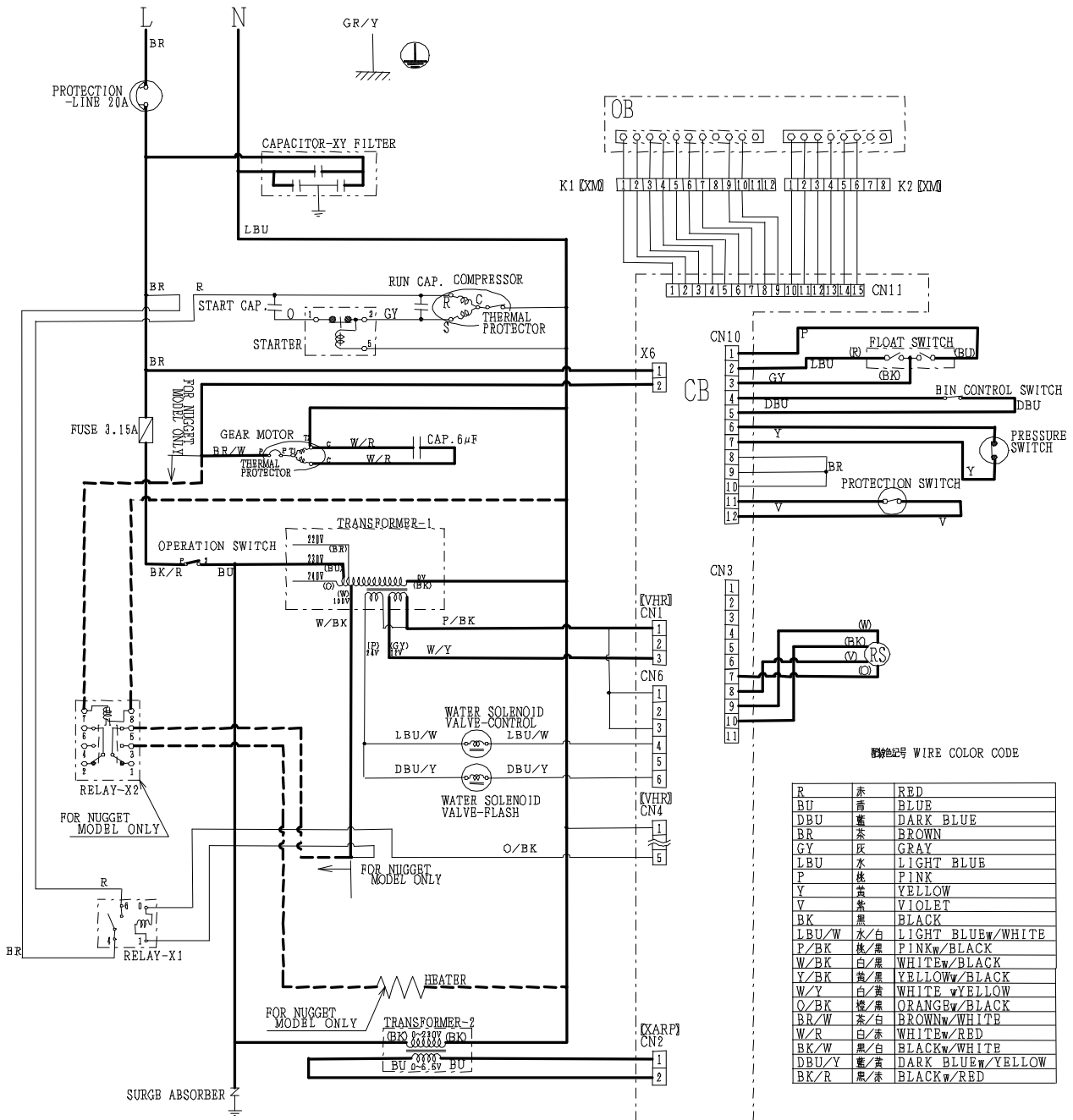
FM-481AWGE(-N)

(4) Normal Operation - Bin Control



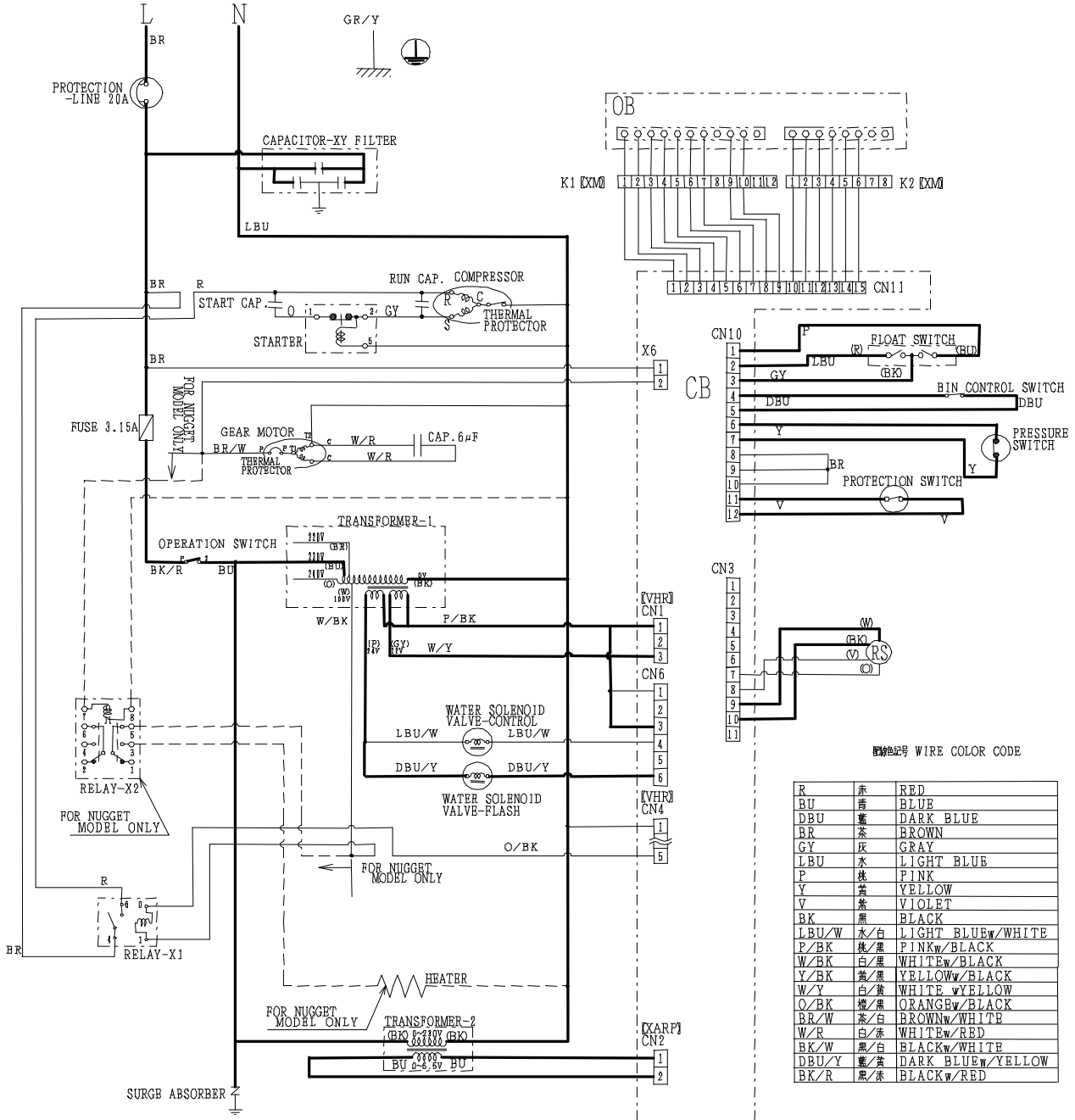
FM-481AWGE(-N)

(5) Shutdown - Compressor stops (5 min)



FM-481AWGE(-N)

(6) Shutdown - Drain



[d] OPERATION BOARD

The Operation Board is provided for operation of the icemaker. See “7. OPERATION BOARD” for details.

[e] CONTROLLER BOARD

The icemaker is controlled by the Controller Board based on the following logic:

1) Low Voltage Standby

In a low voltage condition, the Compressor and Gear Motor may fail to start or rotate properly due to insufficient torque. This could result in a twisted Evaporator. The icemaker will stop icemaking operation until the proper voltage is restored.

2) Ice Production Control

In a low ambient or water temperature condition, the ice production capacity will increase. Then, the Gear Motor will have a larger torque to scrape off ice, which will overload the entire icemaking mechanism.

3) Error Code Indication

When the icemaker shuts down with a trouble, an error code will be displayed immediately to notify the user. To facilitate servicing, ask the user for the applicable error code, and prepare for the trouble in advance.

4) Flush Timer

The previous models were equipped with a Flush Timer that periodically flushes the water circuit to prevent water deposits from entering the Bearing and accelerating its wear. The latest models have the Controller Board provided with this function of the Flush Timer. During the flush cycle, the Display Window on the Operation Board will illuminate “DRAIN”. As the auger type icemaker continuously produces ice, the content of substances included in the icemaking water inside the Evaporator Casing is three to five times as high as that in the supplied water. As a result, substances such as calcium, magnesium, and silica contained in water will attach and deposit inside the Evaporator Casing to reduce the ice production capacity or accelerate wear on the moving parts.

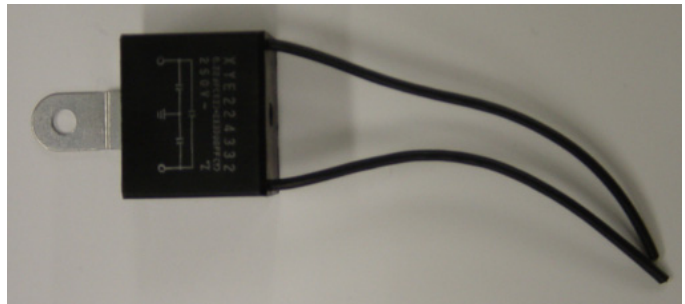
[f] SURGE ABSORBER

The Surge Absorber is provided to protect the Controller Board from lightning.



[g] CAPACITOR - XY FILTER

The Capacitor - XY Filter is provided to prevent the Controller Board from signal errors caused by internal and external noises.



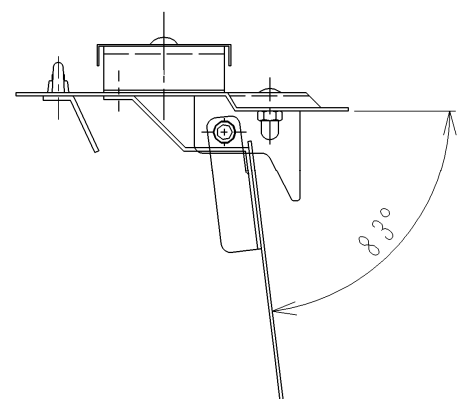
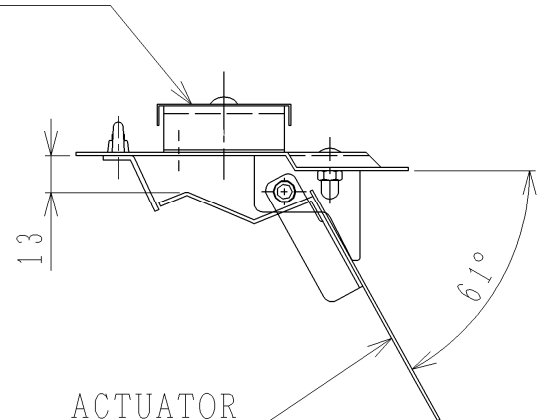
[h] BIN CONTROL SWITCH

The Bin Control Switch is composed of a Proximity Switch and Actuator. When the Chute fills up, ice will push up the Actuator on top of the Chute to switch off the Proximity Switch. After 7 seconds, the Controller Board will stop the Gear Motor and Compressor at the same time. When ice is used, the Actuator will return to the original position to switch on the Proximity Switch. The Gear Motor will restart in 7 seconds, and the Compressor in 5 minutes.

When the Bin Control Switch seems to have malfunctioned, check the dimensions of the Actuator as well as the operation of the Proximity Switch. Also, if the Chute Switch or the Gear Motor Circuit Protector has operated for some unidentified reason, be sure to check the Actuator for proper dimensions.

- 1) Remove the Bin Control Switch from the Chute.
- 2) Move the Actuator to the maximum operation angle as shown below (top). Check that the Actuator is about 13 mm away from the Barrier. If not, replace the whole Bin Control Switch assembly.

BIN CONTROL

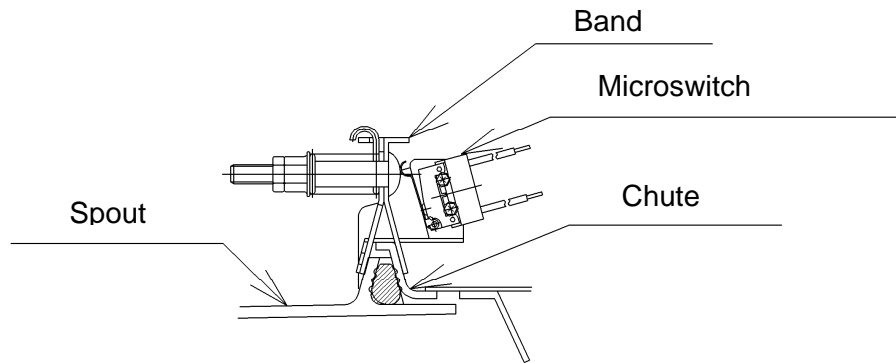


[i] CHUTE SWITCH

The Chute Switch consists of a microswitch and a band securing the Spout and Chute. When the Bin Control Switch breaks down, the band opens and presses the button on the microswitch (contacts open) to stop the icemaker (error code: EL).

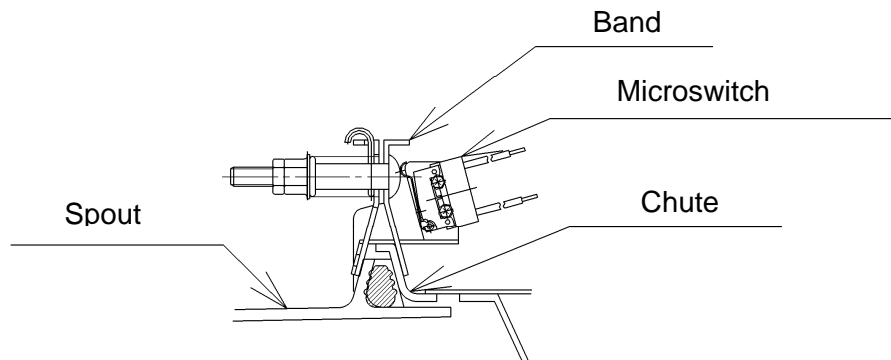
To restart the icemaker, remove ice from the Spout and Chute, and move the Operation Switch to the "STOP" position, then to the "RUN" position.

Normal Condition



Abnormal Condition

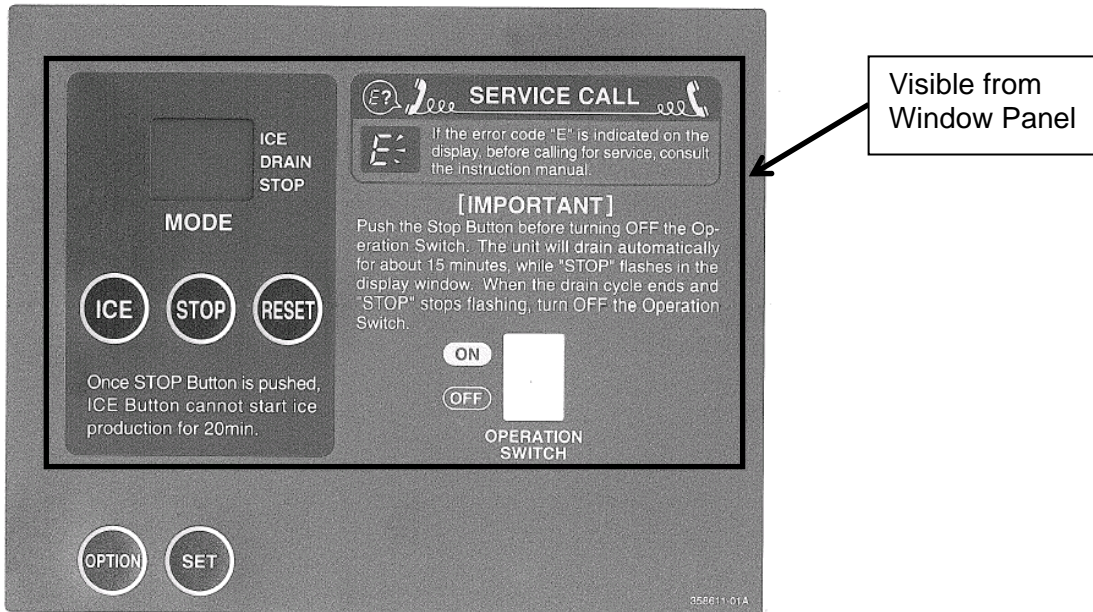
(Band moves and presses microswitch)



[j] DEICING HEATER (BELT HEATER) - FM-481AGE-N/AWGE-N ONLY

The Deicing Heater is provided to reduce the load of ice passing the Extruding Head and prevent vapor lock. If the Extruding Head is clogged with ice, a creaking sound will be heard, or the Evaporator Cylinder will expand to break the soldered joint between the Cylinder and Copper Tube, where condensate may enter and freeze to crush the Copper Tube. In the previous models, the Flange was welded to secure the Spout, which may cause cracked welded joints.

7. OPERATION BOARD



[a] USER OPERATION (accessible from the Window Panel)

ICE = When pressed in the STOP mode, the unit will be supplied with water and start icemaking operation.

STOP = When pressed in the ICE mode, the unit will stop icemaking operation and drain.

RESET = When pressed during shutdown with an error code displayed, the unit may restart icemaking operation. Unless the cause of the error is removed, the unit may stop again with the error code returned.

OPERATION SWITCH = Power supply for the icemaker. Turn it OFF to shut down the unit for a long time. The Crankcase Heater will remain energized after the switch is turned OFF.

[b] SERVICE OPERATION (Remove the Front Panel for access to the Option and Set Buttons)

CAUTION

Removal of the Front Panel will expose moving and hot parts. It is allowed for qualified service personnel only.

1) Setting Model No.

The Model Setting No. must be set at the time of replacement of the Controller Board. Check the Model Setting No. specified on the wiring label. Improper setting may result in failure or inoperability.

Keep pressing the Set Button, and turn ON the Operation Switch.

Release the Set Button when the Display Window shows "01".

Press the Ice Button to increase the number, or press the Stop Button to decrease the number until it matches the Model Setting No. on the wiring label.

Press the Set Button again to complete the setting and start icemaking operation in the ICE mode.

2) Displaying Model Setting No.

Keep pressing the Option Button in the ICE or STOP mode.

The Display Window will show the compressor operating hours ([b] - 3).

Press and release the Ice Button.

The Display Window will show the freeze cycle time ([b] - 9).

When “- -” appears, press and release the Ice Button.

The Display Window will show the active Model Setting No.

Release the Option Button to return to the original mode.

3) Displaying Compressor Operating Hours

Keep pressing the Option Button in the ICE or STOP mode.

The Display Window will show the compressor operating hours.

“00” indicates the operating hours less than 1,000 hours.

“01” indicates not less than 1,000 hours but less than 2,000 hours.

⋮

“25” indicates not less than 25,000 hours but less than 26,000 hours.

4) Resetting Compressor Operating Hours

Do NOT use this command unless necessary.

With the Operation Switch in the OFF position, keep pressing the Ice + Stop + Option Buttons together, and turn ON the Operation Switch.

Release the Buttons when the Display Window shows the ICE mode.

The Compressor will start 15 seconds after completion of water supply.

The Hot Gas Valve will not open.

The compressor operating hours has been reset.

5) Displaying Error Record

Keep pressing the Option Button in the ICE or STOP mode.

The Display Window will show the compressor operating hours ([b] - 3).

Press and release the Stop Button to display the error record.

A maximum of eight most recent errors will be displayed in reverse order of occurrence, including those not informed to the user.

“- -” shows the end of the error record.

Release the Option Button to return to the original mode.

6) Displaying Ongoing Error

Keep pressing the Option Button in the ICE or STOP mode.
The Display Window will show the compressor operating hours ([b] - 3).
Press and release the Stop Button to display the error record ([b] - 5).
The most recent errors will be displayed in reverse order of occurrence.
When “– –” appears, press and release the Stop Button.
The Display Window will show the ongoing error.
Release the Option Button to return to the original mode.

7) Resetting Error Record

Before resetting the errors, record them on the Inspection Record attached to the Front Panel.

With the Operation Switch in the OFF position, keep pressing the Stop + Option Buttons together, and turn ON the Operation Switch.
Release the Buttons when the Display Window shows the ICE mode.
The error record has been reset. Do NOT use this command unless necessary.

8) Displaying Gear Motor Errors

Keep pressing the Option Button in the ICE or STOP mode.
The Display Window will show the compressor operating hours ([b] - 3).
Press and release the Stop Button to display the error record ([b] - 5).
The most recent errors will be displayed in reverse order of occurrence.
When “– –” appears, press and release the Stop Button ([b] - 6).
Press and release the Stop Button to indicate numerals and/or letters six times.
When “– –” appears, release the Option Button to return to the original mode.

The numerals and/or letters are indicated in hexadecimal notation.
The numerals 0 - 9 are used as 0 - 9, A as 10, b as 11, C as 12, d as 13, E as 14, and F as 15.
In other words, they need conversion to decimal notation by calculating “1st numeral or letter x 16 + 2nd numeral or letter”.
The converted number presents the frequency of occurrence.

(Example)

Seven Segment Display	Frequency of Occurrence in Decimal Notation
00	$0 \times 16 + 0 = 0$ time
08	$0 \times 16 + 8 = 8$ times
10	$1 \times 16 + 0 = 16$ times
36	$3 \times 16 + 6 = 54$ times
A1	$10 \times 16 + 1 = 161$ times
C0	$12 \times 16 + 0 = 192$ times
FF	$15 \times 16 + 15 = 255$ times

The numerals and/or letters will appear in the following order:

1	GM locking detected by current + GM hunting detected by current + (Low GM rotation speed + High GM current + Voltage above low voltage sensor reset level)
2	GM locking detected by current
3	GM hunting detected by current
4	Low GM rotation speed + High GM current + Voltage above low voltage sensor reset level
5	Abnormal low voltage
6	Freeze up

9) Displaying Freeze Cycle Time

The five most recent freeze cycles are memorized and will be deleted by turning OFF the Operation Switch.

Keep pressing the Option Button in the ICE or STOP mode.

The Display Window will show the compressor operating hours ([b] - 3).

Press and release the Ice Button to display the freeze cycle time (max. five cycles).

Release the Option Button to return to the original mode.

The freeze cycle time is displayed with two digits each for minutes [o - E] + [0 - 9] and seconds [0 - 5] + [0 - 9].

Minutes

[o] + [0 - 9] = 0 - 9 min

[A] + [0 - 9] = 10 - 19 min

[b] + [0 - 9] = 20 - 29 min

[C] + [0 - 9] = 30 - 39 min

[d] + [0 - 9] = 40 - 49 min

[E] + [0 - 9] = 50 - 59 min

Seconds

[0 - 5] + [0 - 9]

(Example)

[o] + [9] [4] + [8] = 9 minutes 48 seconds

[b] + [7] [3] + [6] = 27 minutes 36 seconds

An approximate ice production capacity can be calculated from the freeze cycle time:

Flake Ice production capacity (kg/d) = 65,000 / cycle time (sec)

Nugget Ice production capacity (kg/d) = 55,000 / cycle time (sec)

This is just an approximate ice production capacity. The capacity depends on ambient temperature, water temperature, voltage, and frequency. To determine an accurate capacity, use a container to receive ice produced for 10 minutes, measure its weight, and convert it into daily production. Take three measurements, and calculate their average.

10) Reducing Compressor Startup Time

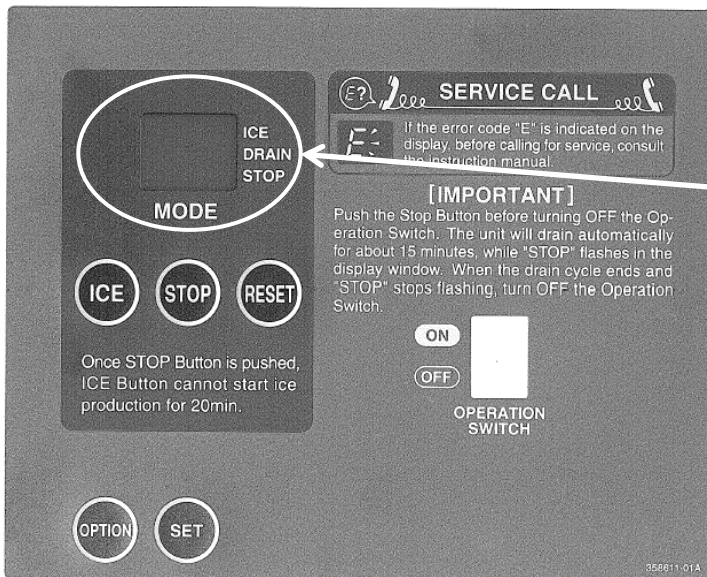
With the Operation Switch in the OFF position, keep pressing the Option Button, and turn ON the Operation Switch.

Release the Option Button when the Display Window shows the ICE mode.

The Compressor will start up about 30 seconds after completion of water supply.

8. PROTECTORS

[a] INDICATION



When an error occurs, "E_" or "c_" will appear in the Display Window. Some of the "c_" errors are not displayed and must be checked with error records.

When an operational error occurs, "E_" will appear and blink in the Display Window on the Operation Board, and the icemaker will stop. When a service call is received, ask the user to check which error code is in the Display Window. Then, see the error code table in "9. ERROR CODES" to locate the cause.

[b] PROTECTORS

1) Compressor

Internal Inherent Motor Protector

Senses a temperature rise of the Compressor, and internally shuts off the circuit. Automatically resets when the temperature goes down. If the Compressor takes a long time to restart, the Ice Production Timer may shut down the unit with "E1" in the Display Window. In this case, press the Reset Button.

Internal Pressure Relief Valve

Allows discharge gas into the low side to prevent damage to the Compressor when the discharge pressure rises excessively. The bypassed gas will trip the above-mentioned Internal Inherent Motor Protector which will not reset until the temperature goes down.

2) Gear Motor

Rotation Sensor

Counts the motor rotation time in every cycle. Controls to reduce the load by flowing hot gas when the rotation slows down. Shuts down the icemaker when the rotation slows down further.

Thermal Protector

Provided on the motor coil. Operates when the motor temperature rises. The protector is auto-reset, but the controller shuts down the icemaker. Press the Reset Button to restart.

The above protectors indicate "E3", "Ed" or "EE". When "Ed" or "EE" appears ten times, "EJ" will be displayed. The Evaporator has been frequently overloaded. This could result in an excessively worn Gear or a broken screw on the Housing.

3) Fan Motor

The auto-reset Fuse attached to the motor coil will operate when the motor temperature rises. For the air-cooled models, the High Pressure Switch will turn on and off the icemaker. "E4" may appear in the Display Window.

4) Overcurrent Protector

Trips to shut down the icemaker in case of overcurrent conditions. Manual-reset.

5) Chute Switch

If the Bin Control Switch fails to operate, the Spout and Chute will be clogged with ice and disconnected to spill ice. The Chute Switch is installed to prevent this trouble. "EL" will appear in the Display Window when the Chute Switch operates.

6) Low Water

In case of low water or clogged water supply circuit, the icemaker will shut down unless the Float Switch trips at the upper float level within 5 minutes after tripping at the lower float level. The Water Valve will open and close every 5 minutes until the Float Switch trips at the upper float level. The record of low water is indicated by the code "c1" when the Option and Stop Buttons are pressed in servicing.

7) Ice Production Timer

Detects reduction in ice production capacity unless the Float Switch trips at the lower float level within 30 minutes for the first freeze cycle and 15 minutes for the second and subsequent cycles after tripping at the upper float level. "E1" will appear in the Display Window.

8) Water Leak

Detects a water leak if the water level goes down with the Compressor out of operation after the first water supply cycle (i.e. no ice production). "E0" will appear in the Display Window.

9) Float Switch

The Float Switch or connector may have a bad contact if the Float Switch trips at the upper float level but not at the lower float level with the Flush Water Valve closed. "E2" will appear in the Display Window.

10) High Pressure Switch

Operates at a high condensing pressure when the air-cooled model has a clogged Air Filter or a dirty Condenser or the water-cooled model is in a low water condition or has a dirty heat exchanger inside the Condenser. "E4" will appear in the Display Window when the Pressure Switch trips five times within an hour.

11) Voltage

If the supply voltage is too low, the Compressor may fail to start properly, or the Gear Motor may lock to cause freeze-up inside the Evaporator. To prevent these troubles, the icemaker will shut down and wait until the proper voltage is restored. "EF" will appear in the Display Window.

9. ERROR CODES

Interlock Errors

Code	Error	Condition	Operation	Reset	Check/Repair
E0	Icemaking Water Leak	Following initial water supply, Float Switch trips at lower float level after Gear Motor starts and before Compressor starts.	Whole unit stops.	Press Reset Button.	Water leak, Flush Water Valve not closing, Float Switch
E1	Low Ice Production	Icemaking cycle takes too long.	Whole unit stops.	Press Reset Button.	Gas leak, Control Water Valve not closing, Vapor lock, Freeze up, Float Switch
E2	Float Switch Error	With Flush Water Valve OFF, Float Switch trips at both upper and lower float levels for 2 seconds.	Whole unit stops.	Press Reset Button.	Float Switch
E3	Gear Motor Error or Gear Motor Sensor Circuit Open	Gear Motor is ON with Rotation Sensor or Current Sensor circuit open.	Whole unit stops.	Press Reset Button.	Rotation Sensor, Current Sensor Gear Motor protective circuit (TPO, Overload, etc.)
		Gear Motor Relay is ON with Gear Motor protective circuit detector OFF.			
E4	Abnormal High Side Pressure	c2 error occurs 5 times in 1 hour of Compressor operation.	E4 blinks.	N/A	Fan Motor, Cooling water circuit, Refrigeration circuit, Condenser clogged, Water supply, Installation conditions
E5	Gear Motor Drive Element Error	Gear Motor is OFF on Controller Board while Rotation Sensor signals Gear Motor rotation or current flows.	Whole unit stops.	Press Reset Button.	Miswiring, Gear Motor Magnet Switch or Relay Replace Controller Board.
E8	Discharge Pipe Temperature Error	Discharge Pipe Thermostat is OFF.	Whole unit stops.	Press Reset Button.	Gas leak, Compressor Cooling Fan failure
EA	Water Temperature Thermistor Circuit Open	Water Temperature Thermistor circuit is open.	EA blinks.	N/A	Water Temperature Thermistor
Eb	Condenser Center Thermistor Circuit Open	Condenser Center Thermistor circuit is open.	Eb blinks.	N/A	Condenser Center Thermistor
EC	Resistor Circuit Open	Resistor circuit is open.	Whole unit stops.	Press Reset Button.	Resistor
Ed	Abnormal Gear Motor Current	Current Sensor detects locked or hunting Gear Motor.	Whole unit stops.	Press Reset Button.	Gear Motor locked, hunting or overloaded
EE	Gear Motor Rotation Error	Rotation Sensor detects reversing.	Whole unit stops.	Press Reset Button.	Gear Motor locked, hunting, reversing or overloaded
		Rotation rate reduces with current higher than setting and voltage exceeding low voltage reset setting.			

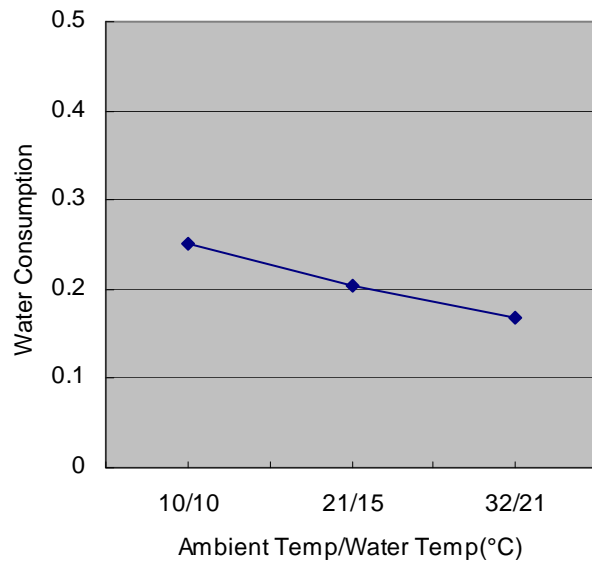
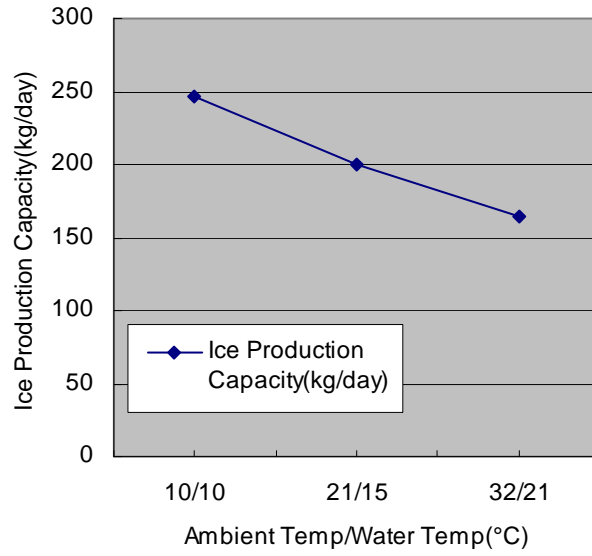
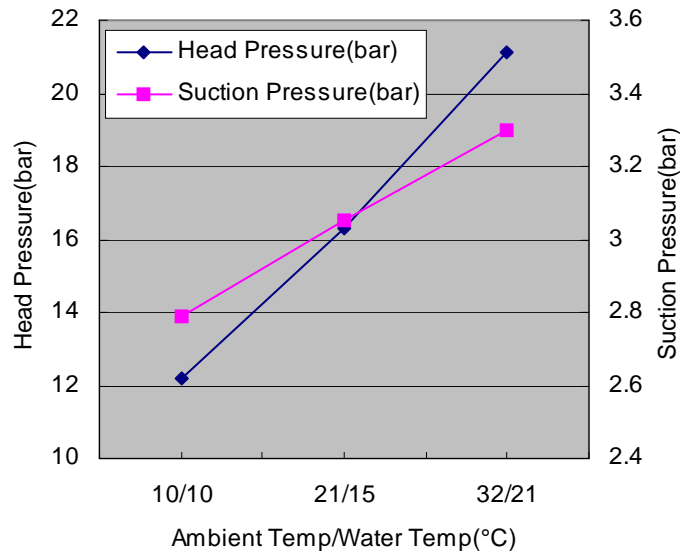
Code	Error	Condition	Operation	Reset	Check/Repair
EF	Frequent Voltage Error	c3 error occurs 3 times in 24 hours.	Whole unit stops.	Press Reset Button.	Supply voltage
EJ	Gear Motor Failure Precaution	Ed and EE occur 10 times in total.	EJ blinks.	N/A	Replace Evaporator and Gear Motor.
EL	Bin Control Switch Error	Bin Control Protective Switch trips.	Whole unit stops.	Press Reset Button.	Bin Control Switch
En	Low Voltage Sensing Transformer Circuit Open	Low Voltage Sensing Transformer circuit is open.	Whole unit stops.	Press Reset Button.	Low Voltage Sensing Transformer
EP	Controller Board Model Setting Error	No model setting.	Whole unit stops.	Press Reset Button.	Model setting
		Unacceptable supply frequency.			
EU	Controller Board Error	Controller Board IC fails.	Whole unit stops.	Press Reset Button.	Replace Controller Board.
None	Electric Leak Short Circuit	Electric leak or overcurrent.	Whole unit stops.	Press Reset Button. Replace Fuse.	Electric leak, Fuse

Non-Interlock Errors

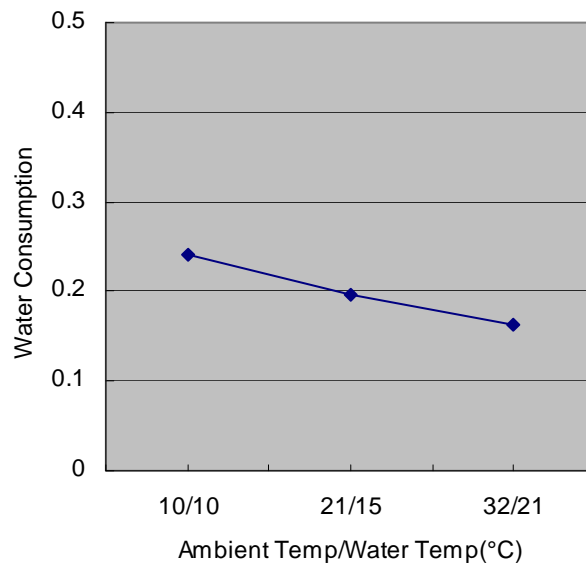
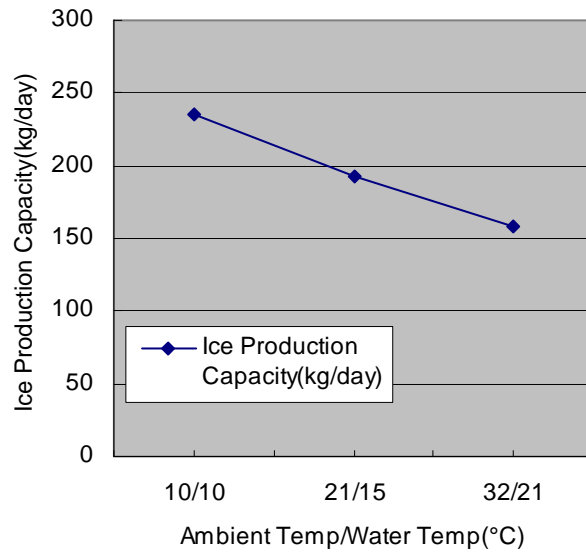
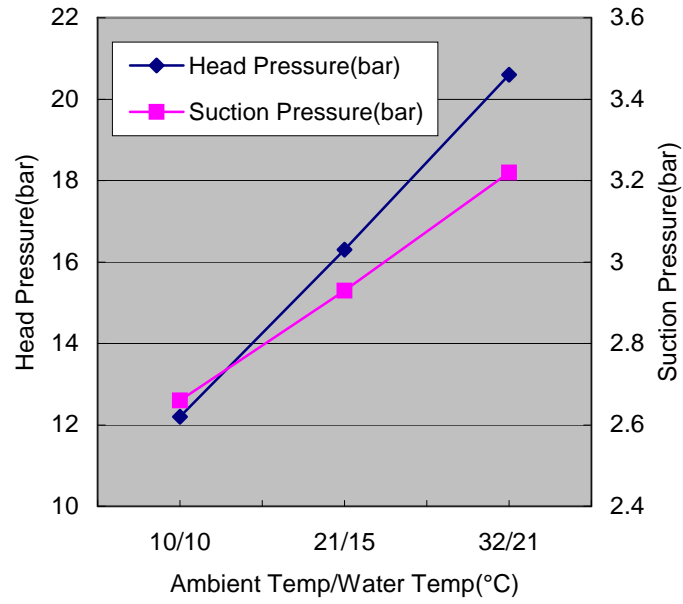
Code	Error	Condition	Operation	Reset	Check/Repair
CM Time “— —”	Microcomputer Read/Write Error	Microcomputer fails to read/write properly.	Memory circuit not available.	Replace Controller Board.	Error records and compressor operating hours not available on display
c1	Low Water	Water supply continues for more than 90 seconds, or Float Switch trips at lower float level and does not reset for more than 60 seconds after water supply.	Whole unit stops until Reservoir fills up. Only Control Water Valve operates intermittently for 5 minutes.	Automatically resets after Reservoir fills up.	Water supply interruption, Control Water Valve not opening, Flush Water Valve not closing, Float Switch, Water leak
c2	Abnormal High Side Pressure	Pressure Switch stays OFF for 5 seconds.	Whole unit stops.	Automatically resets after Pressure Switch turns ON.	Condenser clogged, Cooling water circuit, Refrigeration circuit
c3	Abnormal Low Voltage	Voltage stays below setting for more than 1 second with Compressor ON and Control Water Valve OFF.	c3 blinks.	Automatically resets after voltage stays above reset setting for 2 minutes.	Supply voltage
c4	Drain Error	Float Switch trips at upper float level in 10 minutes after Flush Water Valve turns ON.	Indication only.	N/A	Flush Water Valve not opening, Control Water Valve not closing
c5	Gear Motor Error	Rotation rate reduces.	Whole unit stops except Control Water Valve.	Automatically resets after 2 minutes.	Gear Motor overloaded

10. PERFORMANCE DATA

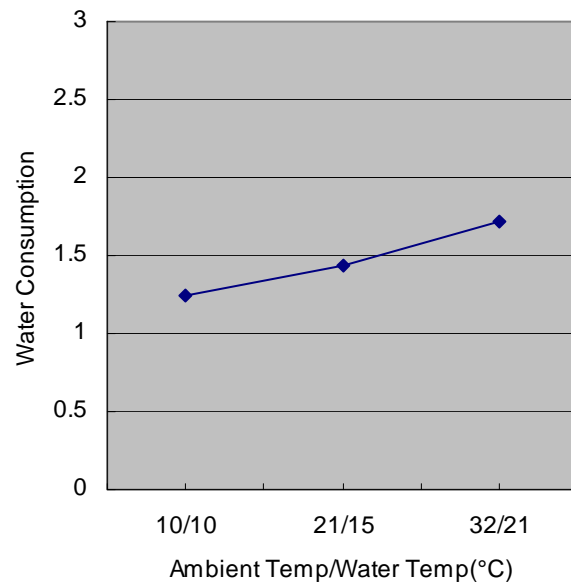
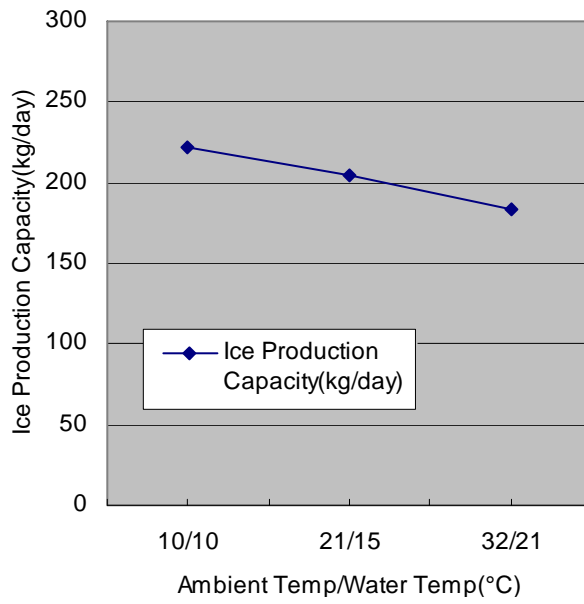
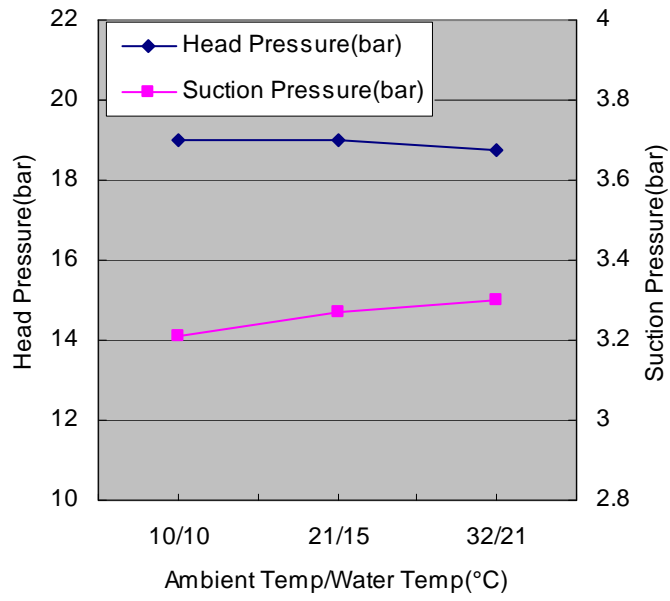
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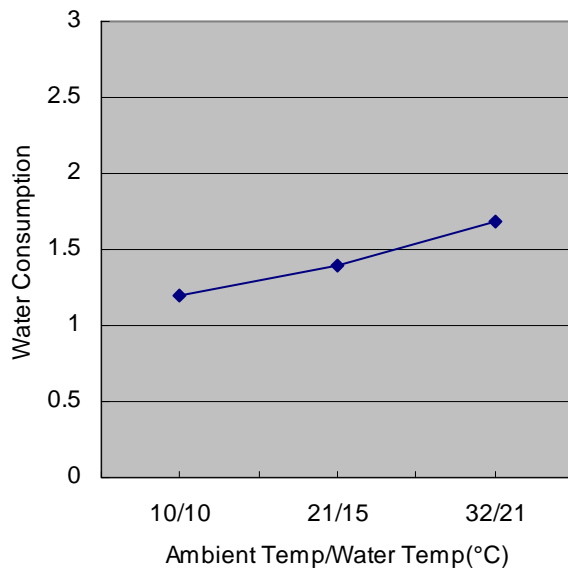
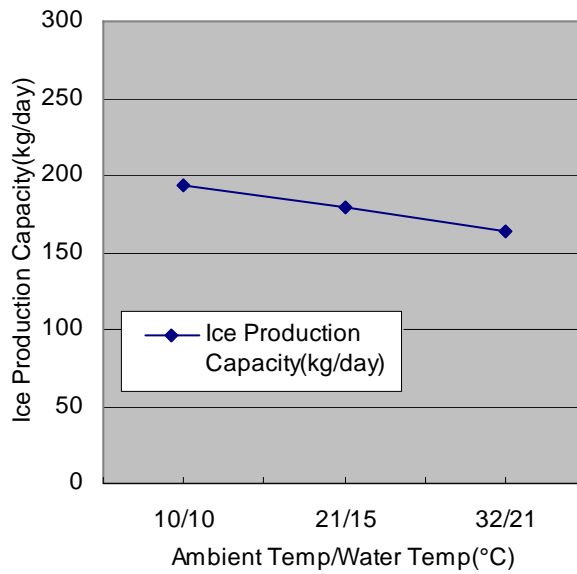
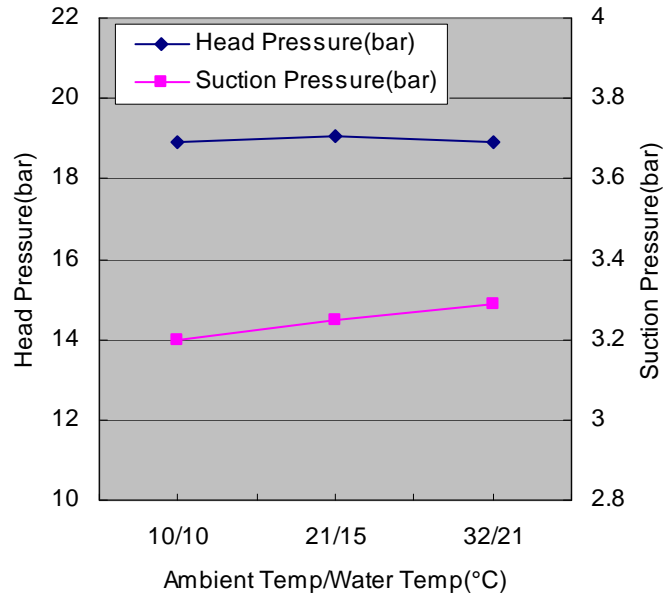
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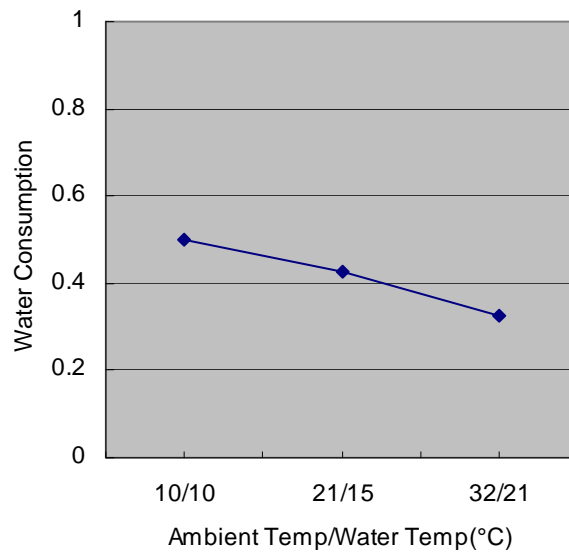
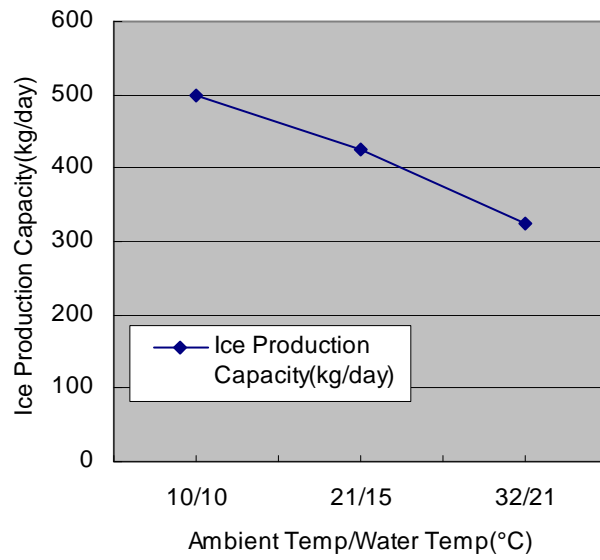
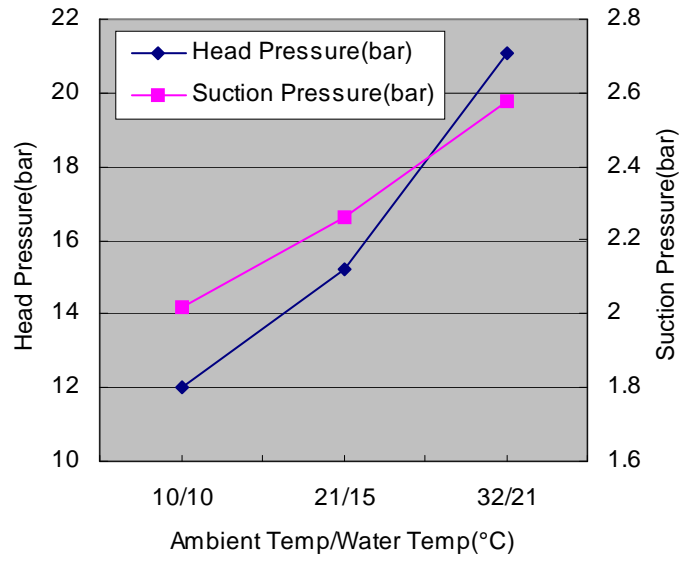
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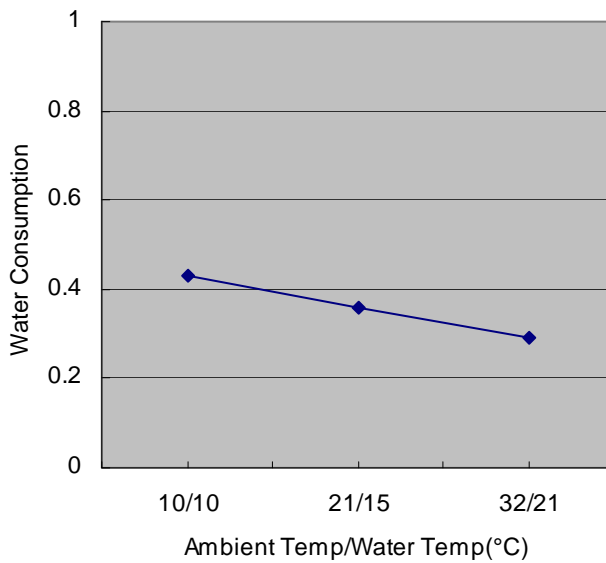
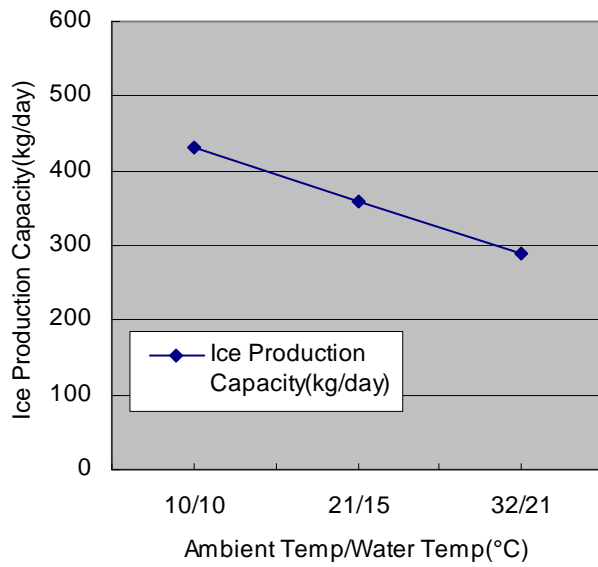
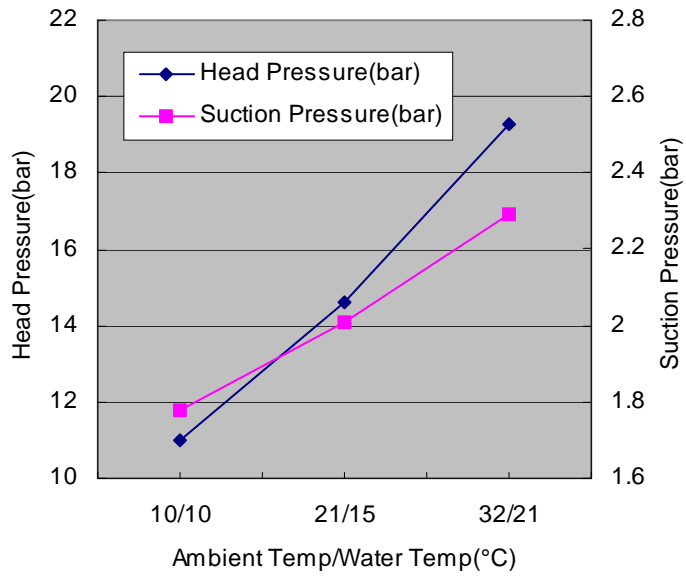
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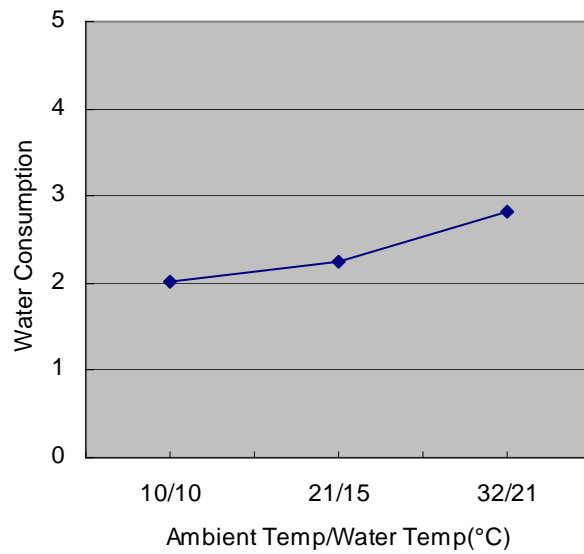
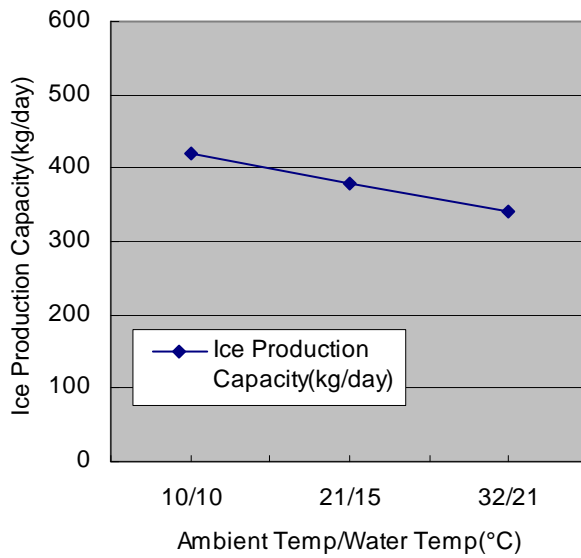
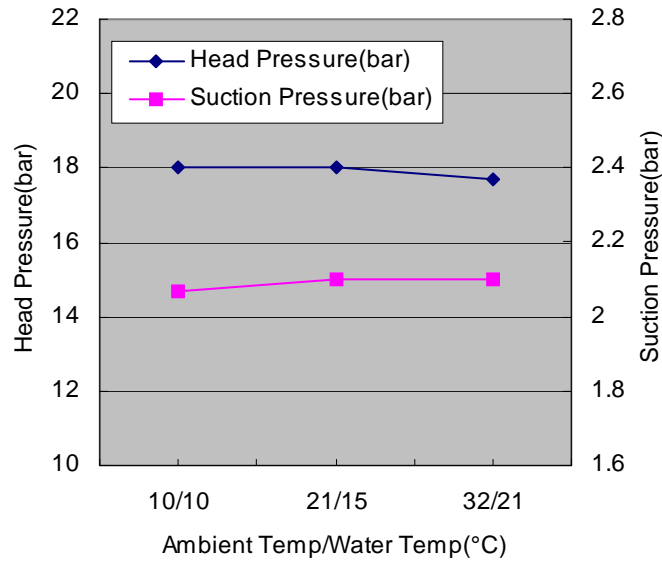
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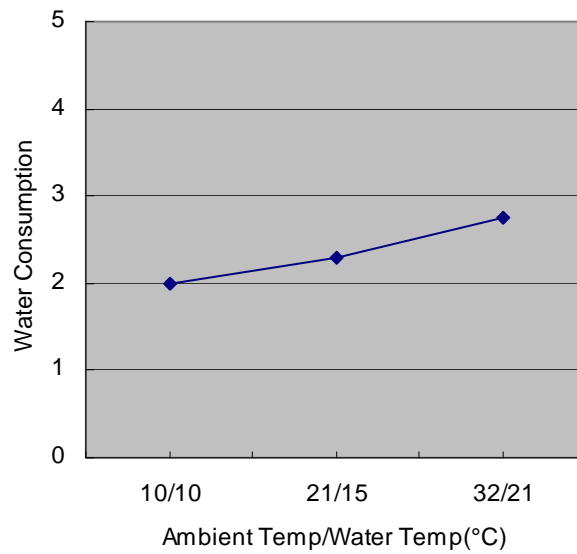
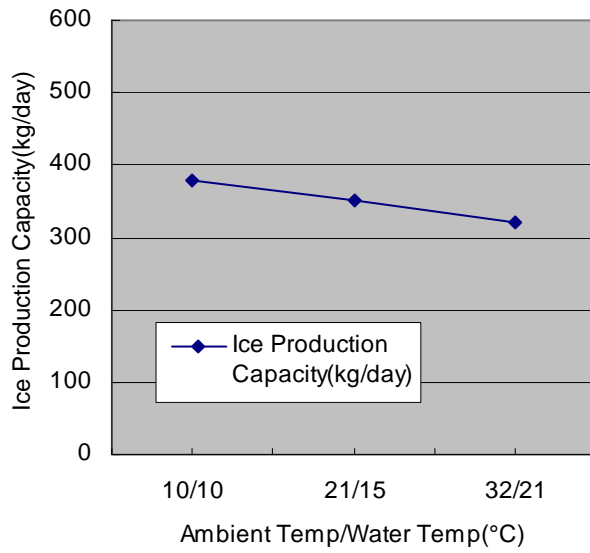
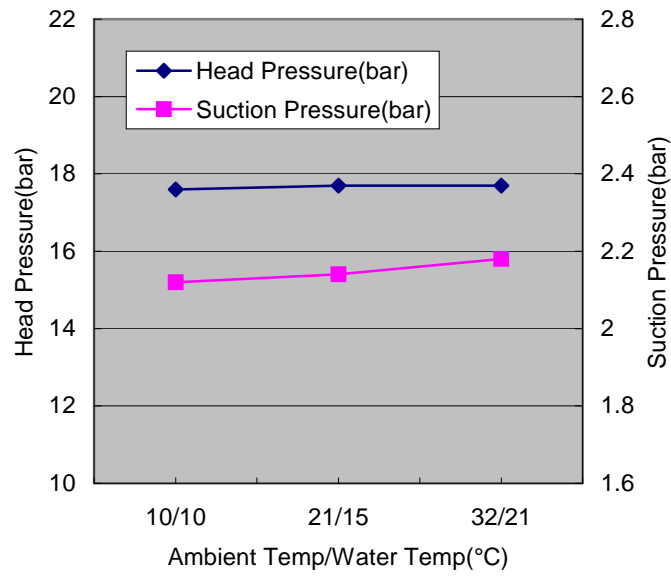
[f] FM-481AGE-N



[g] FM-481AWGE



[h] FM-481AWGE-N



IV. SERVICE DIAGNOSIS

Display error record by operating the Operation Board (See “III. 7. [b] 5) Displaying Error Record”). Check for a possible cause and service the unit.

1. NO ICE PRODUCTION

PROBLEM	POSSIBLE CAUSE	REMEDY	
[1] The icemaker will not start.	a) Power Supply	1. OFF position.	1. Move to ON position.
		2. Loose connections.	2. Tighten.
		3. Bad contacts.	3. Check for continuity and replace.
		4. Blown fuse.	4. Replace.
		5. Voltage too low.	5. Get recommended voltage.
	b) Fuse (Controller Board)	1. Blown out. No indication on Operation Board.	1. Find out the cause of short circuit (ex. Control Water Valve, Flush Water Valve), resolve it, and replace Controller Board.
	c) Transformer Receptacle	1. Disconnected.	1. Connect.
	d) Operation Switch	1. OFF position.	1. Move to ON position.
		2. Bad contacts.	2. Check for continuity and replace.
	e) Transformer	1. Coil winding opened.	1. Replace.
	f) Water Valve	1. Coil winding opened.	1. Replace.
	g) Water Supply Tap	1. Closed.	1. Open.
		2. Water failure.	2. Wait till water is supplied.
h) Plug and Receptacle (Control Box)	1. Disconnected.	1. Connect.	
	2. Terminal out of Plug or Receptacle.	2. Insert Terminal back in position.	
i) Chute Switch	1. Tripped.	1. See “III. 6. [i] CHUTE SWITCH”.	
j) Overload Protector	1. Tripped.	2. Reset.	
k) Model Setting No.	1. Incorrect.	2. Set correct No. See “III. 7. [b] 1) Setting Model No.”	
[2] Water does not stop, and the icemaker will not start.	a) Water Control Relay (Controller Board)	1. Contacts fused.	1. Replace Controller Board.
		2. Coil winding opened.	2. Replace Controller Board.
	b) Float Switch	1. Bad contacts.	1. Check for continuity and replace.
		2. Float does not move freely.	2. Clean or replace.
	c) Flush Water Valve	1. Valve seat clogged and water leaking.	1. Clean or replace.
	d) Hoses	1. Disconnected.	1. Connect.
e) Mechanical Seal	1. Water leaks.	1. Replace.	
f) Reservoir	1. Cracked.	1. Replace.	
[3] Water has been supplied, but the icemaker will not start.	a) Bin Control	1. Bad contacts.	1. Check for continuity and replace.
		2. Actuator does not move freely.	2. Clean Axle and its corresponding holes or replace Bin Control. See “III. 6. [h] BIN CONTROL SWITCH”.

PROBLEM	POSSIBLE CAUSE		REMEDY
[3] (Continued)	b) Gear Motor Protector (Thermal Breaker)	1. Tripped.	1. Find out the cause, resolve it, and press Reset Button on Motor Protector.
	c) Controller Board	1. Broken.	1. Replace.
	d) Pressure Switch	1. Dirty Condenser fins.	1. Clean.
		2. Ambient temperature too warm.	2. Check for recommended temperature.
		3. Fan not rotating.	3. See 3 - [1] - a).
		4. Condenser water pressure too low or off.	4. Check and get recommended pressure.
		5. Water Regulating Valve clogged.	5. Clean.
		6. Refrigerant overcharged.	6. Recharge.
		7. Refrigerant line or components plugged.	7. Clean and replace Drier.
		8. Bad contacts.	8. Check for continuity and replace.
		9. Loose connections.	9. Tighten.
	e) Thermostat (Water-cooled Model)	1. Ambient temperature too warm.	1. Check for recommended temperature.
		2. Compressor Cooling Fan Motor defective.	2. Replace.
		3. Bad contacts.	3. Check for continuity and replace.
4. Loose connections.		4. Tighten.	
[4] Gear Motor starts, but Compressor will not start or operates intermittently.	a) X1 and X2 Relays	1. Bad contacts.	1. Check for continuity and replace Controller Board.
		2. Coil winding opened.	2. Replace Controller Board.
	b) Compressor	1. Loose connections.	1. Tighten.
		2. Motor winding opened or earthed.	2. Replace.
		3. Motor Protector tripped.	3. Find out the cause of overheat or overcurrent.
c) Power Supply	1. Circuit Ampacity too low.	1. Install a larger-sized conductor.	
d) Controller Board	1. Broken.	1. Replace	
[5] Gear Motor and Compressor start, but no ice is produced.	a) Refrigerant Line	1. Gas leaks.	1. Check for leaks with a leak detector. Reweld leak, replace Drier and charge with refrigerant. The amount of refrigerant is marked on Nameplate or Label.
		2. Refrigerant line clogged.	2. Replace the clogged component.

2. LOW ICE PRODUCTION

PROBLEM	POSSIBLE CAUSE		REMEDY
[1] Low ice production.	a) Refrigerant Line	1. Gas leaks.	1. See 1 - [5] - a).
		2. Refrigerant line clogged.	2. Replace the clogged component.
		3. Overcharged.	3. Recharge.
	b) High-side Pressure Too High	1. Dirty Air Filter or Condenser.	1. Clean.
		2. Ambient or condenser water temperature too warm.	2. Check for recommended temperature.
		3. Condenser water pressure too low or off.	3. Check and get recommended pressure.
		4. Fan rotating too slow.	4. See 3 - [1] - a).
		5. Water Regulating Valve clogged.	5. Clean.
	c) Expansion Valve (not adjustable)	1. Low-side pressure exceeding the limit.	1. Replace.
	d) Evaporator	1. Evaporator pipe crushed.	1. Replace.

3. OTHERS

PROBLEM	POSSIBLE CAUSE		REMEDY
[1] Abnormal noise	a) Fan Motor (Condenser Unit)	1. Bearing worn out.	1. Replace.
		2. Fan blade deformed.	2. Replace fan blade.
		3. Fan blade does not move freely.	3. Replace.
	b) Compressor	1. Bearings worn out, or cylinder valve broken.	1. Replace.
		2. Mounting pad out of position.	2. Reinstall.
	c) Refrigerant Lines	1. Rub or touch lines or other surfaces.	1. Replace.
	d) Gear Motor (Ice Making)	1. Bearing or Gear wear/damage.	1. Replace.
	e) Evaporator	1. Low-side pressure too low.	1. See if Expansion Valve Bulb is mounted properly, and replace the valve if necessary.
		2. Scale on inside wall of Freezing Cylinder.	2. Remove Auger. Use a solution of lime removing cleaner to clean periodically. If water is found to surpass the following levels, install a conditioner. Hardness 50 ppm Silica 30 ppm
	f) Heater	1. Broken.	1. Replace.
	g) CPR (Condenser Unit)	1. Internal leaks.	1. Replace.

PROBLEM	POSSIBLE CAUSE		REMEDY
[2] Overflow from Reservoir (Water does not stop.)	a) Water Supply	1. Water pressure too high.	1. Install a Pressure Reducing Valve.
	b) Water Valve	1. Diaphragm does not close.	1. Clean or replace.
	c) Float Switch	1. Bad contacts.	1. Check for continuity and replace.
[3] Gear Motor Protector operates frequently.	a) Power Supply Voltage	1. Too high or too low.	1. Connect the unit to a power supply of proper voltage.
	b) Evaporator Assy	1. Bearings or Auger worn out.	1. Replace Bearing or Auger.

V. REMOVAL AND REPLACEMENT OF COMPONENTS

1. SERVICE FOR REFRIGERANT LINES

[a] SERVICE INFORMATION

1) Allowable Compressor Opening Time and Prevention of Lubricant Mixture [R404A]

The compressor must not be opened more than 30 minutes in replacement or service. Do not mix lubricants of different compressors even if both are charged with the same refrigerant, except when they use the same lubricant.

2) Treatment for Refrigerant Leak [R404A]

If a refrigerant leak occurs in the low side of an ice maker, air may be drawn in. Even if the low side pressure is higher than the atmospheric pressure in normal operation, a continuous refrigerant leak will eventually lower the low side pressure below the atmospheric pressure and will cause air suction. Air contains a large amount of moisture, and ester oil easily absorbs a lot of moisture. If an ice maker charged with R404A has possibly drawn in air, the drier must be replaced. Be sure to use a drier designed for R404A.

3) Handling of Handy Flux [R404A]

Repair of the refrigerant circuit needs brazing. It is no problem to use the same handy flux that has been used for the current refrigerants. However, its entrance into the refrigerant circuit should be avoided as much as possible.

4) Oil for Processing of Copper Tubing [R404A]

When processing the copper tubing for service, wipe off oil, if any used, by using alcohol or the like. Do not use too much oil or let it into the tubing, as wax contained in the oil will clog the capillary tubing.

5) Service Parts for R404A

Some parts used for refrigerants other than R404A are similar to those for R404A. But never use any parts unless they are specified for R404A because their endurance against the refrigerant have not been evaluated. Also, for R404A, do not use any parts that have been used for other refrigerants. Otherwise, wax and chlorine remaining on the parts may adversely affect R404A.

6) Replacement Copper Tubing [R404A]

The copper tubes currently in use are suitable for R404A. But do not use them if oily inside. The residual oil in copper tubes should be as little as possible. (Low residual oil type copper tubes are used in the shipped units.)

7) Evacuation, Vacuum Pump and Refrigerant Charge [R404A]

Never allow the oil in the vacuum pump to flow backward. The vacuum level and vacuum pump may be the same as those for the current refrigerants. However, the rubber hose and gauge manifold to be used for evacuation and refrigerant charge should be exclusively for R404A.

8) Refrigerant Leak Check

Refrigerant leaks can be detected by charging the unit with a little refrigerant, raising the pressure with nitrogen and using an electronic detector. Do not use air or oxygen instead of nitrogen for this purpose, or rise in pressure as well as in temperature may cause R404A to suddenly react with oxygen and explode. Be sure to use nitrogen to prevent explosion.

[b] REFRIGERANT RECOVERY

The refrigerant must be recovered if required by an applicable law. A Low-side Access Valve is provided in the unit. Recover the refrigerant from the Access Valve, and store it in a proper container. Do not discharge the refrigerant into the atmosphere.

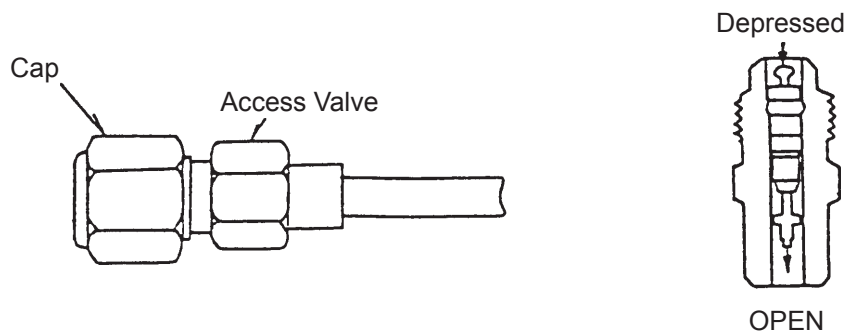
When replacing the Drier, take the opportunity to also fit a High-side Access Valve for ease of charging liquid refrigerant.

[c] EVACUATION AND RECHARGE

- 1) Attach Charging Hoses, Service Manifold and Vacuum Pump to the Low-side and High-side (to be fitted by servicer) Access Valves. If possible, use Quick Release Connectors onto the Access Valves (especially on the high side).
- 2) Turn on the Vacuum Pump.
- 3) Allow the Vacuum Pump to pull down to a 760 mmHg vacuum. Evacuating period depends on the pump capacity.
- 4) Close the Low-side and High-side Valves on the Service Manifold.
- 5) Disconnect the Vacuum Pump, and attach a Refrigerant Charging Cylinder to accurately weigh in the liquid charge. Remember to purge any air from the Charging Hose. See the Nameplate for the required refrigerant charge.
- 6) Open the High-side Valve on the Gauge Manifold, and accurately measure in the liquid charge. Close the valve on the Charging Cylinder before closing the High-side Manifold Valve. Any remaining liquid in the line can be charged into the low side.

Note: Always charge in the liquid stage, as many refrigerants are blends and vapour charging will affect the blend consistency (eg. R404A).

- 7) Turn on the icemaker. Release the High-side Access Connector, and allow pressure in the charging line to slowly enter the low side of the system. Cap off the High-side Access Valve. When pressure reduces on the low side, disconnect the low side charging line and cap off the Access Valve.
- 8) Always cap the Access Valves to prevent a refrigerant leak. Tighten the cap to a torque of 9.81 - 12.26 Nm.
- 9) Always thoroughly leak test all joints and valve caps.
- 10) Avoid charging large quantities of liquid into the low side in case of damage to the Compressor.



2. BRAZING

DANGER

1. Refrigerant R404A itself is not flammable, explosive and poisonous. However, when exposed to an open flame, R404A creates Phosgene gas, hazardous in large amounts.
2. Always recover the refrigerant and store it in a proper container, if required by an applicable law. Do not discharge the refrigerant into the atmosphere.
3. Do not use silver alloy or copper alloy containing Arsenic.
4. In its liquid state, the refrigerant can cause frostbite because of the low temperature.

3. COMPRESSOR

IMPORTANT

Always install a new Drier every time the sealed refrigeration system is opened. Do not replace the Drier until after all other repair or replacement has been made.

- 1) Disconnect the power source.
- 2) Remove the panels.
- 3) Remove the Terminal Cover on the Compressor, and disconnect the Compressor wiring.
- 4) Recover the refrigerant and store it in a proper container, if required by an applicable law (See "1. [b] REFRIGERANT RECOVERY").
- 5) Remove the Discharge, Suction and Access Pipes from the Compressor using brazing equipment.

WARNING

When repairing a refrigerant system, be careful not to let the burner flame contact any electrical wires or insulation.

- 6) Remove the Bolts and Rubber Grommets.
- 7) Slide and remove the Compressor. Unpack the new Compressor package. Install the new Compressor.
- 8) Attach the Rubber Grommets of the previous Compressor.
- 9) Clean the Suction and Discharge Pipes with an abrasive cloth/paper.
- 10) Place the Compressor in position, and secure it using the Bolts and Washers.
- 11) Remove plugs from the Discharge, Suction and Access Pipes.
- 12) Braze the Access, Suction and Discharge Pipes (Do not change this order) with nitrogen gas flowing at the pressure of 0.2 - 0.3 bar.
- 13) Install the new Drier (See "4. DRIER").
- 14) Check for leaks using nitrogen gas (10 bar) and soap bubbles.

- 15) Evacuate the system, and charge it with refrigerant. See the Nameplate for the required refrigerant charge (See "1. [c] EVACUATION AND RECHARGE").
- 16) Connect the Terminals to the Compressor, and replace the Terminal Cover in its correct position.
- 17) Refit the panels in their correct position.
- 18) Connect the power source.

4. DRIER

IMPORTANT

Always install a new Drier every time the sealed refrigeration system is opened. Do not replace the Drier until after all other repair or replacement has been made.

- 1) Disconnect the power source.
- 2) Remove the Front Panel.
- 3) Recover the refrigerant and store it in a proper container, if required by an applicable law (See "1. [b] REFRIGERANT RECOVERY").
- 4) Remove the Drier using brazing equipment.
- 5) Install the new Drier with the arrow on the Drier in the direction of the refrigerant flow. Use nitrogen gas at the pressure of 0.2 - 0.3 bar when brazing the tubings.
- 6) Check for leaks using nitrogen gas (10 bar) and soap bubbles.
- 7) Evacuate the system, and charge it with refrigerant. See the Nameplate for the required refrigerant charge (See "1. [c] EVACUATION AND RECHARGE").
- 8) Refit the Front Panel in its correct position.
- 9) Connect the power source.

5. EXPANSION VALVE

IMPORTANT

Sometimes moisture in the refrigerant circuit exceeds the Drier capacity and freezes up at the Expansion Valve. Always install a new Drier every time the sealed refrigeration system is opened. Do not replace the Drier until after all other repair or replacement has been made.

- 1) Disconnect the power source.
- 2) Remove the Front Panel.
- 3) Recover the refrigerant and store it in a proper container, if required by an applicable law (See "1. [b] REFRIGERANT RECOVERY").
- 4) Remove the Expansion Valve Bulb at the Evaporator outlet.
- 5) Remove the Expansion Valve Cover, and disconnect the Expansion Valve using brazing equipment.
- 6) Braze the new Expansion Valve with nitrogen gas flowing at the pressure of 0.2 - 0.3 bar.

WARNING

Always protect the valve body by using a damp cloth to prevent the valve from overheating. Do not braze with the valve body exceeding 120°C.

- 7) Install the new Drier (See "4. DRIER").
- 8) Check for leaks using nitrogen gas (10 bar) and soap bubbles.
- 9) Evacuate the system, and charge it with refrigerant. See the Nameplate for the required refrigerant charge (See "1. [c] EVACUATION AND RECHARGE").
- 10) Attach the Bulb to the suction line. Be sure to secure the Bulb using a wire or clamp and replace the insulation.
- 11) Place the new set of Expansion Valve Covers in position.
- 12) Refit the Front Panel in its correct position.
- 13) Connect the power source.

6. WATER REGULATING VALVE - WATER-COOLED MODEL ONLY

IMPORTANT

Always install a new Drier every time the sealed refrigeration system is opened. Do not replace the Drier until after all other repair or replacement has been made.

- 1) Unplug the icemaker.
- 2) Close the water supply tap.
- 3) Remove the panels.
- 4) Recover the refrigerant and store it in a proper container, if required by an applicable law.
- 5) Disconnect the Capillary Tube using brazing equipment.
- 6) Disconnect the Flare-connections of the valve.
- 7) Remove the screws and the valve from the Bracket.
- 8) Install the new valve, and braze the Capillary Tube.
- 9) Install the new Drier.
- 10) Check for leaks using nitrogen gas (10 bar) and soap bubbles.
- 11) Connect the Flare-connections.
- 12) Evacuate the system, and charge it with refrigerant. See the Nameplate for the required refrigerant charge.
- 13) Open the water supply tap.
- 14) Plug in the icemaker.
- 15) Check for water leaks.
- 16) See "III. 5. [h] WATER REGULATOR". If necessary, adjust the valve.
- 17) Replace the panels in position.

7. EVAPORATOR ASSEMBLY

- 1) Push the Stop Button to drain the water in the Evaporator.
- 2) Disconnect the power source.
- 3) Remove the panels.
- 4) Remove the Band connecting the Spout with the Chute Assembly.
- 5) Remove the three Thumbscrews, and take off the Spout from the Evaporator.

CUTTER

- 6) Remove the Bolt and lift off the Cutter.
- 7) Remove the Rubber O-ring and the Nylon Ring at the top of the Evaporator.

BELT HEATER - FM-481AGE-N/AWGE-N ONLY

- 8) Detach the spring, and remove the Belt Heater.

EXTRUDING HEAD

- 9) Remove the four Sealing Bolts, and lift off the Extruding Head.
- 10) Check the Bearing inside the Extruding Head. If it is worn out or scratched, replace the Bearing.

Note: Replacing the Bearing needs a fitting tool. If it is not available, replace the whole Extruding Head.

AUGER

- 11) Lift out the Auger. Check the top and bottom areas in contact with the Bearings. If the surface is scratched or pitted, replace the Auger. Check the blade edge of the Auger. If it is scratched or worn where it has contacted the Evaporator, replace it.

EVAPORATOR

Note: Skip the following steps 12) through 14) when the Evaporator does not need replacement.

- 12) Recover the refrigerant and store it in a proper container, if required by an applicable law (See "1. [b] REFRIGERANT RECOVERY").

IMPORTANT

Always install a new Drier every time the sealed refrigeration system is opened. Do not replace the Drier until after all other repair or replacement has been made.

- 13) Remove the Bulb of the Expansion Valve.
- 14) Disconnect the brazing connections of the Expansion Valve and the Copper Tube - Low Side from the Evaporator, using brazing equipment.

WARNING

Always protect the valve body by using a damp cloth to prevent the valve from overheating. Do not braze with the valve body exceeding 120°C.

- 15) Remove the two Truss Head Machine Screws and the Strap securing the Evaporator.
- 16) Disconnect the three Hoses from the Evaporator.
- 17) Remove the four Socket Head Cap Screws securing the Evaporator with the Bearing - Lower.
- 18) Lift off the Evaporator.

BEARING - LOWER AND MECHANICAL SEAL

- 19) The Mechanical Seal consists of two parts. One part rotates with the Auger, the other is static and is fitted into a top recess in the Housing. If the contact surfaces of these two parts become worn or scratched, the Mechanical Seal may leak water and should be replaced.
- 20) Remove the O-ring on the top outer edge of the Housing.
- 21) Remove the six Bolts and lift the Housing clear of the Gear Motor. Check the Bearing inside the Housing. If it is worn or scratched, replace it using a fitting tool. Carefully ease out the lower part of the Mechanical Seal before replacing the Bearing.

Note: If a fitting tool is not available, replace the whole Lower Housing complete with Bearing.

GEAR MOTOR

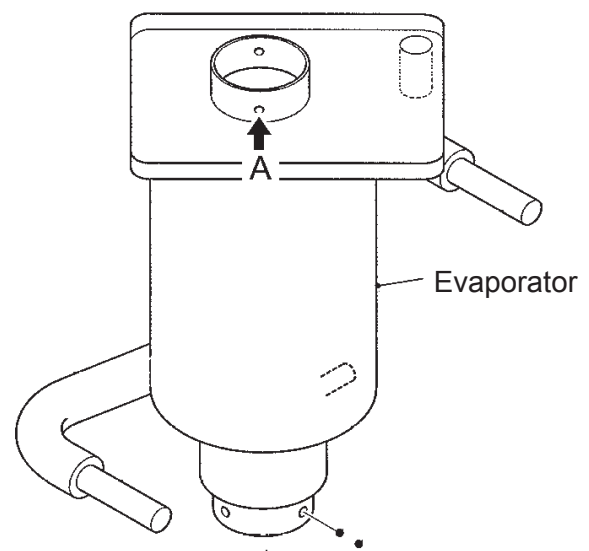
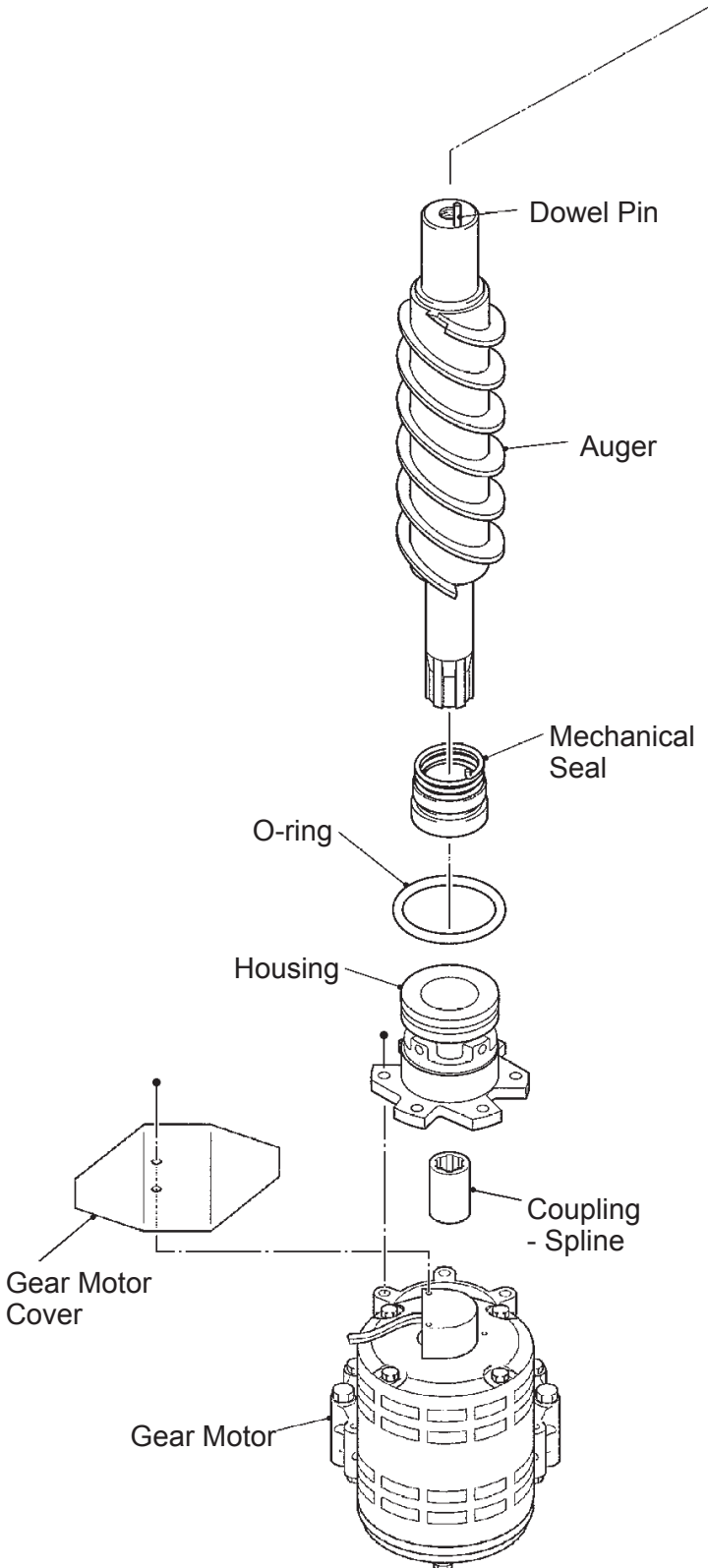
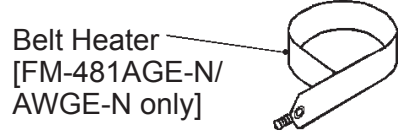
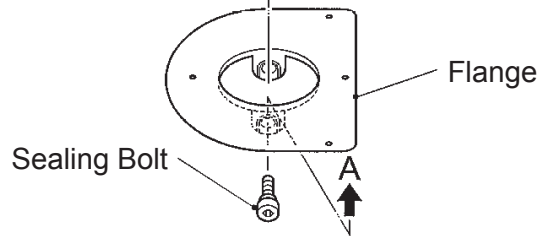
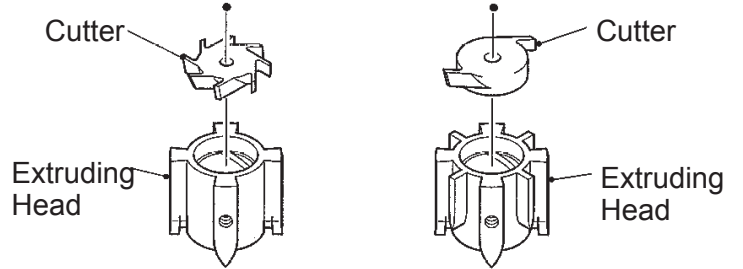
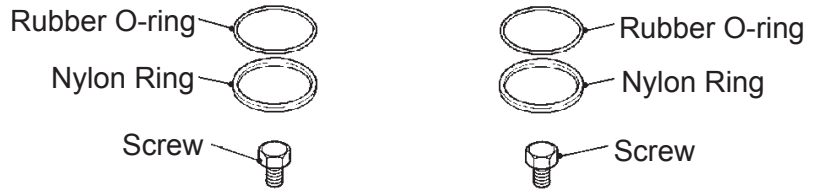
- 22) Cut the Connectors.
- 23) Remove the three Socket Head Cap Screws securing the Gear Motor.
- 24) Assemble the removed parts in the reverse order of which they were removed.

WARNING

Be careful not to scratch the surface of the O-ring, or it may cause water leaks. Handle the Mechanical Seal with care not to scratch nor to contaminate its contact surface.

- 25) When replacing the Evaporator;
 - (a) Braze the new Evaporator with nitrogen gas flowing at the pressure of 0.2 - 0.3 bar.
 - (b) Replace the Drier.
 - (c) Check for leaks using nitrogen gas (10 bar) and soap bubbles.
 - (d) Evacuate the system, and charge it with refrigerant. See the Nameplate for the required refrigerant charge (See "1. [c] EVACUATION AND RECHARGE").
- 26) Refit the panels in their correct position.
- 27) Connect the power source.

(FM-251AFE) (FM-251AFE-N)
 (FM-251AWFE) (FM-251AWFE-N)
 (FM-481AGE) (FM-481AGE-N)
 (FM-481AWGE) (FM-481AWGE-N)



8. CONTROL WATER VALVE

- 1) Disconnect the power source.
- 2) Close the water supply tap.
- 3) Remove the panels.
- 4) Disconnect the Terminals from the Control Water Valve.
- 5) Remove the Cover - Reservoir Inlet from the Control Water Valve.
- 6) Loosen the Fitting Nut on the Control Water Valve Inlets, and remove the Control Water Valve. Do not lose the Packings inside the Fitting Nut.
- 7) Install the new Control Water Valve.
- 8) Assemble the removed parts in the reverse order of which they were removed.
- 9) Open the water supply tap.
- 10) Connect the power source.
- 11) Check for water leaks.
- 12) Refit the panels in their correct position.

9. FLUSH WATER VALVE

- 1) Close the water supply tap.
- 2) Remove the panels.
- 3) Push the Stop Button, and after 5 minutes disconnect the power source.
- 4) Remove the Clamp and disconnect the Hose from the Flush Water Valve.

Note: Water may still remain inside the Evaporator. Be sure to drain the water into the Drain Pan.

- 5) Disconnect the Terminals from the Flush Water Valve.
- 6) Remove the Flush Water Valve from the Bracket.
- 7) Remove the Drain Pipe from the Flush Water Valve.
- 8) Connect the Drain Pipe to the new Flush Water Valve, and place the valve in position.
- 9) Connect the Hose to the Flush Water Valve, and secure it with the Clamp.
- 10) Pour water into the Reservoir, and check for water leaks on the Flush Water Valve.
- 11) Open the water supply tap.
- 12) Connect the power source.
- 13) Check for water leaks.
- 14) Push the Stop Button, and make sure water is flushing.
- 15) Push the Ice Button.
- 16) Refit the panels in their correct position.

10. CONTROLLER BOARD

IMPORTANT

A single type Controller Board is supplied as a Service Board. Some modifications and adjustment will be required to fit the icemaker models. Do not repair any parts and electronic devices on the Controller Board in the field. Replace the whole board with a new Service Board.

[a] MODIFICATION

1) Check that the Service Board package includes:

Controller Board	1 pc.
Instruction Sheet	1 pc.

2) Modify the Service Board referring to the Instruction Sheet attached (Set the Model Setting No. according to "III. 7. [b] 1) Setting Model No.").

[b] REPLACEMENT

1) Disconnect the power source.

2) Remove the Front Panel.

3) Remove screws and the Control Box Cover.

4) Disconnect the Connectors and Board Support from the Controller Board.

5) Remove the Controller Board from the Control Box.

6) Install the new Controller Board and reassemble the Control Box in the reverse order of the removal procedure.

7) Replace the Front Panel in its correct position.

8) Connect the power source.